

ANNUAL REPORT

2006

HALCOR
VESSEL WORKS, L.P.

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MESSAGE by the General Manager of HALCOR

2006 was an exceptional year for HALCOR and we can be proud of the development of our Group.

The main characteristic was a significant price increase of basic metals used as raw materials for our products, namely an increase of 79% of the average price of copper and 132% of the price of zinc, based on the Euro currency. As a result, the company's needs for working capital rose, leading directly to higher financial costs. At the same time, high copper prices affected demand for part of our products used at constructions, namely tubes for water supply and heating as well as copper sheets for roof cladding. These products contribution to the company's total sales remains significant, even though it has been decreasing annually.

In 2006, we increased sales volume by approximately 14% and the turnover amounted to Euro 1,246.7 million. The increase of sales in volume was mainly due to exports. Sales abroad constitute 77.6% of turnover compared to 67.8% in 2005.

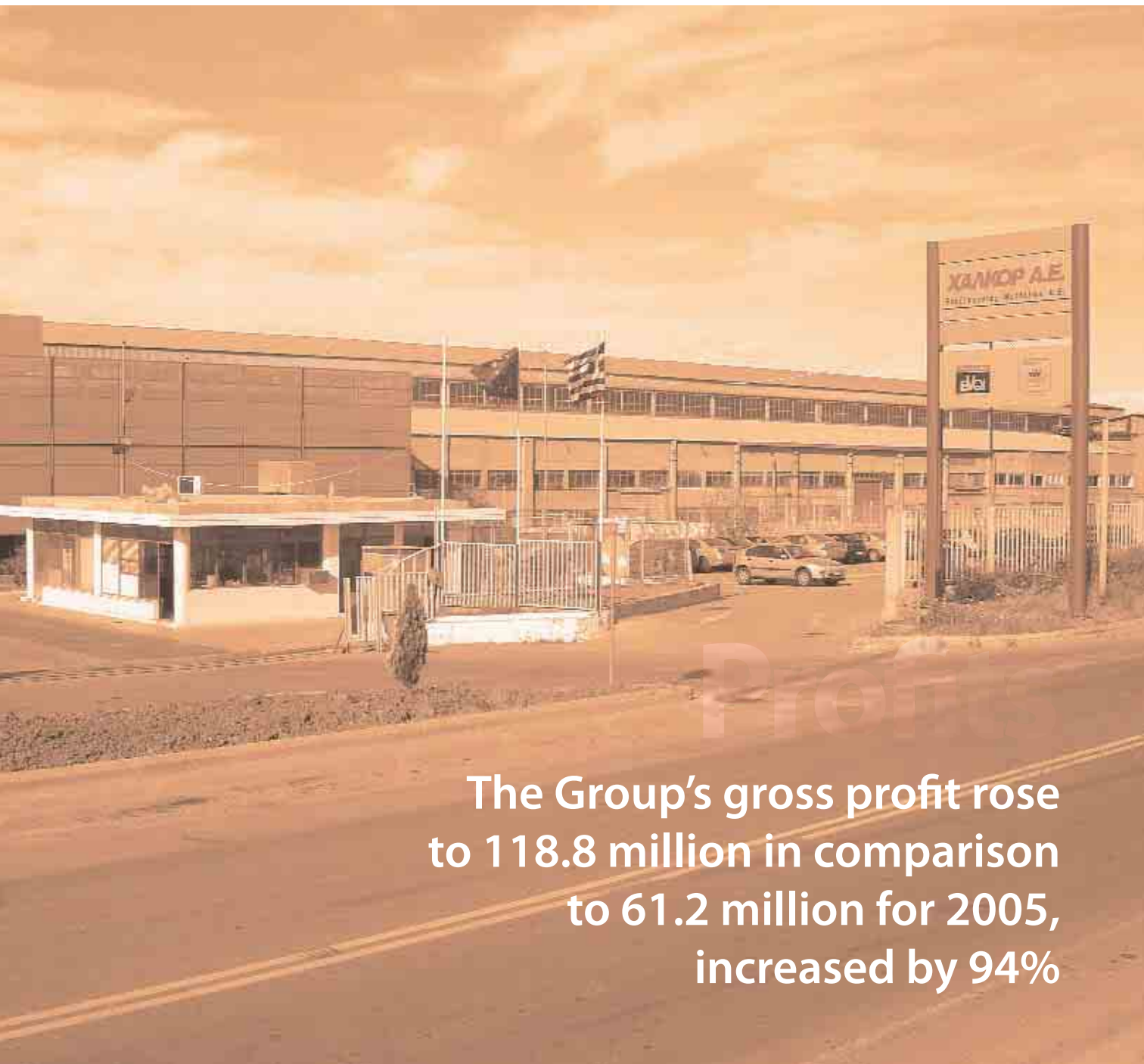
The group's gross profits amounted to Euro 118.8 million compared to Euro 61.2 million in 2005, an increase of 94%. A revaluation of stocks, as a result of the increase in metal prices, contributed towards the increase of gross profits by approximately Euro 25 million. In any case, a determining factor for improved financial results compared to 2005 was the efficient operation of all HALCOR subsidiaries in Greece and abroad, with our subsidiary "Sofia Med" in Bulgaria holding the leading place and noting significant growth rate, now focused mainly on industrial high value-added products. Our subsidiary "Hellenic Cables S.A." contributed also significantly to the group's results, as its plants in Greece and Romania operate effectively and high demand for its products is demonstrated through a two-digit growth rate.

Other HALCOR indexes moved in the same manner as gross profits. Consolidated pre-tax profits, interest and depreciation (EBITDA) amounted to Euro 95.3 million, increased by 100.2% compared to 2005.

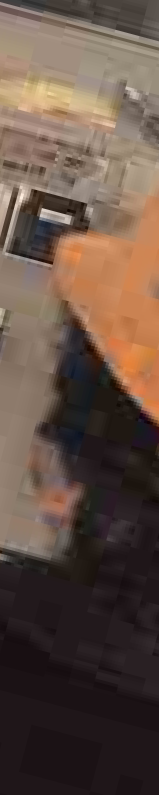


Consolidated pre-tax profits amounted to Euro 51.9 million compared to Euro 12.5 million in 2005, whereas, profits after tax and minority rights amounted to Euro 36 million compared to Euro 3.5 million in 2005. The structure of consolidated profits contributed significantly to the aforementioned increase, since almost all the subsidiaries of the Group were profitable for the financial year 2006.

Last year, we consistently carried on our strategy regarding the ongoing reduction of production cost in our plants, while expanding our product range, focusing on high value-added products as much as possible. Therefore, in 2006 we introduced the CuSmart™ tube to Greek and foreign markets for the first time, an innovative copper tube with thinner walls, doubled our production of preinsulated tubes and started the in-house production of the respective insulation. Regarding copper flat products, we have concentrated our development on industrial products, which constitute 27% of our production for 2006 for copper and brass rolled products compared to 21% for 2005. In ti-



**The Group's gross profit rose
to 118.8 million in comparison
to 61.2 million for 2005,
increased by 94%**



tanium zinc, we established our position in the European market, increasing our sales by 65% compared to 2005. Finally with regards to cables, we are taking the same course of specialization with high voltage cables, fire-retardant cables, steel-reinforced cables etc. constituting an ever-bigger part of our production.

The completion of a large investment programme of the HALCOR Group, which started in 2000 and reached Euro 230 million, contributed significantly towards all the above. 50% of this amount was invested in new production units in Bulgaria and Romania and the remaining percentage to modernize the plants of the parent and subsidiary company "Hellenic Cables S.A." in Greece.

As we believe that in every situation the progress and success of our company relies first and foremost on its people, we continued investing in our workforce this year as well, reinforcing our team with new experienced colleagues both in Greece and abroad. At the same time, we took various actions aimed at continuous training and specialization as well as at enhanced communication and collaboration. Our belief in the need to maintain Health and Safety Conditions in our plants, as well as the Environment in general, has led us to continue relevant investments, which in 2006 amounted to approximately Euro 2 million.

During 2006, HALCOR completed the absorption of its subsidiary company FITCO in order to streamline operations of the Group's various plants as well as simplify company structure. In line with the efforts to keep our shareholders more up-to-date, we have started presenting financial results with greater analysis and informing investment communities on a regular basis. In the same spirit, in March of the current year our parent company VIOHALCO preceded with the private offering of approximately 18% of shares of our company to foreign and Greek institutional investors with the main objective of increasing their free float.

2007 started generally on a good foot, with the economies of the majority of European countries demonstrating a healthy growth rate de-



spite the significant strengthening of Euro compared to the Dollar, , demand for our products still high and sales prices, in most cases, on the rise compared to the average prices of last year. Therefore, regarding industrial copper, tube and rolled products, as well as titanium zinc and cable products, we anticipate a very good year. On the contrary, we are concerned about the impact the rise in copper prices may have, especially during March and April, and if it remains, on the demand of relevant products used for construction- water supply tubes and copper sheets for roofs- where the danger of substitution is even greater.

As a conclusion, I would like to reiterate our trust for our people as well as the solid foundations of our company, and our faith that together we will continue our company's growth.

Menelaos Tassopoulos
General Manager



our people
the progress and success
of our company relies first
and foremost on its people



With an entirely vertical
integrated production,
HALCOR holds a significant
place both in the European
and the global markets,
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produces copper tubes.



HALCOR STRUCTURE

HALCOR is a large, modern fabricator with more than 60 years of experience in copper processing. With an entirely vertical integrated production, it holds a significant place both in the European and the global markets, whereas it is the only company in Greece that produces copper tubes. Its main activities are the production and trading of rolled and extruded copper and copper alloy products, zinc rolled products as well as all types of cables. The HALCOR Group of companies is active in Greece, Bulgaria, Romania, Cyprus, United Kingdom, France, Germany and Serbia-Montenegro by participating in the capital of the following companies:



HALCOR GROUP		
COMPANY NAME	COUNTRY OF REGISTRY	% HOLDING
HELLENIC CABLES S.A.	GREECE	78.90%
STEELMET S.A.	GREECE	52.88%
AKRO S.A.	GREECE	84.50%
E.V.I.TE. S.A.	GREECE	100.00%
SOFIA MED S.A.	BULGARIA	100.00%
METAL AGENCIES LTD	U.K.	93.04%
BELANTELT HOLDINGS LTD	CYPRUS	100.00%
METAL GLOBE DOO	SERBIA	53.67%
COPPERPROM LTD	GREECE	71.86%
SYLLAN S.A.	GREECE	100.00%
OGWELL LIMITED	CYPRUS	100.00%
HABAKIS LTD	GREECE	100.00%
DIAPEM TRADING S.A.	GREECE	33.33%
ELKEME S.A.	GREECE	30.92%
S.C. STEELMET ROMANIA S.A.	ROMANIA	40.00%
TEPRO METALL AG	ROMANIA	43.56%
ENERGY SOLUTIONS S.A.	BULGARIA	38.60%
ELECTRO-PRODUCTION THISVI S.A.	GREECE	20.00%
VIEXAL LTD	GREECE	26.67%
KARAY METALS I.n.c.	U.S.A.	15.00%

MILESTONES IN THE HISTORY OF HALCOR

In 1976 HALCOR was founded (ex HALCOR), which involved the operation of the Oinofita foundry. In 1981, it took over the production units of rolled and extruded copper from its parent company VIEM S.A., which was active in the sector and had industrial facilities in Tavros. Having inherited a 60-year long experience and know-how from VIO-HALCO, one of the most historic and successful metal industries in the Greek market, HALCOR started its own dynamic presence.

The 1990's were one of the most important decades, as it was decisive to a large extent for the development of the company in Greece and abroad. During those years, foundations were laid for the development of HALCOR into a leading European industry in its sector, regarding its vivacity and quality of produced products. In 1990, HALCOR'S equipment in the rolling sector was contributed to VECTOR METAL PROCESSING S.A., which after its creation in 1977 had a limited range and volume of activity.

Development

The development in the Balkans and modernization in Greece, through a large investment program starting from the year 2000 up to today, has gradually transformed HALCOR into an important Group internationally.



During the five years 1991-1995, VECTOR S.A. demonstrated vigorous industrial activities in the sectors of rolling, drawing, cutting of copper products and other alloys, production of facon mainly on behalf of HALCOR, as well as other companies. In 1996, VECTOR S.A. is listed on the main market of the Athens Stock Exchange and the next year (1997) its merger followed, by being absorbed by HALCOR, and VECTOR S.A. was renamed to HALCOR METAL PROCESSING S.A.

In 1997, HALCOR participated with a percentage of 4.99% in HELLENIC CABLES S.A., also listed on the ASE and active in the production of overhead conductors, overhead and underground power cables and enamelled wires. The participation percentage in HELLENIC CABLES increased gradually and reached 78.90% in 2006.

In the new millennium, the Company took its first steps towards expanding abroad. It acquired, through its subsidiary SOFIA MED in Sofia, Bulgaria, the fixed assets of the company KOZM and in October 2000 began operating the plant with the aim of transferring, in the following years, the entire production of copper and brass rolled products there. During the previous year its subsidiary HELLENIC CABLES S.A. had already acquired a significant percentage of the Romanian cable industry ICME ECAB.

Their development in the Balkans and modernization in Greece, through a large investment program starting from the year 2000 up to today, has gradually transformed HALCOR into an important Group internationally.



PHILOSOPHY and STRATEGY

PHILOSOPHY and STRATEGY

By combining its size, power, infrastructure as well as its vision, HALCOR profits in the copper business, always using people and their needs as a guide.

Today HALCOR represents a large modern industry that holds a leading place both in the European and Global markets, in the sector of metal processing, as its products are the basic raw material used by a large number of industries and manufacturers in Greece and abroad.



Through coordinated actions, it creates necessary conditions for the expansion of its business activities and the furtherance of its reputation as a market leader, converting the philosophy of "act local, think global" into daily practice.

The company's administration has two basic interconnected goals:

- ensuring product quality, and
- protecting the environment.

This general framework is complemented by constantly enhanced secondary goals that include:

- creating new high value-added products
- improving production costs
- increasing its share in the Greek market and
- expanding within the greater area of SE Europe.

Operating on the basis of a modern business plan, HALCOR is a strong competitor in the international business environment, placing emphasis at the same time on the values of sustainable development, social awareness as well as the provisions for creative performance by its workforce.



HALCOR is developing dynamically, by making use of new forms of business activities, by choosing strategic alliances methodically by placing emphasis on research and innovation by investing in the skills of its executives by constantly upgrading its know-how by making use of technology in order to meet the needs of clients and colleagues successfully by acting consistently and responsibly towards people and the environment

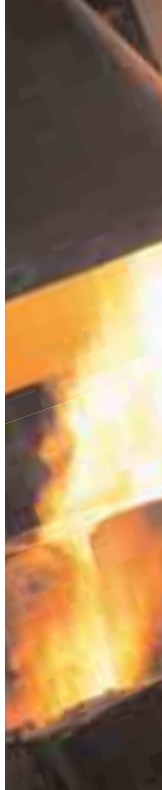


ACTIVITIES

The group has achieved a full vertical integration of its production, from raw materials up to end products. It is active in the sector of processing, using pure copper cathode supplied mainly by Chile and SE Europe. Additionally, it gathers significant quantities of copper scrap that is used ever increasingly, within certain storage areas in Greece and the Balkans.

The subsidiary HELLENIC CABLES S.A., which is also listed on the Athens Stock Exchange, constitutes an important part of the group. With half a century of experience in the production of cables, rubber or plastic insulating compounds and enamelled wires, which are produced exclusively by Hellenic Cables S.A. in Greece, it currently holds a leading position in the dynamic and constantly evolving sector of cable production, with a remarkable presence in the Greek and foreign markets.

The HALCOR Group is active through an extensive commercial network of subsidiary companies and representatives in Greece, Bulgaria, Romania, Cyprus, United Kingdom, France, Germany, and Serbia-Montenegro, as well as in countries of Asia, Africa, and the United States.



PRODUCTS

PRODUCTS

The products of the HALCOR Group are separated into the following main categories:

Copper Tubes

The Company is the sole producer of copper tubes in Greece. HALCOR's copper tubes are used in water supply networks, heating, floor heating, natural gas, medical gases, heating and air-conditioning installations, fire extinguishing systems, air-conditioning production, heat exchangers, cable tags and in many other industrial applications.

Copper tubes are the Company's most widely known product and are available internationally under the commercial name TALOS.

By producing products of advanced technology, HALCOR is one of the few companies in Europe that have the ability to produce inner grooved copper tubes (ACR) with a minimum wall thickness of 0.28 mm. The said tubes are a product of advanced technology and efficiency and are widely used in the modern air-conditioning devices industry.

Renewal and focus on quality are main goals for HALCOR. In line with these goals are the new available high value-added products, such as the category of coated copper tubes TALOS ECUTHERM, which were introduced into the market in 2003 and excel in the sector of insulation and resulting in greater energy savings.

During this time, as a result of investing in research and technology, the Company created a new unique product in 2005, thus demonstrating its innovative spirit in copper processing: the Cusmart copper tubes, a new series of flexible copper tubes with a special PE compound coating at an exceptionally competitive cost and important advantages. All relevant documents for this product have been submitted to the European Patent Office (E.P.O.) and it is patent pending.

Copper Sheets

DOMA copper sheets are produced according to specification DIN 1172, and are regarded as the most suitable material for architectural applications. The main applications are roof cladding, cladding of outer surfaces, such as walls, frames, chimneys and dormers, because they offer excellent aesthetics and are environmentally friendly.

At the same time, DOMA copper sheets are used in solar power devices (collectors), boilers and special electric and mechanical devices.

Copper Strips

Copper strips are ideal for the construction of copper gutters, since gutters are an essential element for the functionality of a building and necessary for the proper drainage of the roof, protecting the entire building from the consequences of humidity. Copper gutters are an exceptional aesthetic solution and ensure long-term durability. Fur-



thermore, copper strips are widely used in decoration, electrical engineering and different types of popular art.

F8 Copper Coil

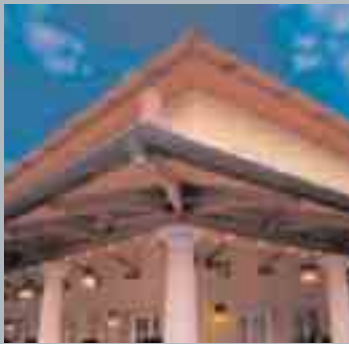
The 8mm copper coil is produced by the method of constant casting and rolling afterwards and is used as a raw material in the production of cables for telecommunications and electricity transmission.



Special Alloys

Copper-zinc alloys are suitable for the use of blanks and circles, whereas copper-nickel alloys, copper-nickel-zinc alloys as well as copper-aluminium-nickel alloys are used for coin production.

Copper & Brass Circles and Copper Blanks

Due to their physical properties and important advantages, copper circles are ideal for decoration, different forms of popular and religious art, the production of kitchen utensils and accessories, as well as for techni-





cal applications (boilers etc.). Brass circles can be used on all levels of production, ranging from ordinary decorations to industrial products.

Titanium-zinc Sheets & Strips

Titanium-zinc is an exceptional material that surpasses significantly steel and aluminium, materials that have high maintenance costs. It has low anisotropy and exceptional mechanical properties. It can easily be formed into any desired shape fully maintaining its endurance. Due to the aforementioned properties, DOMAZINC titanium-zinc sheets & strips are suitable for roof construction, external building cladding or internal facades. Furthermore, it is the raw material for manufacturing industries (gutters etc.).

Cables

HELLENIC CABLES S.A., a subsidiary of HALCOR, produces cables, enamelled wires, and rubber or plastic insulating compounds. HELLENIC CABLES products are available on the market under the commercial name CABLEL and are suitable for all uses, according to any given international specification.

The main types of products produced by the HELLENIC CABLES S.A. group are the following:

- Internal installation cables
- Control cables
- Cables for industrial use and external installations
- Marine and offshore cables with increased fire resistance
- Power cables with operating voltages of up to 400KV
- Low smoke and fume cables with reduced fire propagation
- Copper, aluminium, ACSR conductors
- Enamelled wires
- Telecommunication cables
- Optic fibre cables
- Special cables
- Plastic and rubber insulating compounds



FACILITIES

FACILITIES

The HALCOR group of companies aims to cover industry the needs of a global market with its production. In line with this aim, and in order to maintain and strengthen its competitive advantage on a Greek and international level, it has invested responsibly and consistently in the modernization and expansion of its facilities and infrastructure.



The group's main production plants are described as follows:

HALCOR Foundry

Total area: 51,200 square meters

Buildings: 11,476 square meters

The HALCOR Foundry is located 55 km away from Athens in the industrial area of Oinofita. Most of the facilities were constructed during the last five years and this is where HALCOR's production activities begin and where all remaining production units of the company are supplied with semi-finished products (billets and plates) for final processing. Due to the use of natural gas as the energy source, the emission of pollutants and particles in the air has minimised, while at the same time, a centre for the collection of copper and copper alloy scrap for recycling is operating.

In total there are six production lines, and more specifically, two lines for semi-continuous melting and casting of brass billets (one for lead and



one for pure), a line for semi-continuous melting and casting of titanium-zinc slabs , a line for the production of plates slabs of special alloys, a line for continuous vertical melting and casting of copper billets and finally, a line of constant melting, casting and rolling for the production of F8 copper coil which is an end product for HALCOR, but also a raw material for the cable industry. In total, the production capacity of the Foundry amounts to 245,000 tons.

HALCOR Tubes Plant

Total area: 175,737 square meters

Buildings: 55,643 square meters

The tubes plant, which is also located in the industrial area of Oinofita, produces copper tubes for plumbing, heating, natural gas, cooling, air conditioning and industrial use. The raw material used is copper billets (cylinders), which are supplied to the tubes plant from the company's foundry. It is fully equipped, whereas it is considered one of the most



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modern low-cost plants in Europe and one of the few plants capable of producing tubes with inner grooves and low wall thickness, which are used for the production of heat exchangers.

The tubes plant of HALCOR has a vertically integrated production line and operates under a Quality Assurance system according to the ISO 9001:2000 standard, considering that all the tubes undergo strict inspection and quality testing throughout all production phases. Production capacity is 70,000 tons per year.

HALCOR Brass Rods & Tubes Plant

Total area: 61,100 square meters

Buildings: 23,190 square meters

The brass extrusion plant is also located at Oinofita. The plant produces



electrolytic brass semi-products (bus bars - rods - profiles- tubes - wires) for further processing. Brass scraps of different qualities are used primarily as raw material, which are melted at the company's foundry and delivered to the plant in billets for further processing at the extruder.

This production plant belonged to the subsidiary FITCO SA, but following its absorption in 2006 it went to HALCOR. The reasons for the merger were the achievement of economies of scale for administration expenses and in general to achieve smaller plant operation costs and apply a more streamlined and effective administrative organisation, through the use of the existing IT infrastructure.

HALCOR Zinc Rolling Plant

Total area: 62,993 square meters

Buildings: 39,231 square meters

The Rolling Plant is located at Tavros, Attica and is a milestone in the history of Greece's metallurgy industry. Since its establishment in 1937, the plant housed all the production activities of VIOHALCO (copper and aluminium processing, as well as wire production),

moreover it was a starting point for the creation of VIOHALCO subsidiaries, which today constitute the backbone of Greece's metallurgy industry.



Until 2003, it was the Company's main production plant for flat rolled copper products. After 2005, when production was transferred to the group's new plant in Bulgaria, it began producing titanium zinc rolling products like sheets and strips. Moreover, cutting machines are in operation within the plant's premises, which are used for the final processing of certain products for other companies of the VIOHALCO Group, such as aluminium and steel strips. The plant's production capacity is 20,000 tons per year.

The warehouses that are located with the plant have become an easily accessible source of products for distributors of plumbing products and manufacturing industries in Attica.

Sofia Med Plant (Bulgaria)

Total area: 250,000 square meters

Buildings: 120,000 square meters

SOFIA MED S.A. was established in 2000, with a registered office in Sofia, Bulgaria and with the objective of producing and selling copper and copper alloy products. It's the same company that bought the fixed assets of Bulgarian company KOZM. Its production facilities take up approximately over half of the entire 250,000 square meter area and they consist of three production departments; the foundry, the rolling and the extrusion departments. After the completion of a Euro 90 million, major investment plan, Sofia Med has in-





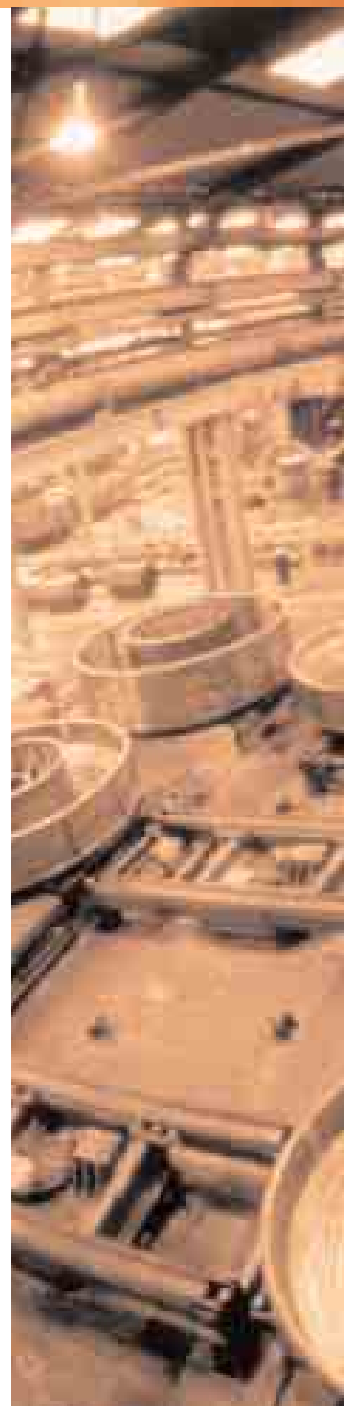
creased its capacity to 105,000 tons and extended its production range to produce copper and brass rolling and extrusion products. By using the accumulated experience and international presence of HALCOR, the Sofia Med plant with its capacity and technology is considered one of the most competitive plants for the production of copper and brass flat rolled products.

HELLENIC CABLES Group (3 Plants in Greece & 1 in Romania)

The Thiva plant, with a total area of 175,082 square meters, is considered the main wire production plant in Greece. The raw material used is copper, aluminium, steel wires and plastic - elastic materials for insulating and shielding the wires. HALCOR supplies part of the raw materials to HELLENIC CABLES, particularly 8-millimetre diameter copper wire rod. The final product (cables), after undergoing strict quality control, is packaged accordingly and shipped either to domestic branches or directly to customers abroad. The Thiva plant has great flexibility and can produce different types of cables, according to international specifications and/or customer requirements. The plant's production capacity is 50,000 tons per year.



At the Livadia plant that has a total area of 121,818 square meters, the raw material, which is copper wire, is downsized to the desired diameter and subsequently enamelled for the production of enamelled wires. The production capacity is 12,000 tons per year.



An additional wire production plant (ICME ECAB SA) with an annual production capacity of 45,000 tons operates in Romania, using the same standards as the Thiva plant.



The Oinofita compounds plant produces elastics and plastics necessary for the supply of insulation, filling and shielding production lines for the final cables. Part of the plant's products are supplied to HALCOR to be used in the production of Ecutherm and Cusmart copper tubes. The plant's production capacity is 40,000 tons, annually.



RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT of New Technologies



RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT of New Technologies

The ELKEME (Hellenic Metal Research Centre) is located on Pireos street and operates as a modern research laboratory for new methods of producing and checking the behaviour of final products. Its objective is to conduct scientific research on reducing failures during production and analysis of any defects. Moreover, with its specialised scientific personnel it is also developing new innovative products by carrying out basic research on advanced designs and by studying new techniques.



In total, they have invested Euro 3.3 million, in cutting edge technology research equipment.

The solutions provided to the problems arising before and during the production of titanium zinc products in the Piraeus plant, as well as the development of the new Cusmart copper tubes, for which the company is expected to receive patent approval, could be considered as fine examples of ELKEME's efforts.



Technology
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HUMAN RESOURCES



HUMAN RESOURCES

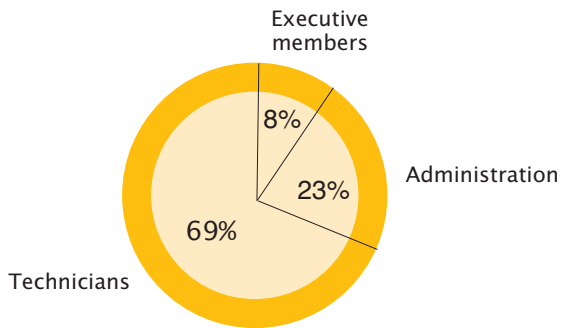
With a long-standing tradition of cultivating stable and long-term employment relations, the HALCOR group employs more than 2,300 employees.

Having set objective employee evaluation and selection criteria in order to better and effectively cover the company's need on all levels, HALCOR continuously invests in ongoing training and development of the company's personnel.

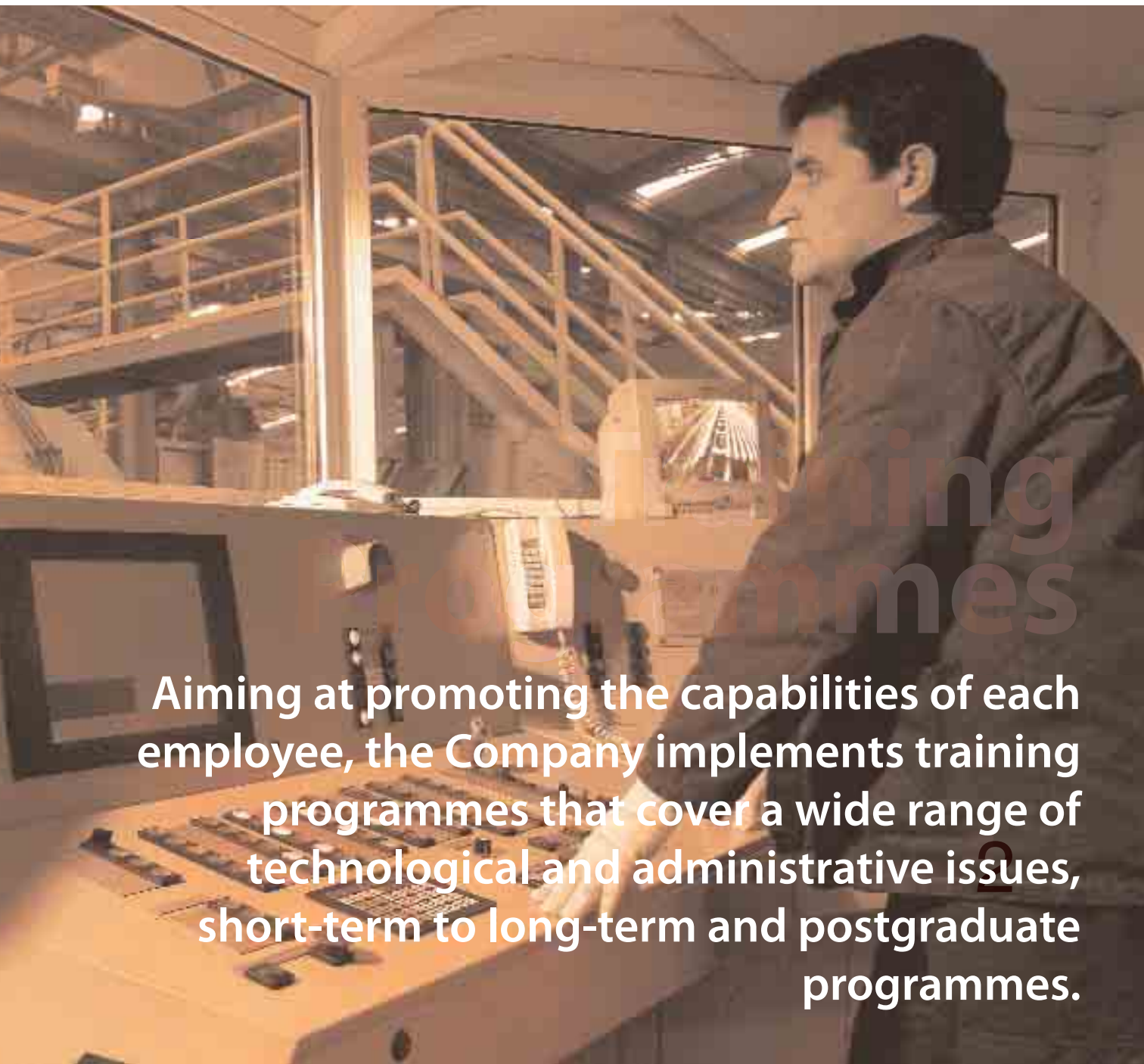
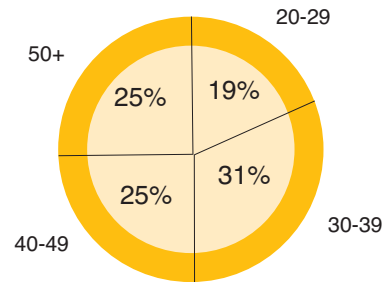
Aiming at promoting the capabilities of each employee, the Company implements training programmes that cover a wide range of technological and administrative issues, short-term to long-term and postgraduate programmes. The company's goal is for each employee – of all specialties and levels – to participate in at least one programme each year.



**Personnel distribution
per category**



Personnel distribution per age



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CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

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As a modern corporation, HALCOR operates on the basis of continuing growth. Within this context, it strives to expand products and activities for the benefit of shareholders, clients, suppliers and employees. This is why the Company is devoted to its target of meeting its responsibilities to society as a whole by minimising the impact of its operations on the environment and by producing qualitative and environmentally friendly products.

HALCOR conducts business on a daily basis seeking to constant improvement of its performance with regards to corporate social responsibility issues. It is our solid commitment to ethically contribute towards financial growth by producing qualitative products, looking after the health and safety of our employees, but also by showing respect to the environment in every aspect of our activities for the common good of society as a whole.

QUALITY ASSURANCE

HALCOR invests in extroversion and thus exports its products to the demanding markets of Europe and America, based on the comparative advantage given by its reliable products, constantly ensuring their quality.

Within this context, products undergo a strict qualitative control in all production stages and come with a written 30-year guarantee. The compliance with the aforementioned procedures is scrutinised through regular inspections by Greek and International Certification Bodies, whereas the daily participation of employees in ensuring product quality is encouraged by special programs. The implemented quality system control is consistent with requirements set by ISO 9001:2000, which has been certified by BVQI.

Acknowledgement of HALCOR's long-standing pursuit for continuous improvement of its product quality came when it received the International 'High-Quality Prize' by the European Association of Corporations.

At the same time, the high level of quality in HALCOR products is demonstrated through the certification received by the most significant European as well as American Quality Organisations.

HALCOR has received certifications for copper tubes used in drinking water supply networks, such as the German certificate DVGW and the American certificate NSF.

Certifications received by the Company for water tubes (sanitary and heating) as well as gas tubes, such as the 'Kite Mark' certificate by the British Organisation BSI, the NF by the French organisation AFNOR, the 'N' by the Spanish organisation AENOR and finally RAL by the German organisation Gutegemeinschaft, are of equal significance.

HALCOR was certified by the German organisation TÜV for the production of tubes used in cooling applications, in order to ensure their adaptation to new requirements (such as the requirements of the refrigerant R-407C, R-410A etc.).



Quality


Acknowledgement of HALCOR's long-standing pursuit for continuous improvement of its product quality came when it received the International 'High-Quality Prize' by the European Association of Corporations.

HEALTH AND SAFETY

Safety is a very important factor for companies active in our sector. HALCOR's principal goal is to prevent and eliminate risks arising from all Group activities. For this reason, HALCOR constantly monitors existing work conditions in all its facilities.

The minimisation and management of risks arising from all Group activities are primary goals for HALCOR, achieved through the effective communication between Management and employees and the ongoing training of employees so that they perform their duties with safety.

It is the Company's principle that safety is an integral part of the work of every employee. To this end, there is a system in hand for recording and reporting 'near misses' as a basic tool for improvement of employee safety. Within this complete risk management and prevention

A photograph of a male worker wearing a white hard hat and a dark blue long-sleeved shirt. He is looking down and to the right, focused on his work. He is holding a tool or part of a large, complex industrial machine. The background is slightly blurred, showing more of the industrial environment with various pipes and machinery. The lighting is warm and industrial.

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HEALTH AND SAFETY



framework, the Administration, the Management, the Safety Engineer and the supervisor of each plant are authorised to stop any works deemed precarious.

Keeping in mind that training is one of the most important parameters affecting health and safety issues, HALCOR runs special training programs for employees aiming not only to inform but also raise awareness with regards to safety issues, thus creating conscientious employees.

HALCOR is committed to employee health and wellbeing and shows its interest in practical terms by running compulsory medical tests in every production unit on a regular basis.

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

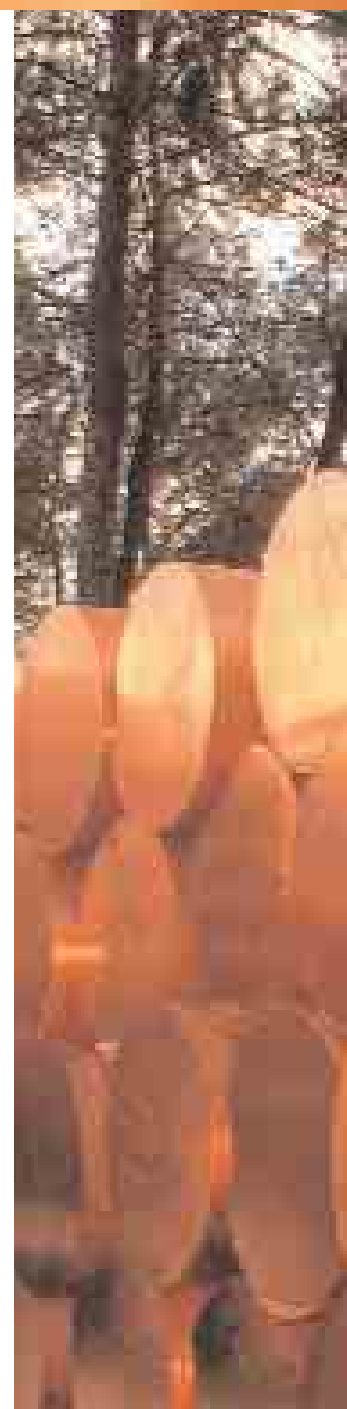


ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

At HALCOR, the protection of the environment plays a significant role to the viability of the company and we aim at the constant improvement of our environmental performance. Fully aware of the importance of rational environmental management, HALCOR has developed an Environmental Management System certified according to ISO 14001, within the company's Tubes Plant and Foundry, while its Rolling Plant has been certified according to the "Eco-Management and Audit Scheme (EMAS)".

These systems, along with the company's environmental management program in general, aim at the complete control and monitoring of any consequences to the environment as well as the continuous reduction of our productive activity's environmental impact.

In order to achieve these goals, during 2006 the company has proceeded to in-



vestments in antipollution technology (two new flue gas filtering units) and the reduction of produced waste, while all thermal needs of its facilities are covered exclusively by natural gas, thus contributing to energy preservation and the cut-back in greenhouse gas emissions.



Environment

HALCOR has developed and implemented an Environmental Management System certified according to ISO 14001.



FINANCIAL FIGURES

FINANCIAL FIGURES

Significant improvement of Turnover

Consolidated turnover amounted to Euro 1,246.7 mil. as opposed to Euro 711.7 for FY 2005 marking an increase of 75.2%. The increase is mainly attributed to the significant rise of the average metal price during 2006 (Copper ↑79%, Zinc ↑132%). The increase of consolidated turnover in volume was remarkable also standing at 13.9% as opposed to year 2005, despite of the negative effect that the high metal prices had on the demand of construction applications products.

Remarkable profitability increase

Group gross profit stood at Euro 118.8 mil. for 2006 marking an increase of 94% as opposed to 2005. Gross profit increase is attributed both to the increase of metal prices and to the more efficient operation of Group production plants. We must point out the performance of the new production facility in Bulgaria, of the affiliated Sofia Med, posting significant growth focused mainly in the production of high added-value industrial products.

Earnings after tax and minorities stood at Euro 36 mil. as opposed to Euro 3.5 mil. in 2005 marking an increase of 930.2%. Group profitability structure contributed significantly in the above mentioned increase as all group affiliate companies posted positive results during year 2006.

Net Debt – Cash Flows

The increased metal prices, lead to increased requirements for working capital, which affected both Group net debt as well as cash flows. For the year 2006 Net Debt stood at Euro 473.5 mil. significantly decreased in comparison with H1 2006 figure of Euro 564.3 mil. Cash flow from operations shows a remarkable improvement as well in the year 2006 standing at negative Euro 88.6 mil. substantially improved in comparison with H1 2006 figure of negative Euro 200 mil.



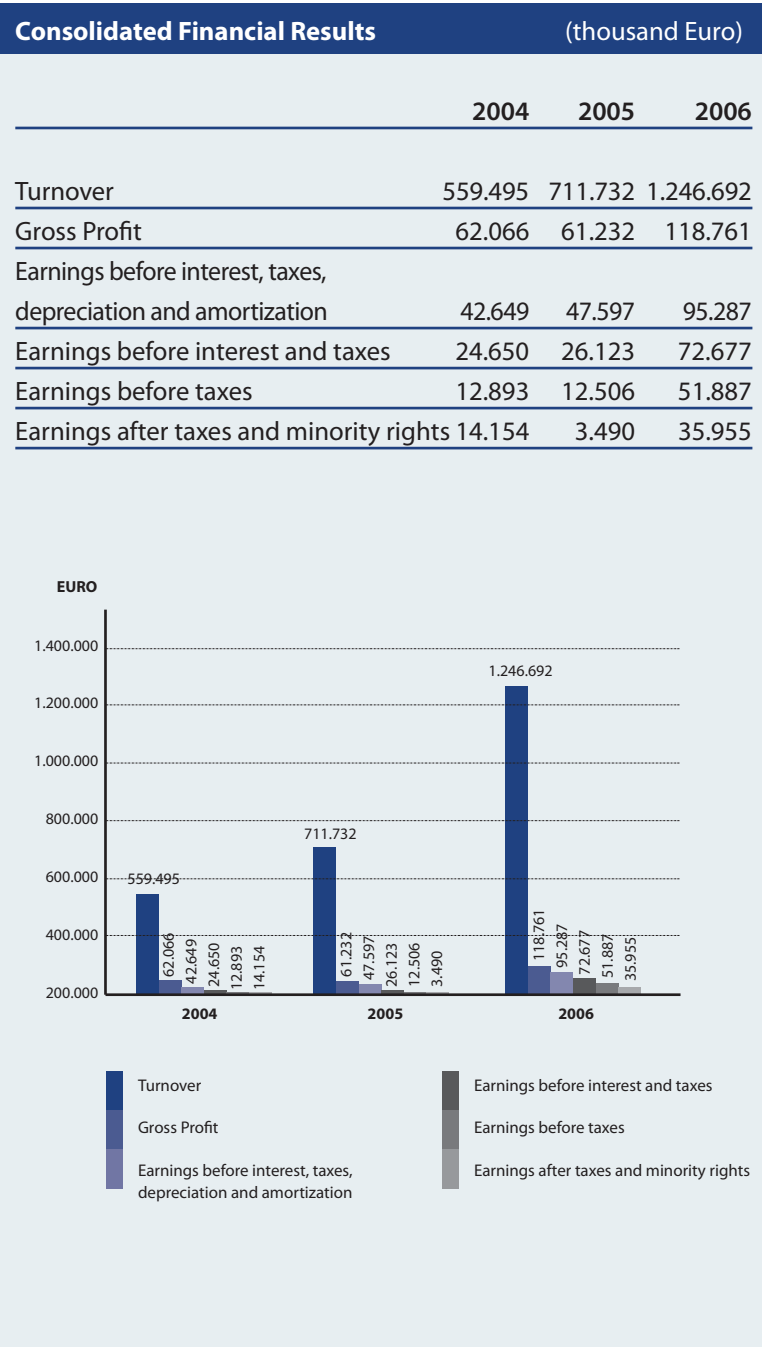
P&L by SBU			(thousand Euro)						
	2004			2005			2006		
	COPPER PRODUCTS	CABLE PRODUCTS	SERVICES	COPPER PRODUCTS	CABLE PRODUCTS	SERVICES	COPPER PRODUCTS	CABLE PRODUCTS	SERVICES
SALES	317.485	166.450	75.560	439.542	189.732	82.458	827.284	301.564	117.845
EBIT	15.733	4.790	4.083	15.690	6.337	4.096	46.087	21.246	5.344
EAT	10.569	3.501	2.749	659	2.919	1.427	23.181	13.652	3.536



Increase by
75.2%

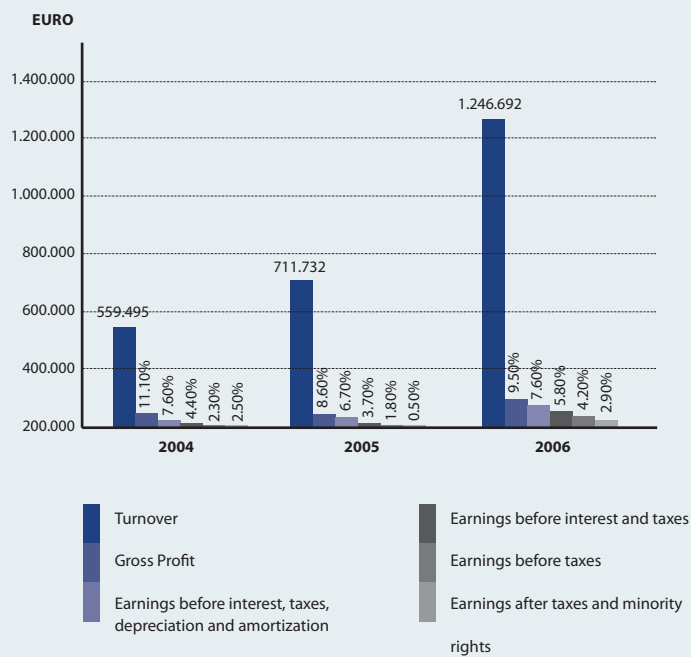
Consolidated turnover stood at Euro
1,246.7 mil. over euro 711.7 mil. in
2005 marking an increase of 75.2%

FINANCIAL FIGURES



Profit Margins

	2004	2005	2006
Gross Profit	11,1%	8,6%	9,5%
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization	7,6%	6,7%	7,6%
Earnings before interest and taxes	4,4%	3,7%	5,8%
Earnings before taxes	2,3%	1,8%	4,2%
Earnings after taxes and minority rights	2,5%	0,5%	2,9%



FINANCIAL FIGURES

BALANCE SHEET HIGHLIGHTS (thousand Euro)

	2004	2005	2006
Fixed Assets	304,113	303,755	306,570
Other non-current receivables	12,303	11,555	14,747
Total non-current Assets	316,416	315,310	321,317
Inventories	167,255	168,625	252,095
Trade & Other receivables	163,546	198,660	296,221
Cash & cash equivalents	12,375	16,246	29,261
Other current assets	-	1,630	7,658
Total current Assets	343,176	385,161	585,235
Total Assets	659,592	700,471	906,552
Total Equity	218,656	219,252	263,306
Long term bank loans	229,757	213,749	311,396
Other long term liabilities	36,801	37,565	39,666
Total long term Liabilities	266,558	251,315	351,062
Short term bank loans	116,273	159,007	191,316
Trade & Other Payables	58,105	70,898	100,868
Total short term Liabilities	174,378	229,905	292,184
Total Equity & Liabilities	659,592	700,471	906,552

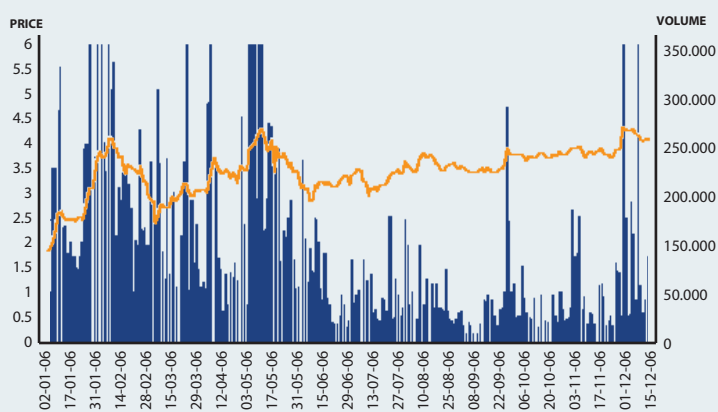
CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW (thousand Euro)

	2004	2005	2006
Cash Flow from Operating Activities	-66,746	+1,996	-88,605
Cash Flow from Investing Activities	-21,612	-20,591	-23,530
Cash Flow from Financing Activities	+91,175	+22,466	+125,150
Total Cash Flow	+2,818	+3,871	+13,015
Cash at the beginning of the year	+9,557	+12,375	+16,246
Cash at the end of the year	+12,375	+16,246	+29,261

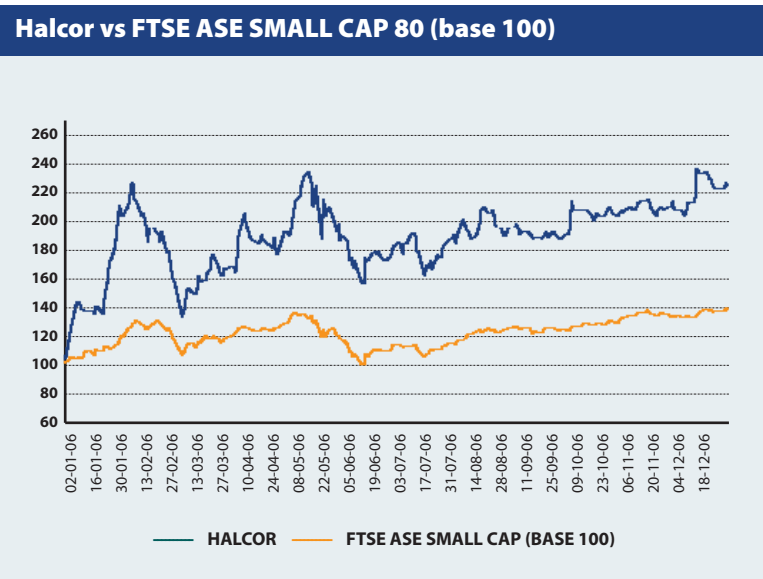
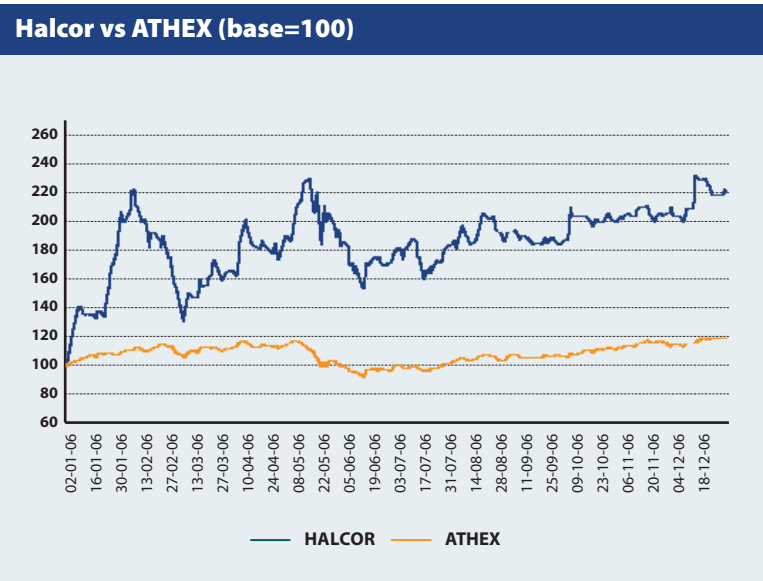
FINANCIAL RATIOS

		2004	2005	2006
LIQUIDITY				
CURRENT RATIO	(x)	1.97	1.68	2.00
QUICK RATIO	(x)	1.01	0.94	1.14
ACTIVITY				
AVERAGE COLLECTION PERIOD	(x)	107	102	89
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE TURNOVER	DAYS	38	36	28
TOTAL ASSETS TURNOVER	DAYS	0.85	1.02	1.38
VIABILITY				
DEBT TO EQUITY	(x)	2.02	2.19	2.44
TIMES INTEREST EARNED	(x)	1.68	1.86	3.22
RETURN				
R.O.E.	%	6.47	1.59	13.66
R.O.A.	%	2.15	0.50	3.97

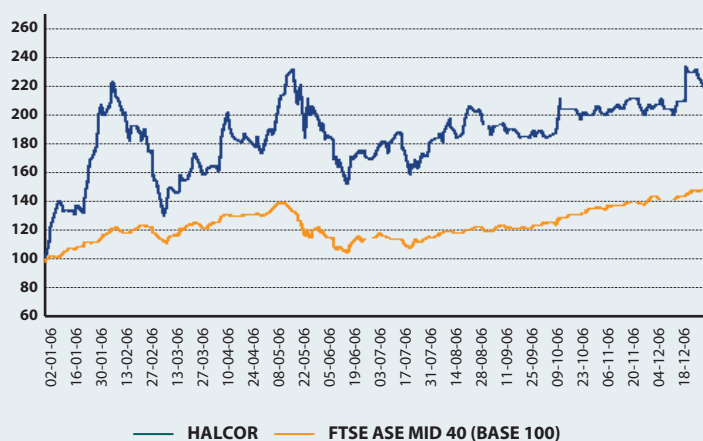
Share evolution and trading volume



FINANCIAL FIGURES



Halcor vs FTSE ASE MID 40 (base 100)



Investment Ratios

		2004	2005	2006
DIVIDEND PER SHARE	Euro	0.050	0.065	0.085
EBITDA/SHARE	Euro	0.44	0.49	0.97
DIVIDEND YIELD	%	2.79	3.92	2.44
P/E	(x)	12.26	46.13	9.54
PRICE/BV	(x)	0.79	0.73	1.30
P/SALES	(x)	0.31	0.23	0.28
P/EBITDA	(x)	4.08	3.38	3.60

SHARE DATA

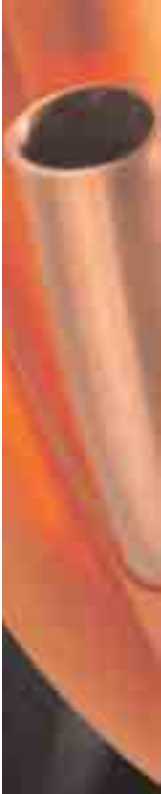
NUMBER OF SHARES		96,981,079	96,981,079	98,329,264
AVERAGE SHARE PRICE	Euro	1.79	1.66	3.49

* Investment ratios calculated using each year's average share price and the weighted number of shares.

Average Share Price 2006: 3.49 Euro

Number of Shares: 101,279,627

Share Symbols: **XAKOP (ATHEX)**
HAL.AT (Reuters)
XAKO GA (Bloomberg)



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

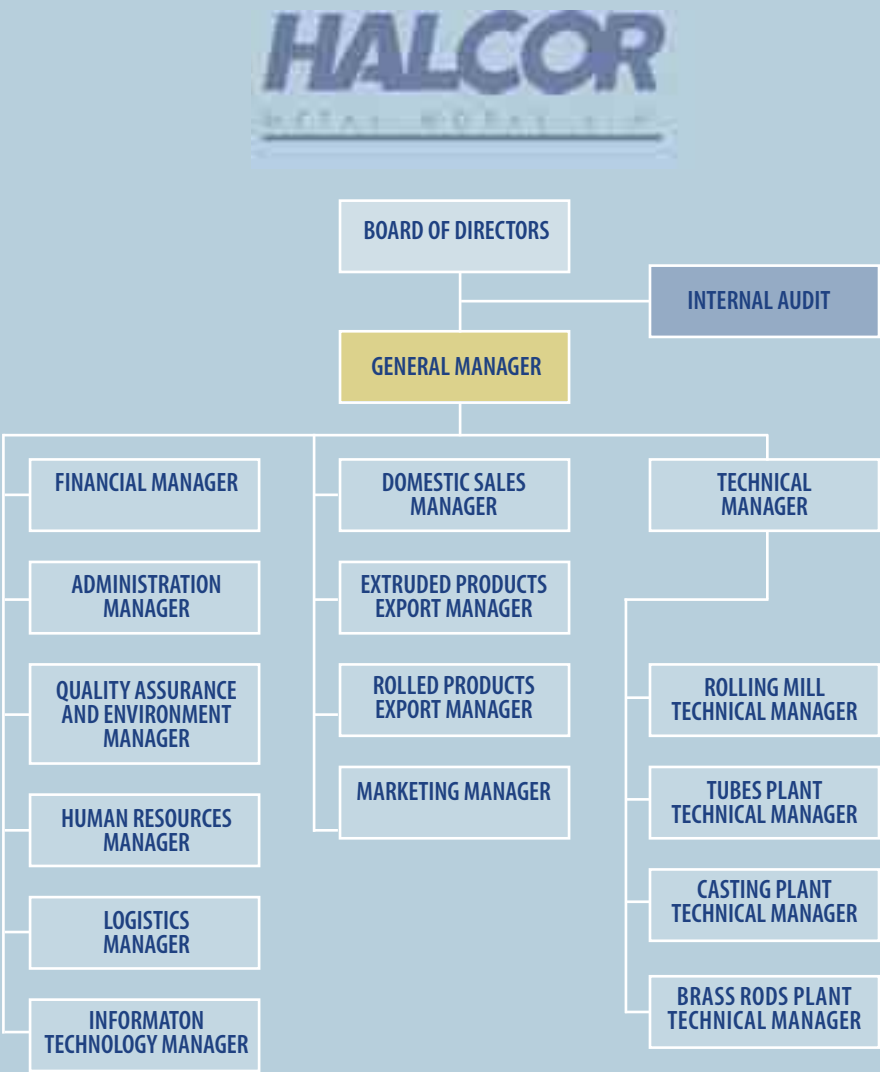


CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The application of Corporate Governance principles to the organisation, operation and management of HALCOR comprises one of our long-term strategic objectives. Our goal within our daily operation is to function effectively, productively, and with absolute transparency, in line with implementing our developmental targets, offering complete, valid, and timely information to the investment community, and protecting the interests of our shareholders.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Theodosios Papageorgopoulos, President, executive member
Ioannis Oikonomou, Vice President, non-executive member
Nikolaos Koudounis, executive member
Georgios Passas, non-executive member
Konstantinos Bakouris, non-executive member
Jean Chouvel, non-executive member
Andreas Katsanos, non-executive member
Andreas Kyriazis, non-executive and independent member
Efstathios Stribber, non-executive and independent member



CORPORATE EXECUTIVES

CORPORATE EXECUTIVES

Menelaos Tassopoulos, General Manager

Chemical Engineer, National Technical University of Athens, MSc in Economics and Operational Research, COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, PhD in Applied Engineering, YALE UNIVERSITY. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1996.

Spyros Kokkolis, Financial Manager of the HALCOR Group, Economist, Athens University of Economics and Business. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1993.

Anastasios Kassis, Financial Manager, HALCOR, Economist, MBA, University of Piraeus. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1999.

Stylianos Theodosiou, Technical Manager, Electrical Engineer, National Technical University of Athens. Working with the company since 1969.

Athanasios Manis, Electrical Engineer, Economics, National Technical University of Athens, Studies in Economics, Deree College. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1991.

Antonis Logaras, Foundry Technical Manager, Chemical Engineer, National Technical University of Athens. Working with the Company since 1989.

Ioannis Papadimitriou, Tubes Plant Technical Manager. Professor at the School of Electrical Engineering, Hannover Polytechnic. He is a graduate of the Hanover Polytechnic University with specialisation in 'Information Processing' and he has served as a scientific advisor at the Institute of Semiconductors and Electrical Material Technology. He has worked at the Company since 1991.



Gontzes Vasilis, Brass Rods, Plant Technical Manager, Chemical Engineer, Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1985.

Ioannis Biris, Marketing Manager,
Architect-Engineer, working for the company since 2002.

Nikolaos Tarnanidis, Extruded Products Commercial Export Manager
Economist, University of Piraeus, Masters of Economic Studies, University of London. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1987.

Georgios Katsabis, Rolled Products Commercial Export Manager
Economist, University of Athens, Economics Division, Law Graduate, University of Thessalonice, M.Sc., London School of Economics. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1995.

Antonis Karadeloglou, Domestic Sales Manager,
Chemist, Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1988.

Emmanuel Gavalas, Piraeus Plant Technical Manager,
Electrical Engineer, National Technical University of Athens. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1977.

Eftihios Kotsabasakis, Oinofita Plant Directing Manager.
Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1965.

Ioannis Markakis, Internal Audit Supervisor
Economist, Graduate of University of Piraeus, Business Organisation and Administration Division. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1973.

NOTICE

OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF
HALCOR, S.A. METAL WORKS
Reg. of A.E. No 2836/06/B/86/48

In compliance with the provisions of the Law and the Articles of Association of the Company, the Shareholders of HALCOR, S.A. METAL WORKS are hereby invited, by the Board of Directors, to attend the Company's Annual General Meeting, to be held on Thursday, June 14, 2007, at 12:30 hours, at the Hotel ATHENS IMPERIAL, Karaiskaki Square, Athens, in order to discuss and decide on the following

AGENDA:

1. To approve the annual financial statements for the Company's financial year 2006, as well as the reports of the Directors and the Auditors on them.
2. To discharge the Directors and the Auditors from all responsibility for damages for the financial year 2006.
3. To decide on the manner and the date of distribution of the profits of the financial year 2006.
4. To appoint Certified Auditors for the financial year 2007 and fix their remuneration.
5. To ratify the election of an interim Director.
6. To elect the members of a new Board of Directors.
7. To approve Directors' remuneration, according to art.24 par.2 of C.L. 2190/1920.
8. To issue a common debenture loan.
9. Various announcements.

Shareholders, desiring to attend the General Meeting, are required, at least five (5) days before the date fixed for its holding, to deposit at the Company's offices, 16 Himaras street, Maroussi, (tel.: 210 6861349, fax: 210 6861347) the documents certifying that their shares are blocked for the General Meeting, together with the instruments appointing their proxies, following the provisions of the pertinent legislation and the Company's Articles of Association.

Athens, May 22, 2007
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Financial Statements

(Company and Consolidated)

as of 31 December 2006

in accordance with the International
Financial Reporting Standards

THE PRESIDENT
OF THE BOARD
OF DIRECTORS

THEODOSIOS
PAPAGEORGOPOULOS
ID No. H 679222

A MEMBER
OF THE BOARD
OF DIRECTORS

GEORGIOS PASSAS
ID No. Φ 020251

THE GENERAL
MANAGER

MENELAOS TASOPOULOS
ID No. Ξ 365174

THE FINANCIAL
SERVICES MANAGER

SPYRIDON KOKKOLIS
ID No. X 701209

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HALCOR S.A., COMPANY REGISTRATION No. 2836/06/B/86/48, Address: Athens Tower, 2nd Building, 2-4 Messogeion Avenue, 11527, Athens

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HALCOR S.A.

Summarised financial data and information for the period from January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006 According to the Decision 2/396/31.8.2006 of the Board of Directors of the Capital Market Commission

The figures illustrated below aim to give general information about the financial position and results of HALCOR, S.A. and the Group HALCOR. The reader, wishing to be familiar with the company's financial position and results, should have access to the Company's Interim Financial Statements, as provided by the International Financial Reporting Standards, as well as to the audit report of the auditor-accountant whenever it is required. Indicatively, he can visit the company's web site, where the information and data in question are presented.

Registered office: Athens Tower, Building B', 2-4, Messagion Av. 11527 Athens **Company's No in the Reg. of SA:** 2836/06/86/48, **Prefecture:** Athens, **Board of Directors members:** Th.Papageorgopoulos (Chairman, executive member), J.Ikonomou (Vice-Chairman, non executive member), N.Koudounis (executive member), G.Passas, K.Bakouris, J.Chouvel, A.Katsanos (non executive members), A.Kyriazis & E.Striber (Independent non executive members) **Certified Auditor:** Michael Kokkinos (Reg.No. SOEL 12701), **Date of approval of the financial statements:** 22 February 2007, **Audit firm:** KKPMP Kyriakou Certified Auditors, S.A., **Review type:** Unqualified opinion, **Website:** www.halcor.gr

BALANCE SHEET

(Amounts in Euro)

GROUP

COMPANY

	31 DEC 2006	31 DEC 2005	31 DEC 2006	31 DEC 2005
ASSETS				
Fixed assets	321.316.623	315.309.949	234.571.525	219.452.609
Inventories	252.095.954	168.625.093	121.923.626	60.081.338
Trade receivables	228.788.733	165.365.806	96.792.648	69.938.397
Other assets	104.351.777	51.170.586	67.701.411	27.752.053
TOTAL ASSETS	906.552.387	700.471.434	520.989.210	377.224.397
LIABILITIES				
Long term liabilities	353.691.076	251.314.592	233.054.273	150.097.355
Short term bank borrowings	191.323.272	159.007.019	42.711.789	27.682.167
Other short term liabilities	98.231.548	70.897.633	44.975.396	30.076.216
Total liabilities (a)	643.245.896	481.219.244	320.741.459	207.855.738
Total equity of the company's shareholders (b)	238.682.093	185.415.819	200.247.751	169.368.659
Minority rights (c)	24.624.399	33.836.371	-	-
Total equity (d) = (b) + (c)	263.306.491	219.252.190	200.247.751	169.368.659
TOTAL LIABILITIES (a) + (d)	906.552.387	700.471.434	520.989.210	377.224.397

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Amounts in Euro)

GROUP

COMPANY

	31 DEC 2006	31 DEC 2005	31 DEC 2006	31 DEC 2005
Net equity at the beginning of the Fin.Year (1/1/2006 & 1/1/2005 respectively)	219.252.190	217.749.432	169.368.659	164.750.827
Profit / (loss) for the year after taxes	40.369.001	5.004.958	12.817.707	9.536.591
	259.621.191	222.754.390	182.186.365	174.287.418
Increase / (decrease) of share capital	977.385	-	977.385	-
Dividends distributed (profit)	(6.303.770)	(4.849.054)	(6.303.770)	(4.849.054)
Increase / (decrease) of percentage holding in subsidiaries	56.564	612.909	-	-
Net income recognised directly in equity	8.955.121	733.945	23.387.771	(69.705)
Purchases / (sales) of own shares	-	-	-	-
Net equity at the end of the financial year (31/12/2006 and 31/12/2005 respectively)	263.306.491	219.252.190	200.247.751	169.368.659

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Amounts in Euro)

GROUP

COMPANY

	1.01 - 31.12.2006	1.01 - 31.12.2005	1.01 - 31.12.2006	1.01 - 31.12.2005
Operating activities				
Profits before taxes	51.887.217	12.506.204	20.091.035	14.270.724
Plus / less adjustments for:				
Depreciation	21.982.536	20.742.417	9.611.177	8.241.750
Provisions	14.822.563	1.564.364	8.806.802	261.981
Foreign exchange differences				
Results (income, expenses, profits, losses) from investing activities	(740.871)	(367.435)	(2.006.086)	(1.994.367)
Interest payable and related expenses	22.598.847	13.374.612	11.268.244	6.383.982
(Profit)/loss from the sale of fixed assets	(206.876)	(155.814)	(57.159)	(85.798)
(Profit) / Loss from the sale of investments	(3.690)	(39.955)	(3.690)	(39.955)
Loss from destruction/Impairment of assets	3.417.474	661.122	3.364.303	-
Plus / Less adjustments for changes in working capital accounts or related to operating activities:				
Decrease / (increase) of inventories	(93.957.393)	(1.441.152)	(66.988.971)	14.162.103
Decrease / (increase) of receivables	(100.868.667)	(36.756.357)	(52.693.828)	(10.621.117)
(Decrease) / Increase of obligations (except banks)	19.168.914	12.141.506	10.511.797	12.105.405
(Profit) / loss of fair value of derivatives	-	1.565.566	-	1.607.527
Less:				
Interest payable and related expenses paid	(19.484.808)	(14.060.953)	(8.691.658)	(6.383.982)
Taxes paid	(7.220.024)	(7.738.098)	(4.213.283)	(5.952.565)
Total cash, used in, generated from operating activities (a)	(88.604.777)	1.996.027	(71.001.318)	31.955.688
Investing activities				
Acquisition-sale of subsidiaries, affiliated com., consortiums and other investments	5.423	56.048	3.771.711	(20.988.730)
Purchase of tangible and intangible fixed assets	(27.444.350)	(21.912.202)	(6.837.827)	(4.977.809)
Receivables from sale of tangible and intangible fixed assets	3.045.962	875.849	1.977.397	231.410
Interest received	728.567	367.980	222.147	168.123
Dividends received	134.424	21.437	1.783.939	1.765.412
Total cash (used in) generated from investing activities (b)	(23.529.975)	(20.590.887)	917.368	(23.801.594)
Financing activities				
Receivables from capital increase	977.385	-	977.385	-
Receivables from issued / assumed loans	155.285.000	65.875.154	95.000.000	30.000.000
Loans paid up	(25.329.641)	(39.148.989)	(7.206.612)	(30.768.095)
Repayments of financial leasing liabilities (capital installments)	7.465	-	-	-
Proceeds of Grants	511.088	-	-	-
Dividends paid	(6.301.771)	(4.259.865)	(6.285.978)	(4.848.077)
Total cash (used in) generated from financing activities (c)	125.149.526	22.466.300	82.484.795	(5.616.172)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the year (a)+(b)+(c)	13.014.775	3.871.440	12.400.844	2.537.922
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	16.246.241	12.374.801	6.656.461	4.118.539
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	29.261.016	16.246.241	19.057.305	6.656.461

HALCOR S.A.

Summarised financial data and information for the period from January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006
According to the Decision 2/396/31.8.2006 of the Board of Directors of the Capital Market Commission

INCOME STATEMENT (Amounts in Euro)	GROUP		COMPANY	
	1.01 - 31.12.2006	1.01 - 31.12.2005	1.01 - 31.12.2006	1.01 - 31.12.2005
Total turnover	1.246.691.814	711.732.053	730.198.102	394.425.100
Gross Profit / (loss)	118.760.675	61.232.449	51.363.051	35.762.094
Profit / (loss) before taxes, financing and investing results & depreciation	95.286.602	47.597.253	39.248.211	26.667.161
Profit / (loss) before taxes, financing and investing results	72.676.927	26.123.171	29.353.193	18.660.338
Profit / (loss) before taxes total	51.887.217	12.506.204	20.091.035	14.270.724
Less: Taxes	(11.518.216)	(7.501.247)	(7.273.328)	(4.734.133)
Profit / (loss) after tax from continued operations (a)	40.369.001	5.004.957	12.817.707	9.536.591
Profit / (loss) after tax from discontinued operations (b)	-	-	-	-
Profit / (loss) after tax (continued & discontinued operations) (a)+(b)	40.369.001	5.004.957	12.817.707	9.536.591
Distributed to :				
Company's shareholders	35.954.841	3.490.956	12.817.707	9.536.591
Minority shareholders	4.414.160	1.514.001	-	-
	40.369.001	5.004.957	12.817.707	9.536.591
Profit per share after taxes - basic (in Euro)	0,360	0,036	0,128	0,098
Earnings after tax per share - diluted (in Euro)	0,360	-	0,128	-
Proposed dividend per share (in Euro)	-	-	0,085	0,065

Additional data and information	Country	Percentage holding	Consolidation method	Unaudited Fin. Years
The following data concern the companies in which the Group participates:				
Company name:				
HALCOR S.A.	GREECE	Parent	Full consolidation	2005 - 2006
HELLENIC CABLES S.A.	GREECE	78,90%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2006
FITCO S.A.	GREECE	50,32%	Full consolidation	2003 - 01/2006
STEELMET S.A.	GREECE	52,88%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2006
AKRO S.A.	GREECE	84,50%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2006
E.VI.TE. S.A.	GREECE	100,00%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2006
SOFIA MED S.A.	BULGARIA	100,00%	Full consolidation	2005 - 2006
METAL AGENCIES LTD	UK	93,04%	Full consolidation	2005 - 2006
BELANTEL HOLDINGS LTD	CYPRUS	100,00%	Full consolidation	1999 - 2006
METAL GLOBE DOO	SERBIA	53,67%	Full consolidation	2002 - 2006
COPPERFROM LTD	GREECE	71,86%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2006
SYLAN S.A.	GREECE	100,00%	Full consolidation	2005 - 2006
OGWEIL LIMITED	CYPRUS	100,00%	Full consolidation	2005 - 2006
HABAKIS LTD - LICENSE & DISTRIBUTION	GREECE	100,00%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2006
DIAPEM TRADING S.A.	GREECE	33,33%	Equity method	2003 - 2006
ELKEME S.A.	GREECE	30,92%	Equity method	2003 - 2006
S.C. STEELMET ROMANIA S.A.	ROMANIA	40,00%	Equity method	2002 - 2006
TEPRO METALL AG	GERMANY	43,56%	Equity method	1992 - 2006
ENERGY SOLUTIONS S.A.	BULGARIA	38,60%	Equity method	2005 - 2006
THISVI POWER GENERATION PLANT S.A.	GREECE	20,00%	Equity method	2004 - 2006
VIEXAL LTD	GREECE	26,67%	Equity method	2003 - 2006

- The Company HABAKIS LTD. - LICENSE & DISTRIBUTION is consolidated for the first time for the current financial year in the consolidated financial statements. Its acquisition was made within the 3rd Quarter of the current year.
- There is a pending appeal of the Company regarding the fine imposed to the Company by the European Competition Commission for transgression of the rules on competition in the market of copper tubes for water supply.
- The financial statements of the Company are included in the consolidated financial statements prepared by the following company:

Company	Country of the Reg. Office	Percentage holding	Consolidation method
VIOHALCO S.A.	GREECE	68,13%	Full consolidation
- There are no pending court decisions or claims under arbitration against the company, which may have a significant effect on its financial position of the Company and the Group
- Following the decision No K2-9666/30.6.2006 of the Minister of Development, the merger by absorption of FITCO, S.A. from HALCOR, S.A., was approved (Government Gazette issue 6611/4.7.2006).
- The number of the personnel at the end of the current period was: company 730 (FY 2005 : 636) , Group 2.516 (FY 2005: 2.303)
- There are mortgages, amounting in total to Euro 9 mil. on the real estate property of the subsidiary of HELLENIC CABLES, S.A., ICME ECAB S.A. in Romania. and of subsidiary SOFIA MED S.A. in Bulgaria. There are no encumbrances of fixed assets of the parent.
- The cumulative amounts of sales and purchases at the beginning of the financial year and the balances of receivables and obligations of the company at the end of the period, resulting from its transactions with related parties following the IAS 24 are as follows:

	GROUP	COMPANY
i) Sales of goods and services	108.243.500	235.691.424
ii) Purchases of goods and services	33.614.096	88.101.001
iii) Receivables from related parties	18.701.029	17.915.446
iv) Obligations to related parties	3.257.822	2.846.329
v) Transactions & fees of higher executives and managers	5.393.319	2.865.435
vi) Receivables from higher executives and managers	-	-
vii) Liabilities to higher executives and managers	-	-
- The income tax in the income statement is analysed as follows (Amounts in Euro):

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	1 Jan - 31 Dec 2006	1 Jan - 31 Dec 2005	1 Jan - 31 Dec 2006	1 Jan - 31 Dec 2005
Income tax for the period	(12.323.706)	(7.139.840)	(7.374.612)	(4.563.848)
Deferred tax for the period	805.490	(361.407)	101.283	(170.286)
- The Boards of Directors of the companies VECTOR S.A and ELVAL COLOUR S.A decided at their meeting on April 19, 2006 the merger of the two companies through the absorption of the first by the second respectively, with a transformation balance date of 30 April and according to the law 2166/1993 and C.L 2190/1920. The merger was approved by both companies' Board of Directors on 19 September 2006 and completed with the No 29975/29-9-2006 decision of the Athens Prefecture. For this reason it was not incorporated in the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company.
- In the FY 2005 Consolidated Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Statement restatements were made in order to be comparable with that of the current year (note 2(d) of the annual financial statements)

Athens February 22, 2007

THE CHAIRMAN
OF THE BOARD
OF DIRECTORS
THEODOSSIOS PAPAGEORGIOPOULOS
Id.C.No.H 679222

A MEMBER
OF THE BOARD
OF DIRECTORS
GEORGE PASSAS
Id.C.No.Φ 020251

THE GENERAL
MANAGER
MENELAOS TASSOPOULOS
Id.C.No.Ξ 365174

THE FINANCIAL
MANAGER
SPYRIDON KOKOLIS
Id.C.No.X 701209

Report

of the Board of Directors

A. GENERAL OVERVIEW

Fiscal Year 2006 was a very good year in terms of results. Prevalent issue of the year was the increase in the prices of metals, since both Copper as well as Zinc reached historical heights. The average price of copper in 2006 was Euro 5,342 per ton, for cash settlement, and Euro 5,297 per ton, for 3 month forward prices, while in 2005 the corresponding prices were Euro 2,977 and Euro 2,835 respectively. The average price of zinc in 2006 was Euro 2,592 per ton, for cash settlement, and Euro 2,575 per ton, for 3 month forward prices, while in 2005 the corresponding prices were Euro 1,115 and Euro 1,124 respectively.

During the middle of the year the increase of metal prices was more intense and affected negatively the operating cash flows of both the parent company as well as of most of the subsidiary companies, since needs for working capital were increased. During the second half, while metal prices were subsiding and in connection with the strict stocks policy that was being followed, operating cash flows improved greatly, remaining however negative in total for the year.

Although influenced negatively by the increase in metal prices, demand for goods was on an upswing resulting both in an increase in sales volume and in an increase in fabrication prices, thus increasing the parent company's and Group's profitability. Profitability was strengthened also by the continuously increasing improvement of productivity of the new investments, mainly in Bulgaria through subsidiary SOFIA MED S.A., as well as in Romania through subsidiary ICME S.A. Furthermore, in 2006 the merger through absorption of subsidiary FITCO S.A. was decided and completed. This provided the company with the opportunity for an even greater cost improvement and an optimization of the production activity.

Inventories appreciation due to increased metal prices resulted in higher gross profit figures. As prices of metals were declining during the second half of the year, the group devaluated its year end inventories according to

current prices by Euro 9.4 mil. an amount that decreased gross profit of the fourth quarter of the year.

The positive course is outlined as well in the consolidated financial statements of 2006 with the key financial results being as follows:

1. Turnover for 2006 in consolidated level amounted to Euro 1.246.691.814 as opposed to Euro 711.732.053 for the year 2005, marking an increase of 75.2%.
2. Group operating results (earnings before taxes, interest, investments and depreciation) amounted to Euro 95.286.602 for 2006 as opposed to Euro 47.597.253 for the year 2005, marking an increase of 100.2%.
3. Earnings before taxes for the Group increased by 314.9% to Euro 51.887.217 as opposed to Euro 12.506.204 for the year 2005.
4. Net profits (after tax and minority interests) amounted to Euro 35.954.841 as opposed to Euro 3.490.956 for the year 2005, marking an increase of 929.9%.

At parent company level, turnover amounted to Euro 730.198.102 increased by 85.1% in comparison with last year sales, while net profits after tax and minorities amounted to Euro 12.817.707 marking an increase of 34.4%.

In 2006, the HALCOR group of companies proceeded in investments of a total amount of approximately Euro 27 million, of which approximately Euro 14 million was invested in SOFIA MED S.A., within the framework of the completion of its investment program, aiming mainly at the production of higher added value products. Correspondingly the parent company proceeded in investments of an amount of approximately Euro 6.7 million that concerned improvements in existing production equipment and in smaller investment projects. Taking into consideration the growth course up to now and the future prospects, the company's management proposes a dividend distribution of Euro 0.085 per share over Euro 0.065 per share that was distributed last year. The management proposes a total dividend distribution of approximately Euro 8.6 million, increased by 37% over 2005.

B. FINANCIAL POSITION

The ratios that express the company's financial position developed as follows:

Ratios:		31.12.2006	31.12.2005
Liquidity:	$\frac{\text{Current Assets}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$	3,17	2,73
Leverage:	$\frac{\text{Equity}}{\text{Bank Loans}}$	0,83	1,11
Return on invested capital:	$\frac{\text{Profits before taxes \& Financial results}}{\text{Equity + Bank Loans}}$	7,1%	6,3%
Return on Equity:	$\frac{\text{Net Profits}}{\text{Equity}}$	6,4%	5,6%

The ratios that express the financial position of HALCOR Group of Companies are as follows::

Ratios:		31.12.2006	31.12.2005
Liquidity:	$\frac{\text{Current Assets}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$	2,02	1,68
Leverage:	$\frac{\text{Equity}}{\text{Bank Loans}}$	0,52	0,59
Return on invested capital:	$\frac{\text{Profits before taxes \& Financial results}}{\text{Equity + Bank Loans}}$	9,5%	4,4%
Return on Equity:	$\frac{\text{Net Profits}}{\text{Equity}}$	13,7%	1,6%

C. GOALS & PERSPECTIVES

The growth that we achieved in 2006 combined with the sustainability prospects regarding the financial climate mainly in the European Union leads us to an optimistic attitude for the new year. Since there has already been a significant de-escalation of metal prices, and as long as metal producers increase their capacity at growth rates higher than those of demand prices are expected to continue their declining course, and this affects positively the demand for our products, the working capital needs and respectively the cash flow. At the same time, as main investment programs which have brought a significant capacity increase have

already been completed, and with the help of smaller investments under way or already completed, the Group looks forward towards an increase in special categories turnover and mainly in industrial products with better margins and more stable markets.

In summary, we believe that 2007 shall be an important year, regarding the achievement of our primary goal, which is the further development and expansion of our activities in copper products.

HALCOR S.A.

EXPLANATORY BOARD OF DIRECTORS ANNUAL MANAGEMENT REPORT
SUPPLEMENTARY-EXPLANATORY BOARD OF DIRECTORS ANNUAL MANAGEMENT REPORT TO THE ORDINARY GENERAL
SHAREHOLDER MEETING

(Law 3371/2005, Article 11a, Paragraphs 1 and 2)

a) Share Capital Structure

The Company's share capital amounts to Euro 38,486,258.26, divided into 101,279,627 ordinary registered shares with a nominal value of Euro 0.38 each. All shares are listed for trading on the Athens Stock Exchange, in the Large Cap Category. The Company's shares are intangible, registered, with the right to vote.

According to the Company's Articles of Association, the rights and obligations of shareholders are as follows:

- Right to dividends from the Company's annual profits. The dividend of each share is paid to shareholders within two (2) months upon approval of the financial statements by the General Meeting. The right to collect dividends is forfeited after the lapse of five (5) years from the end of the year, during which it was due.
- Pre-emptive right to every Company share capital increase and the acquisition of new shares.
- Right to participate in the General Shareholder Meeting.
- The capacity of shareholder automatically entails the acceptance of the Company's Articles of Association and the decisions of its bodies, in accordance with the said Articles and the Law.
- The Company's shares cannot be divided and the Company acknowledges only one owner per share. All joint shareholders, as well as those who have usufruct or bare ownership of shares, are represented in the General Meeting by only one person, appointed by them upon agreement. In case of disagreement, the share of the aforementioned parties is not represented.
- The shareholders are not liable beyond the nominal value of each share.

b) Restrictions on Transferring Company Shares

The shareholders VIOHALCO S.A, ALCOMET S.A. and

DIATOUR S.A., who proceeded to a private purchase of the Company's shares through underwriters on 13/3/2007, are bound not to offer Company shares as of 12 /3/ 2007, for a time period of 90 days, without the prior written consent of the underwriters.

c) Significant Direct or Indirect Participations Pursuant to Presidential Decree 51/1992

The significant participations (over 5%) on 31/12/2006 were as follows:

• VIOHALKO S.A.	a percentage of 68.20% of voting rights and a percentage of 66.11% of share capital.
• Mr. Evangelos Stasinopoulos:	a percentage of 9.33% of share capital and voting rights (on which it has been added a participation percentage of 7.37% of WHEATLAND HOLDINGS LTD).
• WHEATLAND HOLDINGS LTD:	percentage of 7.37% of share capital.

d) Shares with Special Control Rights

There are no Company shares granting their owners special control rights.

e) Voting Right Restrictions

No voting right restrictions, arising from its shares, are stipulated by the Company's Articles of Association. The rules of the Company's Articles of Association regulating voting issues are included in article 24 and state that:

- Every share grants the right to one (1) vote in the General Meeting.

- In order for shareholders to be entitled to attend the General Meeting, they are obligated, at least five (5) days prior to the meeting, to submit to the Company a certificate by the Central Securities Depository listing all shares registered to their name, with a commitment not to transfer these shares until the day of the General Meeting. Within the same deadline, they must also submit to the Company's offices the proxies of the shareholders' representatives.

f) Agreements Between Company Shareholders

To the Company's knowledge, there are no such agreements between shareholders that entail limitations to the transfer of Company shares or the exercise of voting rights arising from its shares.

g) Regulations on Appointing and Replacing Members of the Board of Directors and on Amending the Articles of Association

The regulations provided by the Company's Articles of Association regarding, both for the appointment and replacement of members of the Board of Directors, as well as the amendment of its provisions, are no different to those stipulated in Codified Law 2190/1920.

h) Duties of the Board of Directors with Regard to the Issuance of New or the Purchase of Own Shares

- Pursuant to the provisions of Article 6, Par. 1, of the Articles of Association, stipulates that only the General Shareholders Meeting that sits by a majority vote of two thirds 2/3 of its members, may increase share capital of the Company by issuing new shares, with a decision taken by a majority vote of 2/3 of the represented votes.
- According to the Company's Articles of Association it is not allowed to the Board of Directors or any members of it, the concession of any administrative right on the Shareholders Meeting, to issue shares and increase share capital.

- The Board of Directors may purchase own shares within the framework of a General Meeting decision pursuant to C.L. 2190/20, Article 16, Paragraphs 5 to 13.

- Pursuant to C.L. 2190/20, Article 13, Paragraph 9 and the decision of the General Meeting on 20 June 2002, every December of each year, starting from 2006 up to 2013, the Company's Board of Directors increases the Company's share capital, without amending its Articles of Association, by issuing new shares within the context of the implementation of a Stock Option Plan approved by the General Meeting, details of which are included in note 19 of the Financial Statements for the financial year 2006.

i) Significant Agreements that Become Effective, are Amended or Terminated in the Event of Change of Control

Bank loan agreements that were undertaken from Banks as a whole are mentioned in note 18 of the annual financial statements (on consolidated level, Euro 289.06 million on a long-term basis, and Euro 58.24 million on a short-term basis, and on a company level Euro 198.29 million on a long-term basis and Euro 42.24 million on a short-term basis), of both the Company as well as of consolidated companies, include a clause in their terms for the event of change of control, which gives bondholders the right to terminate it prematurely.

There are no agreements, which become effective, are amended or terminated in the event of change of Company control.

j) Agreements with Members of the Board of Directors or Company Personnel

There are no agreements between the Company and members of the Board of Directors or its personnel, which provide for the payment of compensation, especially in the event of resignation or termination of employment without reasonable grounds or termination of tenure-of-office or employment.

Athens, May 14, 2007

The Chairman of the Board of Directors

THEODOSIOS PAPAGEORGIOPOULOS

BALANCE SHEET		AMOUNTS IN EURO			
	Notes	2006	GROUP 2005	COMPANY 2006	2005
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	6	304.293.573	300.922.795	137.314.860	113.210.511
Intangible assets	7	2.276.085	2.832.015	417.143	397.784
Investments in real estate	8	2.168.074	2.168.074	-	-
Investments in associates (consolidated using the equity method)	9	6.950.445	6.842.589	95.179.198	105.184.381
Financial assets available for sale	10	1.219.045	730.890	952.502	252.272
Deferred income tax assets	11	3.206.732	1.022.073	-	-
Derivatives	14	405.529	-	278.737	-
Other receivables	13	797.140	791.513	429.086	407.662
		321.316.623	315.309.949	234.571.526	219.452.609
Current assets					
Inventories	12	252.095.254	168.625.093	121.923.626	60.081.338
Trade and other receivables	13	296.221.140	198.659.762	140.101.567	90.061.482
Derivatives	14	7.650.123	1.622.157	5.335.187	972.507
Financial assets at fair value through the profit and loss statement		8.231	8.231	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	15	29.261.016	16.246.241	19.057.305	6.656.461
		585.235.764	385.161.485	286.417.685	157.771.788
Total assets		906.552.387	700.471.434	520.989.210	377.224.397
EQUITY					
Equity attributable to Shareholders of the Company					
Share capital	16	38.486.258	32.003.756	38.486.258	32.003.756
Above per reserve	16	67.138.064	65.230.753	67.138.064	65.230.753
Foreign Exchange differences from the consolidation of foreign subsidiaries	17	1.901.584	-516.781	-	-
Other reserves	17	68.185.723	61.611.677	66.557.974	61.320.370
Profit / (losses) carried forward		62.970.463	27.086.413	28.065.455	10.813.780
Total		238.682.093	185.415.819	200.247.751	169.368.659
Minority interest		24.624.399	33.836.372	-	-
Total equity		263.306.491	219.252.191	200.247.751	169.368.659
LIABILITIES					
Long-term liabilities					
Loans	18	311.395.798	213.749.227	198.286.169	125.522.404
Financial Leasing liabilities	18	15.821	-	-	-
Derivatives	14	-	1.015.076	-	653.279
Deferred income tax liabilities	11	27.222.759	24.736.580	22.647.391	16.771.216
Personell retirement benefits payable	19	4.268.834	3.948.694	2.453.805	1.783.808
Subsidies	20	2.525.850	2.662.324	1.607.200	366.647
Provisions	21	5.622.832	5.192.103	5.430.729	5.000.000
Other long-term liabilities		10.203	10.586	-	-
		351.062.097	251.314.591	230.425.294	150.097.355
Short-term liabilities					
Suppliers and other liabilities	22	84.369.801	61.508.994	37.941.570	24.237.645
Current tax liabilities		12.107.368	7.856.925	6.754.968	4.616.300
Loans	18	191.315.807	159.007.019	42.711.789	27.682.167
Financial Leasing liabilities	18	7.465	-	-	-
Derivatives	14	1.754.379	1.531.714	278.858	1.222.271
Provisions	21	2.628.979	-	2.628.979	-
		292.183.799	229.904.652	90.316.164	57.758.383
Total liabilities		643.245.896	481.219.243	320.741.458	207.855.738
Total equity and liabilities		906.552.387	700.471.434	520.989.210	377.224.396

The notes attached hereto from pages A15 to A42 constitute an integral part of these financial statements.

INCOME STATEMENT

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	Notes	GROUP		COMPANY	
		2006	2005	2006	2005
Sales	4	1.246.691.814	711.732.053	730.198.102	394.425.100
Cost of goods sold	23	-1.127.931.139	-650.499.604	-678.835.051	-358.663.006
Gross profit		118.760.675	61.232.449	51.363.051	35.762.094
Selling expenses	23	-17.179.007	-14.476.625	-9.633.822	-6.509.497
Administrative expenses	23	-26.972.742	-21.742.976	-14.064.445	-11.288.904
Other operating income/ (expenses) net	26	-1.932.000	1.110.324	1.688.408	696.645
Operating results		72.676.926	26.123.172	29.353.193	18.660.338
Finance costs - net	24	-21.870.280	-13.623.909	-11.046.097	-6.155.026
Dividends	26	134.424	21.437	1.783.939	1.765.413
Share of profit/loss of associates	26	946.147	-14.496	-	-
Profit before income tax		51.887.217	12.506.204	20.091.035	14.270.724
Income tax expenses	25	-11.518.216	-7.501.247	-7.273.328	-4.734.133
Net profit for the period from continued operations		40.369.001	5.004.958	12.817.707	9.536.591
Attributable to:					
Shareholders of the Parent		35.954.841	3.490.957	12.817.707	9.536.591
Minority interest		4.414.160	1.514.001	-	-
		40.369.001	5.004.958	12.817.707	9.536.591
Earnings per share that attributed to the Shareholders of the Parent for the year (amounts in Euro per share)					
Basic		0,3596	0,0360	0,1282	0,0983
Reluted		0,3595	0,0360	0,1282	0,0983

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	Of the parent company's shareholders								
	Share capital	Share premium reserves	Fair value reserves	Other reserves	Results carried forward	Foreign exchange differences	Total	Minority interest	Total Equity
GROUP									
Balance as of January 1, 2005	32.003.756	65.230.753	-882.121	54.215.684	35.564.250	-92.352	186.039.970	31.709.461	217.749.432
Foreign exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-424.429	-424.429	-	-424.429
Profit / (loss) recognised directly to equity	-	-	390.482	-	767.893	-	1.158.374	-	1.158.374
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	3.490.957	-	3.490.952	1.514.001	5.004.958
Total recognised net profit for the period	-	-	390.482	-	4.258.849	-424.429	4.224.902	1.514.001	5.738.903
Increase/(decrease) of % holding in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	612.909	612.909
Transfer of reserves	-	-	-	7.887.632	-7.887.632	-	-	-	-
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-4.849.054	-	-4.849.054	-	-4.849.054
Balance as of December 31, 2005	32.003.756	65.230.753	-491.639	62.103.316	27.086.413	-516.781	185.415.818	33.836.371	219.252.190
Balance as of January 1, 2006	32.003.756	65.230.753	-491.639	62.103.316	27.086.413	-516.781	185.415.818	33.836.371	219.252.190
Foreign exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	2.418.364	2.418.364	711.876	3.130.240
Profit / (loss) recognised directly to equity	-	-	5.841.828	-	220.940	-	6.062.768	-47.746	6.015.022
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	35.954.841	-	35.954.841	4.414.160	40.369.001
Total recognised net profit for the period	-	-	5.841.828	-	36.175.781	2.418.364	44.435.973	5.078.290	49.514.262
Stock option plans									
Income from stocks issue	107.654	869.731	-	-	-	-	977.385	-	977.385
Additions due to merger	5.707.815	1.704.613	-	978.200	9.655.913	-	18.046.541	-	18.046.541
Surplus due to merger	-	-	-	-3.889.856	-	-	-3.889.856	-14.346.826	-18.236.682
Increase/decrease % of participation in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56.564	56.564
Transfer of reserves	667.033	-667.033	-	3.643.874	-3.643.874	-	-	-	-
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-6.303.770	-	-6.303.770	-	-6.303.770
	6.482.502	1.907.311	-	732.218	-291.731	-	8.830.300	-14.290.262	-5.459.962
Balance as of December 31, 2006	38.486.258	67.138.064	5.350.189	62.835.534	62.970.463	1.901.583	238.682.091	24.624.399	263.306.490

The notes attached hereto from pages A15 to A42 constitute an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONT/D)

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	Of the parent company's shareholders							
	Share capital	Share premium reserves	Fair value reserves	Other reserves	Results carried forward	Foreign exchange differences	Total	Minority interest
								Total Equity
COMPANY								
Balance as of January 1, 2005	32.003.756	65.230.753	-607.577	54.147.302	13.976.593	-	164.750.827	- 164.750.827
Profit / (loss) recognised directly to equity	-	-	-69.705	-	-	-	-69.705	- -69.705
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	9.536.591	-	9.536.591	- 9.536.591
Total recognised net profit for the period	-	-	-69.705	-	9.536.591	-	9.466.885	- 9.466.885
Transfer of reserves (from distribution)	-	-	-	7.850.350	-7.850.350	-	-	- -
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-4.849.054	-	-4.849.054	- -4.849.054
	-	-	-	7.850.350	-12.699.404	-	-4.849.054	- -4.849.054
Balance as of December 31, 2005	32.003.756	65.230.753	-677.282	61.997.652	10.813.780	-	169.368.659	- 169.368.659
Balance as of January 1, 2006	32.003.756	65.230.753	-677.282	61.997.652	10.813.780	-	169.368.659	- 169.368.659
Profit / (loss) recognised directly to equity	-	-	4.678.582	-	-	-	4.678.582	- 4.678.582
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	12.817.707	-	12.817.707	- 12.817.707
Total recognised net profit for the period	-	-	4.678.582	-	12.817.707	-	17.496.289	- 17.496.289
Stock option plans								
Income from stocks issue	107.654	869.731	-	-	-	-	977.385	- 977.385
Transfer of reserves	667.033	-667.033	-	3.470.678	-3.470.678	-	-	- -
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-6.303.770	-	-6.303.770	- -6.303.770
Additions due to merger	5.707.815	1.704.613	-	978.200	14.208.417	-	22.599.045	- 22.599.045
Surplus due to merger	-	-	-	-3.889.856	-	-	-3.889.856	- -3.889.856
	6.482.502	1.907.311	-	559.022	4.433.969	-	13.382.804	- 13.382.804
Balance as of December 31, 2006	38.486.258	67.138.064	4.001.299	62.556.674	28.065.455	-	200.247.751	- 200.247.751

CASH FLOW STATEMENT		AMOUNTS IN EURO			
	Notes	2006	GROUP 2005	COMPANY 2006	2005
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash generated from operations	27	-61.899.946	23.795.077	-58.096.377	44.292.235
Interests paid		-19.484.808	-14.060.953	-8.691.658	-6.383.982
Income tax paid		-7.220.024	-7.738.098	-4.213.283	-5.952.565
Net Cash flows from operating activities		-88.604.777	1.996.027	-71.001.318	31.995.688
Cash flows from investing activities					
Purchase of property, plant and equipment (PPE)		-27.204.131	-20.912.387	-6.664.704	-4.670.845
Purchase of intangible assets		-240.219	-999.815	-173.123	-306.964
Sales of PPE		1.231.382	872.350	162.817	231.410
Sales of intangible assets		-	3.499	-	-
Sales of investments in real estate		1.814.580	-	1.814.580	-
Sales of holdings		5.423	16.024.448	5.423	16.024.448
Dividends received		134.424	21.437	1.783.939	1.765.412
Loans to associated parties		-39.632	-	-	-
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through the profit and loss statement		-	-8.231	-	-
Interest received		728.567	376.211	222.147	168.123
Proceeds from loans of associated parties repayment		39.632	-	-	-
Increase of participation in affiliated		-	-8.400	-	-
Increase of participation in subsidiaries		-	-15.960.000	3.766.288	-37.004.779
Increase of participation in other holdings		-	-	-	-8.400
Net Cash flows from investing activities		-23.529.975	-20.590.887	917.368	-23.801.594
Cash flows from financing activities					
Common stocks issue		107.654	-	977.385	-
Dividends paid to shareholders of the parent		-6.301.771	-3.877.805	-6.285.978	-4.848.077
Loans received		155.285.000	65.875.154	95.000.000	30.000.000
Repayment of loans		-25.329.641	-39.148.989	-7.206.612	-30.768.095
Changes changes in financial leases		7.465	-	-	-
Dividends paid to minority interest		-	-382.060	-	-
Grand proceeds		511.088	-	-	-
Net cash flows from financing activities		124.279.795	22.466.300	82.484.795	-5.616.172
Net (decrease)/ increase in cash and cash equivalents		12.145.043	3.871.440	12.400.844	2.537.922
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period		16.246.241	12.374.801	6.656.461	4.118.539
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period		28.391.284	16.246.241	19.057.305	6.656.461

Notes to the Financial Statements FY 2006

(Amounts are expressed in Euros, unless otherwise stated.

Differences in the total amounts are due to rounding).

1. The Group's Incorporation and Business:

HALCOR METAL WORKS S.A. (formerly VECTOR S.A. Metals Processing Company) (or "HALCOR" or the "Company") was incorporated in 1977 and is registered in the Register of Societes Anonymes under No. 2836/06/B/86/48. In 1997 the merger of the companies VECTOR S.A. and (the former) HALCOR S.A. took place and was finalized by the Ministry of Development's decision taken on 5/6/97, recorded in the Public Limited Companies Register.

The Company duration is set to 50 years from the date of publication of its Articles of Association, i.e. up to 2027. It has been listed on the Athens Stock Exchange since 1996 and is a member of the VIOHALCO Group. HALCOR S.A. fabricates copper, brass and other copper alloy rolled and extrusion products. The company is vertically integrated and is the only company in Greece that manufactures copper tubes and holds a leading position in the fabrication and trade of copper, brass and other copper alloy products, as well as copper wire.

The Company's Financial Statements for the fiscal year that ended on 31 December 2006 include the HALCOR's Financial Statements and the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements (together referred to as the "Group"). The names of the subsidiary companies are presented in Note 9 of the Financial Statements.

The Group's core business is the fabrication and trade of rolled and extrusion copper and copper alloy products, rolled zinc products and all kinds of cables.

The Group operates in Greece, Bulgaria, Romania, Cyprus, the United Kingdom, France, Germany and Serbia-Montenegro.

The Company's shares, as well as those of its Subsidiary "HELLENIC CABLES S.A." are listed on the Athens Stock Exchange.

The Company's registered offices are located in Athens, Athens Tower – 2nd Building, 2-4 Messogion Avenue, Postal Code 115 27. The Company's headquarters and its contact address are at the 57th km of the Athens-

Lamia National Road, Inofyta Viotias, Postal Code GR-32011. The company's website address is www.halcor.gr.

The Company and Consolidated Financial Statements as of 31 December 2006 attached were approved for publication by the Company's Board of Directors on 22 February, 2007 while they stand for approval by the Annual General Shareholders Meeting.

2. Financial Statements' basis of preparation

(a) Note of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been drawn up in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (I.F.R.S.) as they have been adopted by the European Union.

(b) Basis of Valuation

The Financial Statements were drawn up on the basis of the historical cost principle with the exception of derivatives that are recorded at their fair value. The Financial Statements are presented in Euros unless otherwise stated.

(c) Operating Exchange Rate and Presentation

The financial statements are expressed in Euros (Euro), which constitutes the company's operating currency. All the financial figures are presented in Euros (Euro).

(d) Application of Evaluations and Judgments

When drawing up financial statements in accordance with the I.F.R.S. it is necessary for the management to resort to evaluations and judgments that affect the application of accounting policies, as well as the recorded figures regarding assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may eventually differ from those calculations.

The evaluations and the relative assumptions are revised on a continuous basis. These revisions are recognized in the period in which they were made and in future periods if there are any.

In the areas where there is uncertainty regarding the evaluations and the decisive judgments concerning the application of accounting policies, with significant impact on the figures recorded in the financial

statements, special information is given in the following notes:

- Fixed Assets (Note 6)
- Intangible Assets (Note 7)
- Inventories (Note 12)
- Customers (Note 13)

The accounting policies that are presented below have been consistently applied in all the periods that are presented in these Financial Statements and have been consistently applied by all of the Group's companies.

Certain comparative elements have been readjusted in order to be comparable with the respective elements of the current year.

In the consolidated balance sheet of the year 2005 a reallocation to the figures has been made of a total amount of Euro 706.187 from Trade and Other Receivables and Euro 2.501.795 from Other Receivables to Fixed Assets concerning down payments for the purchase of Fixed Assets and an amount of Euro 2.858.158 from Other Receivables to Inventories concerning down payments for the purchase of inventories. The respective adjustments to the parent Company Balance Sheet amounted totally to Euro 706.187 in down payments for the purchase of Fixed Assets and Euro 99.227 in down payments for the purchase of inventories.

In the consolidated Cash Flow Statement the reallocations for the above mentioned figures concern the elements of a) Decrease / (Increase) of Inventories: Euro 2.858.158 b) Purchase of Fixed and Intangible Assets Euro 3.207.982 and c) Decrease / (Increase) of Receivables Euro 6.066.120.

In the parent company Cash Flow Statement the respective reallocations concern a) Decrease / (Increase) of Inventories Euro 99.227 and b) Decrease / (Increase) of Receivables: Euro 805.413 and c) Results from Investing Activity: Euro 706.187.

3. Basic Accounting Policies

3.1 Consolidation basis

(a) Subsidiary Companies

Subsidiaries are the companies controlled by the parent company. Control is exercised when the parent company has the power to reach decisions, directly or indirectly, that concern the subsidiaries' principles of financial management with the purpose of benefiting

from them. The existence of any potential voting rights which may be exercised at the drawing up of the financial statements is taken into account in order to ascertain whether the parent company controls the subsidiaries. The subsidiaries are consolidated in full (integrated consolidation) from the date control over them is acquired and cease to be consolidated from the date that such control ceases to exist.

The buy out of a subsidiary by the Group is accounted according to the method of buy out. The acquisition cost of a subsidiary is the fair value of assets given, shares issued and liabilities assumed on the date of the exchange, plus any cost directly related to the transition. The individual assets, liabilities and possible liabilities acquired in a business merger are apportioned during the acquisition at their fair values regardless of the holding percentage. Acquisition cost beyond the fair value of the individual items acquired, is recorded as goodwill. Goodwill is periodically subject, at least annually, to an evaluation for any possible impairment. This evaluation is effected based on the provision of I.A.S. 36 "Impairment of Assets". If the overall cost of the buy out is less than the reasonable value of the individual items acquired, the difference shall be entered directly in the profit and loss statement. The Company records investments in subsidiaries in the Individual Financial Statements at their acquisition cost less any possible impairment of their value.

(b) Affiliated Companies

Affiliated companies are those over which the Group has material influence, but not control over their financial and operating policies, which is generally valid when percentage holdings fluctuate between 20% and 50% of voting rights. Investments in associated companies are accounted by the equity method and are initially recognized at acquisition cost, increased or decreased by the Group's holding percentage in the profits and losses thereof after the date it acquired the significant influence and until this influence ceases to exist, as well as all corresponding increases and decreases of the holding's net worth. The investment in associated companies account includes the goodwill arising from the buy out (less any impairment).

The Group's share of the affiliated companies' profit or loss after the buy out is recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement, while its share in the variation of reserves after the buy out is recognized in the Reserves account.

Accumulated variations affect the accounting value of investments in affiliated companies. Should the Group's share in the loss of an affiliated company exceed the value of the investment in the associated company, no additional loss is recognized, unless payments have been effected or further commitments have been undertaken on behalf of the affiliated company.

The Company records investments in affiliated companies in the Individual Financial Statements at their acquisition cost less any possible impairment of their value.

(c) Transactions Eliminated during Consolidation

Inter-group balances and transactions, as well as profits and losses which occurred from inter-group transactions are eliminated during the composition of the consolidated financial statements. Non realized profits from transactions between the group and its affiliated companies are eliminated by the percentage of the Group's holding in the affiliated companies. Non realized losses are eliminated accordingly, unless the transaction provides indications of impairment in the transferred asset.

3.2 Information by sector

A business sector is defined as a group of assets and operations providing goods and services which are subject to risks and returns different from those of other business sectors. A geographic sector is defined as a geographical area where goods and services subject to risks and returns different from other areas are provided.

3.3 Foreign Currency

(a) Transactions in Foreign Currency

Transactions in foreign currency are converted into the operational currency based on the foreign currency's official rate that prevails on the date the transaction took place. Profits and losses from currency differences deriving after the clearing of such transactions during the fiscal year and after the conversion of currency items expressed in foreign currency at the parity rates prevailing on the date of the balance sheet are recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement.

(c) Transactions with Foreign Companies

Conversion of the Group's companies' financial statements (none of which is in the currency of a hyper inflated economy), that are in a different operational

currency than the group's presentation currency are converted as follows:

Assets and liabilities of activities that are carried out abroad, including the goodwill and readjustment of reasonable values that arise during consolidation, are converted to Euros based on the foreign currency's official rate that prevails on the date of the Balance Sheet.

Income and expenses are converted to Euros based on the foreign currency's average rate during the fiscal year, which reflects the foreign exchange parity that prevails on the date the relative transaction took place. Foreign exchange differences arising from the conversion of the net investment in a foreign business and of the relative offsets are recognized in a different line in the Equity account. When a foreign business is sold, accumulated foreign exchange differences are transferred to the Profit and Loss Statement as part of the profit or loss from the sale.

3.4 Tangible Fixed Assets

Tangible fixed assets are shown at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment of the value thereof. Acquisition cost includes all expenditures that are directly associated with the acquisition of the fixed asset.

Later expenditures are recorded as an increase in the accounting value of the tangible fixed assets or as a separate fixed asset only where there is a possibility that the future financial benefits shall flow into the group and their cost may be reliably accounted. Repairs and maintenance costs are recorded in the Profits and Loss Statement when they are carried out.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other tangible fixed asset items is calculated by the straight line method during the estimated useful lives of these assets and of their sections thereof. Useful lives range is estimated as follows:

- Buildings	20-33	years
- Mechanical equipment	1-18	years
- Automobiles	5-7	years
- Other equipment	3-7	years

The residual values and the useful life of tangible fixed assets are subject to review on every balance sheet date, if this is deemed necessary.

When the accounting values of tangible fixed assets exceed their estimated replacement cost the difference

(impairment) is recorded as a result in the Profits and Loss Statement.

When tangible fixed assets are sold, the differences arising between the proceeds received and their accounting value is recorded as a profit or loss in the Profit and Loss Statement.

Financial expenses related to the construction of assets are capitalized for the period of time required till construction has been completed. All other financial expenses are recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement.

3.5 Intangible Fixed Assets

Intangible fixed assets that are acquired separately are recognized at their acquisition cost while intangible fixed assets that are acquired through the purchase of companies are recognized at their fair value on the date of acquisition. They are subsequently evaluated at this amount less accumulated depreciation and any possible accumulated impairment of their value. Intangible fixed assets may have either a definite or indefinite useful life. The cost of intangible fixed assets that have a definite useful life is depreciated during the period of their estimated useful life with the straight line method. Intangible fixed assets are depreciated from the date on which they become available. Intangible fixed assets with an indefinite useful life are not depreciated but are periodically subject (at least annually) to an evaluation of any possible impairment of their value based on the provisions of I.A.S. 36 "Impairment of Assets". Residual values are not recognized. The useful life of intangible fixed assets is evaluated on an annual basis. Intangible fixed assets are controlled for impairment, at least annually, on an individual level or on a cash flow creation unit level to which they belong.

Software licenses are evaluated at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation, less any accumulated impairment. They are depreciated by the straight line method over their useful life, which is from 3 to 5 years. Expenditure necessary for the development and maintenance of software is recognized as an expense in the Profit and Loss Statement for the year in which it occurs.

3.6 Investment in Properties

Investments in real estate concern land, which is evaluated at acquisition cost less any impairment.

3.7 Impairment in value of assets

The book value of the Group's assets is checked for impairment when there are indications that their book value will not be recovered. In this case, the asset's recoverable amount is determined and if the book value thereof exceeds the estimated recoverable value, an impairment loss is recognized, which is recorded directly in the Profit and Loss Statement. The recoverable value is the greater amount between an asset's fair value, less the cost that is required for the sale thereof, and the value of the use thereof. In order to estimate the use value, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to the asset's present value with the use of a discount rate that reflects the market's current estimations for the cash's temporal value and for the risks that are associated with these assets. If an asset does not bring significant independent cash flows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash flow production unit to which the asset belongs.

If an impairment loss is recognized, on each balance sheet date the Group examines if the conditions that led to the recognition thereof continue to exist. In this case, the asset's recoverable value is re-determined and the impairment loss is offset restoring the asset's book value to its recoverable amount to the extent that this does not exceed its book value (net of depreciation) that would have been determined if an impairment loss had not been recorded.

3.8 Investments

Investments are classified according to the purpose for which they were acquired. Management decides on the appropriate classification of the investment when the investment is acquired and reviews the classification at every presentation date.

(a) Financial assets at a reasonable value through the Profit and Loss Statement

This category includes financial assets acquired for the purpose of being resold soon. Assets in this category are classified as Current Assets if they are held to be traded or if it is expected that they shall be sold within 12 months from the balance sheet date.

(b) Investments held till expiry

This category includes investments with fixed or pre-determined payments and a specific expiry date which the Group is intending as far as possible to hold onto until their expiry.

(c) Financial assets available for sale

This category includes assets which are either designated for this category or cannot be classified in one of the above categories. They are included in non-Current Assets provided Management does not intent to liquidate them within 12 months form the balance sheet date.

Purchases and sales of investments are recognized on the date of the transaction which is the date the Group commits itself to buy or sell the item. Investments are initially recognized at their fair value plus transaction costs. Investments are eliminated when the rights to collect cash flows from the investments expire or are transferred and the Group has materially transferred all risks and benefits inherent in their ownership.

Subsequently, the financial assets for sale are evaluated at their reasonable value and the relative profit or loss is recorded in an equity reserve till these items are sold or defined as impaired. When sold or defined as impaired, the profit or loss is transferred to the profit and loss statement. Impairment loss recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement cannot be reversed through the profit and loss statement.

Realized and non-realized profits or losses arising from variation in the reasonable value of financial assets are evaluated at their fair value with variations in the profit and loss statement, and recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement of the period in which they occurred.

The fair values of financial assets traded on active markets are designated by their current bid price. For non-traded assets, fair values are designated by the use of evaluation methods such as an analysis of recent transactions, reference comparable items that are traded and discounted cash flow.

On every balance sheet date the Group assess whether there are any objective indications leading to the conclusion that financial assets have suffered impairment. For shares in companies that have been classified as financial assets available for sale, such an indication is a significant or prolonged fall in its fair value compared to its acquisition cost. If impairment is ascertained, the accumulated loss in Equity which is the difference between acquisition cost and reasonable cost is transferred to the Profit and Loss Statement. Impairment loss in holding titles recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement cannot be reversed through the profit and loss statement.

3.9 Inventories

Inventories are evaluated at the lower, per item, price between the acquisition cost and net liquidation value. Acquisition cost is designated by the weighted average cost method. Net liquidation value is evaluated on the basis of current stock sale prices in the context of usual business after subtracting any cost of completion and sale where there is such a case. It is hereby noted that specially in the case of by-products, these are evaluated directly at their net liquidation value. Eliminations are recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement of the year in which they occur.

3.10 Customers and Other Current Receivables

Customer account receivables are recorded at cost and are controlled on an annual basis for impairment. Impairment losses are recorded when there is an objective indication that the Group is not in a position to collect all the sums owed on the basis of contractual terms. The provision figure is recorded as an expense in the Profit and Loss Statement. Possible deletions of receivables from accounts receivables are effected through the provision that has been formed. Receivables that are deemed as doubtful are deleted.

3.11 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include the cash balance, sight deposits, highly liquefiable and low risk short-term investments up to 3 months.

3.12 Share capital

Direct costs for the issue of shares appear after the subtraction of the relevant income tax as a reduction of the above par reserve.

Acquisition cost of own shares, including the direct expenses thereof, appears in a separate account as a negative figure in the Company's Equity, till these own shares are sold, cancelled or re-issued. Any profit or loss from the sale of own shares net of other direct expenses and taxes on the transaction appear as a Reserve in Equity.

3.13 Interest-bearing Loans

Loans are initially recorded at their fair value. Following their initial recording they are monitored at their outstanding balance.

Loans are classified as Current Liabilities unless the

Group has the right to postpone final settlement of the liability for at least 12 months from the date of the balance sheet. In this case they are classified as Long-term Liabilities.

3.14 Income Tax

Income tax of the fiscal year is comprised of both current and deferred tax. Income tax is recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement unless it concerns amounts that are directly recorded in Equity, in which case it is recorded in Equity.

Current income tax is the expected payable tax against taxable income of the fiscal year, based on the instituted tax rates on the balance sheet date, as well as any readjustment to the payable tax of previous fiscal years. Deferred income tax is calculated by the balance sheet method, based on the balance sheet, which derives from the provisional differences between the accounting value and the tax base of assets and liabilities. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it derives from the initial recognition of an asset or liability item in a transaction, apart from a business merger, which when the transaction took place, affected neither the accounting nor the taxation profit or loss. Deferred tax is calculated using the tax rates which are expected to be in force in the period when the asset shall be liquidated or the liability settled. The usage of future tax rates is based on laws which have been passed at the date of drawing up the financial statements.

Deferred tax claims are recognized in the extent to which there shall be a future tax profit for the use of the provisional difference establishing the deferred tax claim. Deferred tax claims are reduced when the respective tax benefit is materialized.

Deferred income tax is recognized for provisional differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and affiliated companies, with the exception of the case where the reversal of provisional differences is controlled by the Group and it is possible that the provisional differences shall not be reversed in the foreseeable future. Additional income taxes which emerge from the distribution of dividends are set in the same time with the obligatory payment of the relevant dividend.

3.15 Personnel Fringe Benefits

(a) Current Fringe Benefits

Current fringe benefits in money or kind are recorded

as an expense when they accrue.

(b) Established Benefit Plans

The liability recorded in the balance sheet with regard to established benefit plans is the present value of the commitment for the benefit less the reasonable value of the plan's assets and the variations arising from non-recognised actuarial profit and loss and the cost of previous service. The commitment of the established benefit is calculated by an independent actuary by the projected unit credit method.

The actuarial profit and loss arising for the adjustments based on historical data over or under 10% margin of the accumulated liability is recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement within the expected average insurance time of the plan's participants. The cost of previous service is recorded directly in the Profit and Loss Statement with the exception of the case where variations in the plan depend on the remaining time of service of employees. In this case the cost of previous service is recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement by the straight line method over the maturity period.

(c) Defined Contribution Plan

The duties towards benefits in Defined Contribution Plan are registered as an expense in the profits and loss statement during their year of realization.

3.16 State Subsidies

State subsidies are recognized at their fair value when it is expected with certainty that they shall be collected and the Group shall comply with all terms provided.

State subsidies regarding expenses, are deferred and recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement so as to correspond to the expenses they are designated to indemnify. State subsidies related to the purchase of tangible fixed assets are included in Long-term Liabilities as deferred state subsidies and are transferred as gains to the Profit and Loss Statement by the straight line method over the expected useful life of the relative assets.

3.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present commitment (legal or justified) for which a cash outflow may arise for its settlement. Moreover, the amount of this commitment must be able to be determined with a significant degree of reliability. Provisions are re-examined on each balance sheet date and if it is deemed that no cash outflow shall arise for

the commitment's settlement, a reverse entry must be made for these provisions. Provisions are used solely for the purposes for which they were initially formed. Provisions for future losses are not recognized. Contingent claims and liabilities are not recognized in the Financial Statements.

Provisions with regard to reorganization are recognized when the Group has an approved, detailed and official reorganization plan and the reorganization has either began or has been announced to the public. Future operating costs may not be included in the provision.

3.18 Recognition of Income

Income includes the fair value of sales of goods and services, net of Value Added Tax, discounts and returns. The Group's inter-company income is fully eliminated. Income is recognized as follows:

(a) Sale of goods

The sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and property benefits have been transferred to the buyer, the collection of the amount to be received is deemed reasonably ensured, the relevant expenses and possible returns of goods can be reliably evaluated and there is no continuing involvement in the management of goods.

(b) Services

Income from services is recognized in the period in which these services are rendered, on the basis of the completion stage of the service provided with relation to services provided overall.

(c) Interest income

Interest income is recognized when interest is rendered accrued (based on the actual interest rate method).

(d) Income from dividends

Dividends are accounted as income upon the approval of their distribution by the General Meeting of the shareholders.

3.19 Net Financial Expenditures

Net financial expenditures are comprised of debit interest on loans as well as foreign exchange profits/losses that arise from the companies' lending. In addition, they also include income from accrued credit interest from invested cash.

3.20 Leases

Fixed asset leases where the Group materially preserves

the risks and benefits of ownership are classified as financial leases. Financial leases are capitalized at the beginning of the lease at the lower of fair value of the fixed asset or the present value of minimum leases, less accumulated depreciation and any possible loss from their obsolescence. The corresponding lease liabilities, net of financial expenses, are depicted in the Liabilities. The part of the financial expenses regarding leases is recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement of the year throughout the life of the lease.

Leases where the material risks and benefits of ownership are preserved by the leaser are classified as operational leases. Payments for operational leases are recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement on a fixed basis throughout the life of the lease.

3.21 Dividends

Dividends that are distributed to the parent Company's shareholders are recognized as a Liability in the Financial Statements when the distribution is approved by the General Meeting of the shareholders.

3.22 Derivatives

Derivatives are initially and later recognized at their fair value. The method for recognizing profit and loss depends on whether the derivatives are designated as means of hedging or whether they are being held for trading purposes. The character of derivatives is determined on the date the transaction is entered into by the Group as hedges or as the reasonable value of accounts receivable, liabilities or commitments (hedging of reasonable value), or very likely foreseeable transactions (hedging of cash flows).

On entering the transaction the Group records the relationship between the hedging items and the hedged items as well as the relative risk management strategy. On entering the transaction and on an ongoing basis subsequently the evaluation related to the high returns of the hedge as well as for reasonable value hedges and for cash flow hedges is recorded.

(a) Fair Value Hedging

The variations in the fair value of derivatives which are designated as variations in the fair value hedges of hedged items are recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement as are the variations in the fair value of hedged items attributed to the risk being hedged.

(b) Cash Flow Hedging

The efficient proportion of variation in the fair value of

derivatives designated as a means of hedging cash flows is recorded in an Equity Reserve. Profit or loss from the non-efficient proportion is recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement. Amounts recorded in an Equity reserve are transferred to the Profit and Loss Statement of the period where the hedged item affects profit or loss. In the case of hedging foreseeable future transactions resulting in the recognition of a non-monetary item (e.g. stock) the liability, profit or loss that had been recorded in Equity is transferred to the acquisition cost of the resulting non-financial asset.

When a hedging means expires or is sold, or when a hedging relation no longer fulfils the hedging criteria, profits or losses accumulated in Equity remain as a reserve and are transferred to a profit and loss account when the hedged item affects the profits or losses. If a future transaction, which is not expected to be realized, is hedged, profits and losses accumulated in Equity are transferred to the Profit and Loss Statement.

(c) Net Investment Hedging

Net investment hedging in a business abroad is treated in the same way as cash flows hedging.

Profit or loss from the means of hedging related to the efficient part of the hedge is recognized in an Equity reserve. Profit or loss related to non-efficient part of the hedge is recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement.

Profit or loss that has accumulated in Equity is transferred to the Profit and Loss Statement when this business is sold.

(d) Derivatives not destined as a means of hedging

The variations in the fair value of these derivatives are recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement.

3.23 Share Option Plans for Employees

The Company and its subsidiary HELLENIC CABLES S.A. have granted Share Option Plans to some of its executives that have been recorded gradually from 2002 until 2011. According to the transitional provisions of I.F.R.S. 2 and since these specific option rights were granted before 7 November 2002 the Group did not apply the provisions of this specific Standard with the exception of the notices as per paragraphs 44 and 45 of I.F.R.S. 2 (see note 19).

3.24 Earnings per share

The Group presents the basic as well as the diluted earnings per share for its common shares. The basic

earnings per share are estimated by dividing the earnings or losses, which correspond to the common shares holders, with the weighted average number of common shares that stand over during the period. The diluted earnings per share are determined by the revision of the earnings or losses which correspond to the common shares holders and the weighted average number of common shares that stand over, during the influence of all reclassified possible common shares, which consist of convertible bonds and share options which have been granted to the personnel.

3.25 Report per Sector

A business sector is defined as a part of the Group that is active either in the production of relevant goods or services (activity sector) or in the provision goods or services in a specific financial environment (geographical sector) which are subject to risks and returns different from those of other business sectors. The basic Group financial reporting as per sector is based on activities.

3.26 Financial Risk Sector

The Group is exposed to financial risk, such as market risks (fluctuations in exchange rates, interest rates, and market prices), credit risk and liquidation risk. The general risk management program of the Group focuses on the unpredictability of the financial markets and attempts to minimize their possible negative influence on the financial performance of the Group.

The risk management is processed centrally by a qualified service of the Group VIOHALCO S.A., which operates under specific orders that have been approved by the Operational Regulation. The Board of directors offers instructions and guidance, for the general management of risk, as well as special instructions for the management of specific risks such as exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and credit risk.

(a) Market Risk

The Group is mainly active in Europe and thus the largest part of its transactions takes place in Euros (Euro). However, a part of product purchases are made using US Dollars and Great British Pounds. The fast payment of those suppliers lowers significantly the exchange risk. The Group buys foreign currency in advance and signs contracts of future exchange implementation with external contracting partners in

order to counter the fluctuation risk of exchange rates.

(b) Credit Risk

The Group has established and implements credit control procedures which aim in minimizing any bad debt and the immediate cover of demands through securities. No client surpasses 10% of turnover and thus the trade risk is spread-out over a large number of clients. Wholesales are made to clients with an evaluated credit history. Credit Control Management sets credit limits per client and certain sales and collection terms are applied. Where this is possible, real or other securities are asked for.

(c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is held at low levels through the availability of adequate cash and credit lines in the associate banks.

(d) Interest Rates Fluctuation Risk

The Group's loans are connected with floating rates which according to market conditions can either remain floating or be converted into fixed rates. Furthermore, regarding floating rate loans, the Group has proceeded to interest rate exchange contracts (payment of pre-set interest and Euribor collection) to cover exposure to risk from possible future interest rates' fluctuations above pre-set limits.

(e) Metal (aluminum, copper) Raw Material Price Fluctuation Risk

The Group hedges the fluctuation risk of prices of the metals it incorporates in its products, through transactions of pre-buying or pre-selling quantities equal to those of physical transactions in equivalent metal (purchases or sales) on the London Metal Exchange (LME).

3.27 New Standards and Interpretations Which Have Not Yet Been Adopted

The new standards, standards' amendments and interpretations which are not in effect by 31 December 2006, and have not been implemented in the preparation of the financial statements are as follows:

- IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures and adjustment in IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements:

Capital Disclosures require thorough disclosures regarding the significance of financial instruments in the financial position and the performance of an entity, as well as the qualitative and quantitative information on the nature and extent of the risks. I.F.R.S. 7 and the

amended IAS 2, which will be compulsory for the Group's financial statements of 2007, will require extensive additional disclosure regarding the financial instruments and the share capital of the Group.

- IFRS 8 Operational Activity Sectors:

IFRS 8 replaces IAS 14 and specifies how an entity must present information regarding the operating sectors in the Financial Statements and following the revision of IAS 34 Interim Financial Presentation, requires an entity to present selectively information relevant to its operating sectors in the Interim Financial Statements. Furthermore it sets the requirements of relevant disclosures for the products and services, the geographical area and the significant clients.

IFRS 8 is compulsory for the Group's financial statements of 2009.

- IFRIC 7: Applying the Restatement Approach under IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies, refers to IAS 29, when an economy becomes hyper-inflated for the first time and specifically the accounting for deferred taxes. IFRIC 7, which will become compulsory for the Group's financial statements in 2007, is not expected to have an effect on the consolidated financial statements.

- IFRIC 8 Scope of IFRS 2 Payments in Shares refers to the accounting for payment transactions in shares where some or all of the goods and services which were acquired cannot be specified. IFRIC 8 will be compulsory for the Group's financial statements of 2007 and is not expected to have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements.

- IFRIC 9 Re-measurement of embedded derivatives requires the redefinition of whether an embedded derivative has to be separated from the basic contract, when there are modifications to the contract. IFRIC 9 which will be compulsory for the Group's financial statements of 2007 and is not expected to have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements.

- IFRIC 10 Interim Financial Statements and Impairment, prohibits the reversal of impairments which were recognized in a previous intermediary period regarding goodwill, investment in holding titles or financial instrument evaluated at cost. IFRIC 10 will be compulsory for the Group's financial statements of 2007.

- IFRIC 11 – IFRS 2 Group and Treasury Share

Transactions, refers to the accounting treatment of specific, relevant transactions and whether these should be presented as transactions through a cash or share settlement, as is specified by IFRS 2. The application of IFRIC 11 concerns the fiscal year 2008.

- IFRIC 12 Services Concession Arrangements, refers to the concession of services between public and private entities and concerns fiscal year 2008.

4. Report per Sector

The reports per sector concern the business and geographical sectors of the Group. The primary report type (business sector), is based on the structure of the Group's management and the internal reporting system.

The Group incorporates the following main business sectors: Copper Products, Cable Products, Other services

4. Report per Sector

AMOUNTS IN EURO

2005	Copper products	Cable products	Other Services	Total
Total gross sales by sector	572.588.685	200.717.290	85.611.744	858.917.720
Intercompany sales from consolidated entities	-133.046.271	-10.985.578	-3.153.818	-147.185.667
Net sales	439.542.415	189.731.713	82.457.926	711.732.053
Operating profits	15.690.050	6.336.786	4.096.335	26.123.171
Financial income - expenses	-10.394.480	-2.555.588	-652.404	-13.602.472
Share at results of affiliated companies	150.079	368.933	-533.508	-14.496
Profit before income tax	5.445.649	4.150.131	2.910.423	12.506.203
Income tax	-4.786.713	-1.231.460	-1.483.074	-7.501.247
Net profit	658.936	2.918.672	1.427.349	5.004.956
Asset	419.700.905	222.184.679	58.585.850	700.471.434
Total liabilities	310.411.344	134.543.416	36.264.484	481.219.244
Investments in tangible, intangible assets and investments in real estate	13.345.093	4.807.850	-	18.152.943
Other figures per sector that consists the Financial Results 2005				
Depreciation of tangible assets	14.282.652	5.970.822	59.310	20.312.784
Amortization of intangible assets	316.617	844.682	-	1.161.299
Total depreciation	14.599.269	6.815.504	59.310	21.474.083
Impairment of claims	798.850	1.719.236	-	2.518.086
Impairment of inventories	34.673	35.910	-	70.583
Results per sector for the financial year 2006				
2006	Copper products	Cable products	Other Services	Total
Total gross sales by sector	1.070.691.306	321.273.194	124.082.033	1.516.046.533
Intercompany sales from consolidated entities	-243.407.701	-19.709.524	-6.237.493	-269.354.719
Net sales	827.283.604	301.563.670	117.844.539	1.246.691.814
Operating profits	46.087.272	21.246.090	5.343.565	72.676.927
Financial income - expenses	-16.131.967	-4.665.245	-938.644	-21.735.856
Share of results of affiliated companies	55.769	555.321	335.057	946.147
Profit before income tax	30.011.074	17.136.165	4.739.978	51.887.217
Income tax	-6.829.884	-3.483.869	-1.204.464	-11.518.216
Net profit	23.181.191	13.652.296	3.535.514	40.369.001
Asset	662.211.902	179.067.237	65.273.249	906.552.387
Total liabilities	447.151.860	165.605.157	30.488.879	643.245.896
Investments in tangible, intangible assets and investments in real estate	21.022.681	6.421.669	-	27.444.350
Other figures per sector that consists the financial results for the year 2006				
Depreciation of tangible assets	-15.033.133	-6.236.779	-102.393	-21.372.305
Amortization of intangible assets	-226.958	-976.601	-24.601	-1.228.160
Total depreciation	-15.260.091	-7.213.379	-126.994	-22.600.465
Impairment of claims	-1.241.208	-2.552.502	-	-3.793.709
Impairment of inventories	-8.927.719	-1.630.096	-	-10.557.815

4. Report per Sector (cont/d)

AMOUNTS IN EURO

Sales	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Greece	279.780.835	229.311.550	262.900.773	163.007.945
European Union	668.502.825	358.025.789	298.809.886	160.018.692
Other European countries	193.701.433	73.950.354	107.862.829	44.276.100
Asia	58.882.490	29.677.782	32.205.863	11.870.214
America	35.985.186	14.273.268	22.145.207	12.255.915
Africa	9.839.043	6.455.052	6.273.544	2.957.975
Oceania	-	38.259	-	38.259
Total	1.246.691.814	711.732.053	730.198.102	394.425.100
Analysis of sales by category	2006	2005	2006	2005
Sales of merchandise & products	1.147.388.479	627.052.411	684.187.175	348.662.469
Income from services	20.152.508	27.007.069	887.531	2.880.545
Other	79.150.827	57.672.574	45.123.396	42.882.086
Total	1.246.691.814	711.732.053	730.198.102	394.425.100
Total assets	2006	2005	2006	2005
Greece	578.760.296	479.716.635	520.989.210	377.224.397
Foreign	327.792.091	220.754.800	-	-
Total	906.552.387	700.471.434	520.989.210	377.224.397
Investments in tangible, intangible fixed assets & real estate	2006	2005	2006	2005
Greece	9.033.163	7.375.794	6.837.827	4.271.622
Foreign	18.411.187	10.777.149	-	-
Total	27.444.350	18.152.943	6.837.827	4.271.622

5. Merger – Take-Over of Subsidiary

AMOUNTS IN EURO

The Boards of Directors of the companies FITCO S.A. and HALCOR S.A. decided on their meetings on 30 January 2006 the merger of the two companies through the absorption of the first by the second and with a balance sheet transformation date the 31 January 2006 in accordance with law 2166/1993 and C.L. 2190/1920.

The merger was approved by the Boards of Directors of both companies on 15 June 2006 and was completed by the decision No. K2-9666 taken by the Ministry of Development on 30 June 2006. Through this merger, HALCOR S.A. took over 21.12% of FITCO S.A. from a company with common share interests and the remainder 28.65% from third-parties (minority). Since HALCOR S.A. had control over FITCO S.A. before the merger and due to the fact that the 21.12% stake belonged to a common share interest company, the merger transaction is not accredited by the IFRIC 3. As a result the Group has presented the goodwill which occurred from the merger, amounting to Euro 3,889,856 and charged it to its Equity. (see note 17), with the assets being absorbed presented on their book value at the date of the merger without being valued at their fair value.

On 24 July 2006, HALCOR S.A. proceeded to the take-over of the total shares of HAMPAKIS S.A. REPRESENTATIVES Company, which was active in the representation of metal products. HAMPAKIS S.A. is incorporated for the first time in the current FY. For the period July – 31 December 2006 the participation of the subsidiary company in the consolidated profits of the Group amounts to Euro 475 (losses). The participation of the subsidiary company in the total consolidated assets on 31 December 2006 amounts to Euro 13,080.

6. Fixed Assets

AMOUNTS IN EURO

GROUP	Land	Buildings	Mechanical equipment	Transportation Vehicles	Furniture and Fixtures	Fixed assets under construction	Total
Cost							
Balance as of 1 January 2005	36.685.779	75.332.220	207.258.495	3.342.391	11.539.001	21.083.823	355.241.710
Foreign exchange differences	114.433	1.266.069	1.966.155	3.369	193.635	5.831	3.549.491
Additions	203.032	884.728	4.044.268	276.571	810.321	14.693.468	20.912.387
Sales	-73.711	-426.018	-205.159	-126.492	-182.428	-4.358	-1.018.167
Destructions	-	-131.614	-48.946	-	-93.051	-	-273.611
Impairment	-	-	-531.802	-	-	-	-531.802
Subsidiaries acquisition	-	-	2.261	12.807	739	-	15.808
Redistribution	1.103	2.420.968	18.219.294	83.144	165.864	-22.075.501	-1.185.127
Balance as of 31 December 2005	36.930.636	79.346.353	230.704.565	3.591.789	12.434.081	13.703.262	376.710.688
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance as of 1 January 2005	-	-14.039.896	-29.245.523	-2.071.291	-8.750.918	-	-54.107.628
Foreign exchange differences	-	-842.195	-851.166	-2.893	-175.858	-	-1.872.112
Depreciation for the period	-	-3.296.296	-15.810.226	-363.399	-870.020	-	-20.339.941
Sales	-	24.743	44.876	45.914	153.418	-	268.952
Destructions	-	108.867	19.218	-	16.207	-	144.292
Subsidiaries acquisition	-	-	-94	-6.405	11.622	-	5.123
Redistribution	-	3.068	116.514	-	-6.161	-	113.421
Balance as of 31 December 2005	-	-18.041.708	-45.726.402	-2.398.073	-9.621.710	-	-75.787.893
Undepreciated value as of 31 December 2005	36.930.636	61.304.645	184.978.163	1.193.717	2.812.372	13.703.262	300.922.795
Cost							
Balance as of 1 January 2006	36.930.636	79.346.353	230.704.565	3.591.789	12.434.081	13.703.262	376.710.688
Foreign exchange differences	137.015	1.523.250	2.677.303	521	238.738	153.276	4.730.103
Additions	-	501.670	3.676.261	142.770	703.000	22.180.429	27.204.131
Sales	-	-	-1.733.890	-34.396	-103.417	-71.468	-1.943.171
Destructions	-	-	-62.259	-	-23.215	-	-85.473
Impairment	-	-	-2.718.287	-4.420	-	-494.118	-3.216.825
Subsidiaries acquisition	-	-	-	-	3.196,37	-	3.196
Redistribution	-	1.493.108	9.932.495	-	461.360	-12.203.611	-316.648
Balance as of 31 December 2006	37.067.651	82.864.381	242.476.188	3.696.265	13.713.745	23.267.771	403.086.001
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance as of 1 January 2006	-	-18.041.708	-45.726.402	-2.398.073	-9.621.710	-	-75.787.893
Foreign exchange differences	-	-1.056.307	-1.329.691	-2.130	-217.935	-	-2.606.062
Depreciation for the period	-	-3.466.610	-16.644.708	-349.540	-911.447	-	-21.372.305
Sales	-	-	761.508	76.628	78.928	-	917.065
Destructions	-	-	40.059	-	19.744	-	59.802
Subsidiaries acquisition	-	-	-	-	-3.035	-	-3.035
Redistribution	-	80.132	-	-	-80.132	-	-
Balance as of 31 December 2006	-	-22.484.493	-62.899.235	-2.673.115	-10.735.586	-	-98.792.428
Undepreciated value as of 31 December 2006	37.067.651	60.379.888	179.576.954	1.023.150	2.978.159	23.267.771	304.293.573

6. Fixed Assets (cont/d)

AMOUNTS IN EURO

COMPANY	Land	Buildings	Mechanical equipment	Transportation Vehicles	Furniture and Fixtures	Fixed assets under construction	Total
Cost							
Balance as of 1 January 2005	19.692.385	23.089.579	78.312.962	1.292.010	3.774.112	827.097	126.988.145
Additions	31.234	758.536	2.079.918	54.746	437.619	1.264.292	4.626.345
Sales	-	-	-154.378	-1.582	-119.863	-	-275.824
Redistribution	-	445.772	223.811	10.495	-	-635.578	44.501
Balance as of 31 December 2005	19.723.618	24.293.887	80.462.313	1.355.669	4.091.868	1.455.812	131.383.167
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance as of 1 January 2005	-	-1.105.746	-5.730.782	-865.712	-2.803.880	-	-10.506.121
Depreciation for the period	-	-1.166.721	-6.053.821	-122.910	-453.294	-	-7.796.746,99
Sales	-	-	14.422	1.582	114.207	-	130.212
Balance as of 31 December 2005	-	-2.272.467	-11.770.182	-987.040	-3.142.967	-	-18.172.656
Undepreciated value as of 31 December 2005	19.723.618	22.021.419	68.692.131	368.629	948.901	1.455.812	113.210.511
Cost							
Balance as of 1 January 2006	19.723.618	24.293.887	80.462.313	1.355.669	4.091.868	1.455.812	131.383.167
Additions	-	488.209	3.043.040	66.837	315.912	2.750.706	6.664.704
Sales	-	-	-31.792	-	-22.023	-71.468	-125.283
Impairment	-	-	-2.690.787	-4.420	-	-494.118	-3.189.325
Subsidiaries acquisition	4.325.550,00	9.581.350	18.653.795	281.521	617.838	1.433.258	34.893.312
Redistribution	-	281.616	495.136	-	14.575	-791.327	-
Balance as of 31 December 2006	24.049.168	34.645.062	99.931.705	1.699.606	5.018.170	4.282.864	169.626.575
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance as of 1 January 2006	-	-2.272.467	-11.770.182	-987.040	-3.142.967	-	-18.172.656
Depreciation for the period	-	-1.644.924	-7.432.102	-144.597	-453.739	-	-9.675.362
Sales	-	-	5.612	-	12.413	-	18.025
Subsidiaries acquisition	-	-948.227	-2.800.672	-211.371	-521.451	-	-4.481.722
Balance as of 31 December 2006	-	-4.865.618	-21.997.344	-1.343.008	-4.105.744	-	-32.311.715
Undepreciated value as of 31 December 2006	24.049.168	29.779.444	77.934.360	356.598	912.426	4.282.864	137.314.860

After the absorption of FITCO S.A. as well as the approval of the company's investment plans, cases were examined where it was observed that a case of impairment of the company's fixed assets values can occur.

In accordance with the relevant reports of the company's engineers, impairment was held in:

- Fixed Assets of ex-FITCO S.A. which are not integrated in the business plan of the new HALCOR.
- Fixed Assets of HALCOR which will be replaced by programmed investments.

This impairment, which amounts to Euro 3,189,000, burdened exclusively the result of FY 2006.

7. Intangible Assets

AMOUNTS IN EURO

GROUP	Trade marks and Licenses	Software	Other	Total
Cost				
Balance as of 1 January 2005	1.055.719	5.468.363	-	6.524.082
Foreign exchange differences	-	28.877	-	28.877
Additions	17.918	368.092	62.527	448.537
Eliminations	-	-	-3.499	-3.499
Subsidiaries acquisition	-	293	-	293
Redistribution	29.835	521.443	-	551.278
Balance as of 31 December 2005	1.103.473	6.387.068	59.028	7.549.569
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance as of 1 January 2005	-383.692	-3.161.799	-	-3.545.490
Foreign exchange differences	-	-10.803	-	-10.803
Depreciation for the period	-115.876	-990.674	-54.748	-1.161.299
Eliminations	-	-	1.399	1.399
Subsidiaries acquisition	-	-293	-	-293
Redistribution	-	-1.068	-	-1.068
Balance as of 31 December 2005	-499.568	-4.164.636	-53.349	-4.717.554
Undepreciated value as of 31 December 2005	603.905	2.222.431	5.679	2.832.015
Cost				
Balance as of 1 January 2006	1.103.473	6.387.068	59.028	7.549.569
Foreign exchange differences	-	91.139	-	91.139
Additions	7.430	232.789	-	240.219
Impairment	-	-174.978	-	-174.978
Eliminations	-	-19.266	-	-19.266
Additions due to merger	-	247.048	-	247.048
Redistribution	234.410	82.238	-	316.648
Balance as of 31 December 2006	1.345.312	6.846.038	59.028	8.250.379
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance as of 1 January 2006	-499.568	-4.164.636	-53.349	-4.717.554
Foreign exchange differences	-	-40.898	-	-40.898
Depreciation for the period	-163.519	-1.064.641	-	-1.228.160
Cancellation	-	18.495	-	18.495
Depreciation due to merger	-	-6.176	-	-6.176
Balance as of 31 December 2006	-663.087	-5.257.857	-53.349	-5.974.293
Undepreciated value as of 31 December 2006	682.225	1.588.181	5.679	2.276.085
COMPANY		Software		Total
Cost				
Balance as of 1 January 2005		2.499.711		2.499.711
Additions		306.964		306.964
Balance as of 31 December 2005		2.806.675		2.806.675
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance as of 1 January 2005		-2.198.815		-2.198.815
Depreciation for the period		-210.077		-210.077
Balance as of 31 December 2005		-2.408.891		-2.408.891
Undepreciated value as of 31 December 2005		397.784		397.784
Balance as of 1 January 2006		2.806.675		2.806.675
Additions		173.123		173.123
Impairment		-174.978		-174.978
Additions due to merger		247.048		247.048
Balance as of 31 December 2006		3.051.868		3.051.868
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance as of 1 January 2006		-2.408.891		-2.408.891
Depreciation for the period		-219.657		-219.657
Depreciation due to merger		-6.176		-6.176
Balance as of 31 December 2006		-2.634.725		-2.634.725
Undepreciated value as of 31 December 2006		417.143		417.143

Through the total integration of FITCO S.A. in the IT systems of HALCOR, an impairment of ex-FITCO S.A.'s software expenses was performed. This impairment, amounting to Euro 175,000, has burdened exclusively the result

8. Investments in Real Estate

AMOUNTS IN EURO

Investments in real estate concern land of HELLENIC CABLES S.A., which is fully consolidated by the parent company HALCOR S.A., which were estimated at their fair value that was considered as deemed cost. Due to the fact that this land were recently estimated by an independent appraiser and whereas the real estate market of the regions where this land is located has not sustained any significant changes, the Management deems that the aforementioned values reflect the current values of these land.

9. Participations

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Investments to subsidiary Companies	-	-	90.607.953	100.124.926
Investments to affiliated Companies	6.950.445	6.842.589	4.571.245	5.059.455
	6.950.445	6.842.589	95.179.198	105.184.381

The Participations in Subsidiary Companies are analyzed as follows:

Corporate Name	Country	Value at the beginning of period	Additions	Sales	Impairment	Value at the end of period	Direct Holding Percentage	Indirect Holding Percentage	Direct & Indirect Holding Percentage
2005									
HELLENIC CABLES S.A.	Greece	37.712.682	-	-34.851.932	18.867.439	21.728.188	46,20%	33,45%	79,65%
FITCO S.A.	Greece	9.670.540	-	-	-	9.670.540	50,32%	-	50,32%
STEELMET S.A.	Greece	140.880	-	-	-	140.880	29,56%	23,54%	53,10%
AKRO S.A.	Greece	267.828	1.015.413	-	-1.275.534	7.707	84,50%	-	84,50%
E.V.I.T.E. S.A.	Greece	59.997	-	-	-	59.997	100,00%	-	100,00%
SOFIA MED S.A.	Bulgaria	32.233.120	19.995.945	-	-	52.229.065	100,00%	-	100,00%
METAL AGENCIES LTD	United Kingdom	140.931	-	-	-	140.931	67,00%	26,28%	93,28%
BELANTEL HOLDINGS LTD	Cyprus	95.437	-	-	-	95.437	100,00%	-	100,00%
METAL GLOBE DOO	Serbia-Montenegro	-	-	-	-	-	30,00%	23,89%	53,89%
COPPERPROM LTD	Greece	3.780	3.420	-	-	7.200	40,00%	31,86%	71,86%
GENECOS S.A.	France	54.980	-	-	-	54.980	25,00%	47,79%	72,79%
SYLLAN S.A.	Greece	-	30.000	-	-	30.000	50,00%	25,16%	75,16%
OGWELL LIMITED	Cyprus	-	15.960.000	-	-	15.960.000	100,00%	-	100,00%
		80.380.175	37.004.779	-34.851.932	17.591.904	100.124.926			
2006									
HELLENIC CABLES S.A.	Greece	21.728.188	-	-	-	21.728.188	45,77%	33,14%	78,91%
FITCO S.A.	Greece	9.670.540	-9.670.540	-	-	-	50,32%	-	50,32%
STEELMET S.A.	Greece	140.880	-	-	-	140.880	29,56%	23,32%	52,88%
AKRO S.A.	Greece	7.707	-	-	-	7.707	84,50%	-	84,50%
E.V.I.T.E. S.A.	Greece	59.997	-	-	-	59.997	100,00%	-	100,00%
SOFIA MED S.A.	Bulgaria	52.229.065	52	-52	-	52.229.065	100,00%	-	100,00%
METAL AGENCIES LTD	United Kingdom	140.931	-	-	-	140.931	67,00%	26,04%	93,04%
BELANTEL HOLDINGS LTD	Cyprus	95.437	-	-	-	95.437	100,00%	-	100,00%
METAL GLOBE DOO	Serbia-Montenegro	-	-	-	-	-	30,00%	23,67%	53,67%
COPPERPROM LTD	Greece	7.200	-	-	-	7.200	40,00%	31,56%	71,56%
GENECOS S.A.	France	54.980	-	-	-	54.980	25,00%	47,34%	72,34%
SYLLAN S.A.	Greece	30.000	30.000	-	-	60.000	100,00%	-	100,00%
OGWELL LIMITED	Cyprus	15.960.000	-	-	-	15.960.000	100,00%	-	100,00%
CHABAKIS LTD	Greece	-	123.568	-	-	123.568	100,00%	-	100,00%
		100.124.926	153.620	-9.670.592	-	90.607.953			

The additions to the participations in the subsidiary companies SOFIA MED S.A. and SYLLAN S.A. are due to the participation that FITCO S.A. had in these companies, which in turn was merged with the company HALCOR S.A. in January 2006. The addition to HAMPAKIS S.A. REPRESENTATIVES company is due to its take-over in July 2006 (see note 5).

The sales are due mainly to the merger of FITCO S.A. by the company.

Corporate Name	Country	Direct & Indirect Holding Percentage	GROUP		COMPANY	
			2006	2005	2006	2005
DIAPEM TRADING S.A.	Greece	33,33%	210.665	210.928	266.627	266.627
ELKEME S.A.	Greece	30,92%	570.304	568.976	381.604	381.604
VECTOR S.A.	Greece	33,33%	-	1.006.580	-	488.210
S.C. STEELMET ROMANIA S.A	Romania	40,00%	1.494.483	877.912	729.237	729.237
TEPRO METALL AG	Germany	43,56%	3.966.965	3.505.928	2.873.392	2.873.392
ENERGY SOLUTIONS SA	Bulgaria	38,60%	415.853	369.059	299.985	299.985
THISVI POWER GENERATION PLANTS S.A.	Greece	20,00%	14.648	17.980	12.000	12.000
HELLENIC STEEL TRADING S.A.	Greece	35,83%	-	-	-	-
COPPERPOM LTD	Greece	71,56%	-	6.481	-	-
VIEXAL LTD	Greece	26,67%	18.760	-	8.400	8.400
E.D.E S.A.	Greece	78,90%	106.221	106.221	-	-
DE LAIRE LIMITED	Cyprus	78,90%	152.546	118.429	-	-
ECA L.T.D.	U.K	78,90%	52.891	54.096	-	-
LESCO ROMANIA S.A.	Romania	51,29%	-52.891	-	-	-
			6.950.445	6.842.590	4.571.245	5.059.455

The participation in the company VECTOR S.A. was deleted due to its absorption by the company ELVAL COLOUR S.A. (see note 10).

The companies De Laire Limited, Electric Cable Agencies and E.D.E were integrated through the equity method instead of the total integration method due to non-importance of the relevant figures.

10. Financial Assets available for Sale - Investments

AMOUNTS IN EURO

The Financial Assets available for sale incorporate the following:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Unlisted titles				
Domestic Participating Titles	1.001.160	419.413	734.616	246.403
International Participating Titles	212.016	305.608	212.017	-
Bonds	-	-	-	-
Others	5.869	5.869	5.869	5.869
	<u>1.219.045</u>	<u>730.890</u>	<u>952.502</u>	<u>252.272</u>

The Boards of Directors of the companies VECTOR S.A. and ELVAL COLOUR S.A. decided at their meetings on 19 April 2006 the merger of the two companies through the absorption of the first by the second respectively, with a transformation balance date of 30 April 2006 and according to the law 2166/1993 and C.L. 2190/1920.

The merger was approved by both companies' Boards of Directors on 19 September 2006 and completed with the No29975/29-9-2006 decision of Athens Prefecture.

Before the merger HALCOR S.A. held 33.33% of VECTOR S.A. and after the merger it acquired 4.06% of ELVAL COLOUR S.A.

11. Deferred Taxation Demands and Liabilities

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Deferred tax claims	3.206.732	1.022.073	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	-27.222.759	-24.736.580	-22.647.391	-16.771.216
Total	<u>-24.016.027</u>	<u>-23.714.507</u>	<u>-22.647.391</u>	<u>-16.771.216</u>

The overall variation in deferred income tax is as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Opening balance	-23.714.507	-23.635.079	-16.771.216	-16.624.167
Foreign exchange differences	116.749	62.015	-	-
Merger of subsidiary	-	-	-4.417.931	-
(Debit)/credit recorded in the profit and loss statement	805.490	-361.407	101.283	-170.286
Tax that was (debited)/credited in equity	-1.223.759	219.964	-1.559.527	23.236
Closing balance	<u>-24.016.027</u>	<u>-23.714.507</u>	<u>-22.647.391</u>	<u>-16.771.216</u>

The deferred taxation demands and liabilities are recoverable after twelve months.

The changes of the deferred taxation demands and liabilities before their set off are as follows:

Deferred tax liabilities:	Difference in Depreciation	Difference in Provisions	Non-recognised intangible assets	Change in tax rate	Tax losses	Other	Total
GROUP							
Balance as of 1/1/2005	-36.427.695	-354.056	-771.803	-445.171	-	1.836.050	-36.162.675
Foreign exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	35.815	35.815
(Debit) / Credit recorded in the profit and loss statement	-1.220.844	-361.543	-238.485	137.058	-	95.434	-1.588.380
(Debit) / Credit in equity	-	-	-	-	-	-59.964	-59.964
Balance as of 31/12/2005	<u>-37.648.539</u>	<u>-715.599</u>	<u>-1.010.288</u>	<u>-308.113</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1.907.336</u>	<u>-37.775.204</u>
Foreign exchange differences	116.917	-	-	-	-	-	116.917
(Debit) / Credit recorded in the profit and loss statement	-668.756	-771.487	-70.218	88.426	-	1.455.913	33.878
(Debit) / Credit in equity	-	-	-	-	-	-1.559.527	-1.559.527
Balance as of 31/12/2006	<u>-38.200.378</u>	<u>-1.487.086</u>	<u>-1.080.506</u>	<u>-219.687</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1.803.722</u>	<u>-39.183.935</u>
Deferred tax liabilities:							
Balance as of 1/1/2005	1.725.590	883.799	775.039	8.567.953	-	274.439	12.226.820
(Debit) / Credit recorded in the profit and loss statement	323.716	30.671	-	-	-	872.587	1.226.974
(Debit) / Credit in equity	-	-	-	-	548.811	58.091	606.902
Balance as of 31/12/2005	<u>2.049.306</u>	<u>914.470</u>	<u>775.039</u>	<u>8.567.953</u>	<u>548.811</u>	<u>1.205.117</u>	<u>14.060.696</u>
Foreign exchange differences	-	-	-168	-	-	-	-168
(Debit) / Credit recorded in the profit and loss statement	-31.499	1.046.014	-130.990	-695.644	-	901.799	1.089.680
(Debit) / Credit in equity	-	-	-	-15.459	-	33.120	17.661
Reclassification	1.802.084	59.664	-	-	-	-	1.861.749
Sale of subsidiary	-	-	-94.752	-155.479	-1.203.299	-408.179	-1.861.709
Balance as of 31/12/2006	<u>3.819.892</u>	<u>2.020.148</u>	<u>549.129</u>	<u>7.701.371</u>	<u>-654.488</u>	<u>1.731.856</u>	<u>15.167.908</u>
Total tax receivables - liabilities	<u>-34.380.486</u>	<u>533.062</u>	<u>-531.377</u>	<u>7.481.684</u>	<u>-654.488</u>	<u>3.535.578</u>	<u>-24.016.027</u>

11. Deferred Taxation Demands and Liabilities (cont/d)

AMOUNTS IN EURO

Deferred tax liabilities:	Difference in Depreciation	Difference in Provisions	Non-recognised intangible assets	Change in tax rate	Other	Total
COMPANY						
Balance as of 1/1/2005	-24.453.463	-81.232	-186.662	-398.676	-115.076	-25.235.109
(Debit) / Credit recorded in the profit and loss statement	-665.983	-406.971	-62.682	-	-	-1.135.636
Balance as of 31/12/2005	-25.119.446	-488.203	-249.344	-398.676	-115.076	-26.370.745
(Debit) / Credit recorded in the profit and loss statement	-591.562	-771.487	-70.218	-	-141.073	-1.574.339
(Debit) / Credit in equity	-	-	-	-	-1.559.527	-1.559.527
Merger of subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-4.417.931	-4.417.931
Balance as of 31/12/2006	-25.711.008	-1.259.690	-319.562	-398.676	-6.233.607	-33.922.542
Deferred tax liabilities:						
Balance as of 1/1/2005	187.574	522.166	689.994	6.847.605	363.603	8.610.942
(Debit) / Credit recorded in the profit and loss statement	62.915	42.394	-	-	860.041	965.350
(Debit) / Credit in equity	-	-	-	-	23.236	23.236
Balance as of 31/12/2005	250.489	564.560	689.994	6.847.605	1.246.880	9.599.528
(Debit) / Credit recorded in the profit and loss statement	81.077	686.410	-	-	908.136	1.675.623
Balance as of 31/12/2006	331.566	1.250.971	689.994	6.847.605	2.155.016	11.275.152
Total tax receivables - liabilities	-25.379.441	-8.720	370.432	6.448.929	-4.078.591	-22.647.391

The rate with which the deferred taxation is calculated is equal to the one which is estimated to be present during the moment of reversal of the temporary taxation differences. For the company, this rate is set at 25%.

12. Inventories

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Merchandise	18.999.714	19.744.583	5.259.106	2.500.438
Finished products	85.790.734	48.987.613	40.511.307	18.802.730
Semi-finished	39.339.320	21.752.871	21.709.797	10.388.585
By-products and scrap	1.436.804	1.520.771	68.670	24.269
Work in progress	29.387.514	22.004.858	8.806.870	6.584.899
Raw and indirect materials - consumables - spare parts & packaging materials	86.491.149	51.826.844	50.628.510	21.681.192
Sale of inventories advance	1.207.833	2.858.138	86.049	99.226
Total	262.653.069	168.695.677	127.070.309	60.081.338
Less: Provisions for inventories devaluation	-10.557.816	-70.583	-5.146.682	-
Total net liquid value	252.095.254	168.625.093	121.923.626	60.081.338

For FY 2006, both on a Company as well as on a Group level, a devaluation of inventories was needed to be carried out at a net liquidation value mainly due to the drop in metal price (raw material).

13. Customers

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Current Assets				
Customers	165.346.957	118.911.397	53.272.421	36.425.479
Less: Impairment provisions	-3.793.709	-2.518.086	-1.150.114	-549.703
Net customer receivables	161.553.248	116.393.312	52.122.307	35.875.776
Other down payments	1.719.951	1.184.985	653.091	491.060
Notes-cheques receivable & sealed	44.261.589	39.165.097	26.640.195	18.064.052
Receivables from affiliated entities	22.859.297	8.978.314	17.915.546	15.974.570
Receivables from other holdings	114.600	829.083	114.600	24.000
Current tax receivables	52.390.039	14.921.792	40.131.651	14.964.932
Other debtors	13.322.417	17.187.180	2.524.177	4.667.093
Total	296.221.140	198.659.762	140.101.567	90.061.482
Non-current assets				
Long-term claims against other holdings	4.834	4.834	4.834	4.834
Other long-term claims	792.306	786.678	424.252	402.828
Total	797.140	791.513	429.086	407.662

During 2006 the Company's receivables were further impaired by Euro 532,829. This amount arises from the doubtful customer provision that was formed for TECHNIKON S.A., SANILEC S.A. AND KILIMIS S.A. "Other debtors" who is included in the current assets of the Group and Company concerns, in its majority, receivables from the Hellenic State for V.A.T. return.

14. Derivatives

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Non-current assets				
Interest rate swaps	405.529	-	278.737	-
Foreign exchange swaps	-	-	-	-
Total	405.529	-	278.737	-
Current assets				
Foreign exchange swaps	42.899	41.961	-	-
Future contracts	7.607.224	1.580.196	5.335.187	972.507
Total	7.650.123	1.622.157	5.335.187	972.507
Long-term liabilities				
Foreign exchange swaps	-	361.797	-	-
Future contracts	-	653.279	-	653.279
Total	-	1.015.076	-	653.279
Short-term liabilities				
Foreign exchange swaps	33.394	-	-	-
Future contracts	1.720.985	1.531.714	278.858	1.222.271
Total	1.754.379	1.531.714	278.858	1.222.271
Amounts that were posted in the results as earnings or (expenses)	-11.872.653	-1.565.566	-5.409.753	-1.607.527

The above estimation of the derivatives' open item positions was effected based on I.A.S. 39 "Cash Flow Hedging". The Group's policy regarding matters concerning hedging risks is noted in Note 3.22 (Derivatives). The above estimated derivatives are comprised of future contracts that the Group uses to avoid creating a result from changes in the prices of metal and/or foreign currencies as well as interest rate swaps that the Group uses to secure the payment of interest on loans that it has concluded with a floating interest rate.

15. Cash and Cash Equivalents

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Cash on hand and in banks	1.509.192	983.232	194.503	157.413
Short-term bank deposits	27.751.824	15.263.009	18.862.801	6.499.048
Total	29.261.016	16.246.241	19.057.305	6.656.461

16. Share Capital

AMOUNTS IN EURO

GROUP	Number of shares	Common Shares	Share Premium	Total
January 1, 2005	96.981.079	32.003.756	65.230.753	97.234.509
Employees Benefit from share option skin plan	-	-	-	-
December 31, 2005	96.981.079	32.003.756	65.230.753	97.234.509
Employees Benefit from share option skin plan	283.300	107.654	869.731	977.385
New stocks issue / (Depletion)	4.015.248	6.374.848	1.037.580	7.412.428
December 31, 2006	101.279.627	38.486.258	67.138.064	105.624.322
COMPANY	Number of shares	Common Shares	Share Premium	Total
January 1, 2005	96.981.079	32.003.756	65.230.753	97.234.509
Employees Benefit from share option skin plan	-	-	-	-
December 31, 2005	96.981.079	32.003.756	65.230.753	97.234.509
Employees Benefit from share option skin plan	283.300	107.654	869.731	977.385
New stocks issue / (Depletion)	4.015.248	6.374.848	1.037.580	7.412.428
December 31, 2006	101.279.627	38.486.258	67.138.064	105.624.322

The Share Capital of the Company amounts to Euro 38,486,258.26 and consists of 101,279,627 common bearer shares with a par value of Euro 0.38 each. On December 2006 the company proceeded to an increase of its share capital by Euro 977.385 due to the exercise of share option benefit plans (Note 19).

17. Reserves

AMOUNTS IN EURO

GROUP	Regular reserve	Reserves at fair value	Special reserves	Non taxable reserves	Other reserves	Reserves from merger goodwill	Total	Foreign exchange differences of subsidies	Total
Balance as of 1 January 2005	6.024.249	-882.121	9.432	48.182.003	-	-	53.333.563	-92.352	53.241.211
Foreign exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.956.705	1.956.705
Distribution	699.350	-	-	7.207.436	15.000	-	7.921.786	-	7.921.786
Redistribution	-72.674	273.855	-	38.521	-	-	239.702	-2.381.134	-2.141.432
Transfer to results	-	383.362	-	-	-	-	383.362	-	383.362
Other	-	-266.736	-	-	-	-	-266.736	-	-266.736
Balance as of 31 December 2005	6.650.925	-491.639	9.432	55.427.960	15.000	-	61.611.677	-516.781	61.094.896
Balance as of 1 January 2006	6.650.925	-491.639	9.432	55.427.960	15.000	-	61.611.677	-516.781	61.094.896
Foreign exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.014.612	3.014.612
Distribution	493.304	-	2.300.000	707.003	297.477	-	3.797.783	-	3.797.783
Capitalization	1.315	-	-	-	-	-	1.315	-	1.315
Redistribution	-428	-161.316	-	-92.029	-62.768	-	-316.541	-596.247	-912.788
Transfer to results	-	-789.293,79	-	-	-	-	-789.294	-	-789.294
Merger of subsidiaries	249.390	-	29.347	699.463	-	-3.889.856	-2.911.656	-	-2.911.656
Other	-	6.792.438	-	-	-	-	6.792.438	-	6.792.438
Balance as of 31 December 2006	7.394.506	5.350.189	2.338.779	56.742.397	249.709	-3.889.856	68.185.723	1.901.584	70.087.307
COMPANY	Regular reserve	Reserves at fair value	Special reserves	Non taxable reserves	Other reserves	Reserves from merger goodwill	Total		
Balance as of 1 January 2005	6.001.155	-	9.432	48.136.715	-	-	54.147.302		
Foreign exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Distribution	643.115	-	-	7.192.236	15.000	-	7.850.350		
Other	-	-69.705	-	-	-	-	-69.705		
Balance as of 31 December 2005	6.644.270	-677.282	9.432	55.328.951	15.000	-	61.320.370		
Balance as of 1 January 2006	6.644.270	-677.282	9.432	55.328.951	15.000	-	61.320.370		
Foreign exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Distribution	463.675	-	2.300.000	707.003	-	-	3.470.678		
Merger of subsidiaries	249.390	-	29.347	699.463	-	-3.889.856	-2.911.656		
Other	-	4.678.582	-	-	-	-	4.678.582		
Balance as of 31 December 2006	7.357.335	4.001.299	2.338.779	56.735.416	15.000	-3.889.856	66.557.974		

Ordinary Reserve

According to Hellenic Commercial Legislation, the companies are obliged, from their FY profits, to form 5% as an ordinary reserve until it reaches 1/3 of their initial paid-up share capital. During a company's life-cycle the distribution of its ordinary reserve is prohibited.

Reserves calculated at Fair Value

The reserves calculated at fair value contain the accumulated net change of the fair value of investments available for sale until the investment derecognition.

Untaxed Reserves

The untaxed reserves concern undistributed earnings which are exempt from taxation due to special clauses of development legislations (under the condition that there are adequate earnings for their formation). The reserves from tax-exempt earnings and taxed reserves concern, in a special way, earnings from interest and tax has been withheld at the source. Further of possible prepaid taxes, these reserves are put under taxation if they get distributed.

For the aforementioned untaxed reserves, there are no accrued deferred taxes in case they get distributed.

18. Lending

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Long-term borrowings				
Bank loans	58.895.798	59.249.227	10.786.169	20.522.404
Bond loans	252.500.000	154.500.000	187.500.000	105.000.000
Total long-term borrowings	311.395.798	213.749.227	198.286.169	125.522.404
Short-term borrowings				
Open Bank Accounts	-	48.365	-	48.365
Bank loans	191.315.807	158.958.654	42.711.789	27.633.802
Leasing liabilities	7.465	-	-	-
Total short-term borrowings	191.323.272	159.007.019	42.711.789	27.682.167
Total loans	502.719.070	372.756.246	240.997.959	153.204.571
The maturity dates of long-term debt are:				
Between 1 and 2 years	101.943.506	22.974.945	69.486.235	-
Between 2 and 5 years	204.972.178	188.243.032	128.799.935	125.522.404
Beyond 5 years	4.480.114	2.531.250	-	-
	311.395.798	213.749.227	198.286.169	125.522.404

Real weighted average interest rate on the Balance sheet date are the following

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Long-term Borrowings	6,24%	5,23%	6,68%	6,66%
Short-term Borrowings	4,58%	3,82%	4,49%	3,46%
Bonds	4,06%	3,18%	3,98%	3,23%
Financial leasing liabilities - minimum leases				
Up to 1 year	7.465	-	-	-
From 1 - 5 years	15.821	-	-	-
More than 5 years	-	-	-	-
Total	23.285	-	-	-

During 2006, the Company proceeded in the conclusion of Bond Loans with a group of banks in the amount of Euro 95,000,000 that it would use to cover its working capital needs which the increased price of copper induced. The Company's total borrowing will be served within 5 years. During 2006, the Company settled loans (long-term and short-term) of a total value of Euro 7.206.000.

On a Group level, during 2005 loan capital that was drawn amounted to Euro 65,875,000, while Euro 39,149,000 was settled. The corresponding amounts for 2006 were Euro 155,285,000 and Euro 25,330,000. As noted in Note 29, mortgages have been filed against the fixed assets of HELLENIC CABLES S.A., ICME ECAB (Romania), including the equipment thereof, and against its current assets (with the exception of receivables and inventories) against a long-term loan, the amount of which, as of 31 December 2006, amounted to Euro 4.6 million. Pursuant to the terms of the same loan, ICME ECAB must meet certain financial ratios. As of 31 December 2005 and according to preliminary calculations, two (2) of the stipulated ratios were not met. As a result, the bank has the right to request the settlement of the loan. ICME ECAB has notified the bank regarding the fact that it did not fulfill the aforementioned term and has requested a relative waiver, which had not been officially granted by the date the Financial Statements were prepared. The Management deems that the bank will not request the settlement of the said loan and, as a result thereof, it did not transfer the long-term part thereof, of an amount of 2.8 million Euros in current liabilities.

Loans fair values are pretty much the same with their book values as loans bear a floating interest rate. Loans book values for the Group concern all loans depicted in Euros.

19. Personnel Retirement Benefits

AMOUNTS IN EURO

Pursuant to Greek labor law, employees may receive indemnification in the event of their discharge or retirement, the amount of which is relative to their wages, the term of their employment and the manner by which they withdraw from the company (discharge or retirement). Employees who resign are not entitled to an indemnification.

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Balance sheet liabilities for:				
Retirement benefits	4.268.834	3.948.694	2.453.805	1.783.808
Charges to the profit and loss accounts				
Retirement benefits	1.513.274	1.439.059	1.006.778	515.507
Present value of non-funded liabilities	4.858.100	4.384.471	2.806.546	2.027.675
Non-recorded actuarial (profits)/losses	-589.266	-435.777	-352.741	-243.867
	4.268.834	3.948.694	2.453.805	1.783.808
Liability recorded in the Balance Sheet	4.268.834	3.948.694	2.453.805	1.783.808
Variations in net liability recognised in the Balance Sheet				
Net liability at the beginning of the year	3.948.694	3.591.970	1.783.808	1.590.191
Net liability from subsidiary acquisition	-	-	464.746	-
Charge of employer	-	-	-	-
Benefits that have been paid	-1.193.134	-1.082.335	-801.527	-321.890
Total expenditure that was recognised in the profit and loss accounts	1.513.274	1.439.059	1.006.778	515.507
Net liability at the end of the year	4.268.834	3.948.694	2.453.805	1.783.808
Actuarial loss or (profit)	-	-	-	-
Present value of the liability at the end of the period	4.268.834	3.948.694	2.453.805	1.783.808
Analysis of expenditures that were recognised in the profit and loss accounts				
Cost of current employment	420.846	363.520	224.667	146.834
Interest on the liability	165.975	133.835	96.664	69.643
Cost of additional benefits	800.641	805.338	562.829	207.471
Profit cut-backs from employees transfer	-	-25.455	-	-
Expenses & amortization of actual loss	125.812	161.821	122.618	91.559
Total expenditure that was recognised in the profit and loss accounts	1.513.274	1.439.059	1.006.778	515.507

The primary actuarial acknowledgements that were used for accounting purposes were as follows:

	2006	2005	2006	2005
Discount interest rate	4% - 4,10%	4% - 4,5%	4,10%	4,50%
Future salary increases	4,50%	4% - 4,5%	4,50%	4,50%

The Company has granted Share Options Plans to certain of its executives. Specifically, the General Meeting of 20 June 2002 decided to grant Options Plans for the acquisition of up to 1,225,000 shares that correspond to 1.26% of the Company's number of outstanding shares. Share options plans are secured gradually from 2002 to 2011 (10%) each year. The price at which the option is exercised has been set as the average closing price of the Company's share on the Athens Stock Exchange during the first fifteen days of June 2002, in other words 3.45 Euros. Share Options Plans may be exercised between the first and last business day of the month of November of each year, between 2006 and 2013, at which point the deadline by which the Share Options Plans must be exercised expires. According to the transitional provisions of I.F.R.S. 2 and given the fact that the specific options plans were granted prior to 7 November 2002, the Company did not apply the provisions of this Standard, with the exception of the notifications of paragraphs 44 and 45 of I.F.R.S. 2.

Within the course of the year 283.300 options were exercised with the corresponding increase in the share capital. The difference between nominal value and the exercise price carried out in the reserves account (Note 16).

HELLENIC CABLES S.A. has adopted a corresponding Options Plan up to 1.97% of the number of common registered shares that were outstanding at the time of adoption (530,600 options), adapted to future changes in the number of shares into which the share capital is divided, with the following main terms and conditions:

a) Beneficiaries of the Share Options Plans: Members of the Board of Directors, persons employed by the company or affiliated companies.

b) Price at which Share Options Plans are exercised: The price has been set as the closing price of the Athens Stock Exchange during the first fifteen days of June 2002, in other words 2.97 Euros per option.

c) Exercise of the Share Options Plans: Share Options Plans are secured gradually by 10% annually, beginning from the first business day of November 2002 until the first business day of November 2011. The above secured options are exercised from the first business day of November 2006 until the first business day of November 2013. Following this closing date any option that is not exercised is cancelled.

Within the course of the year 253.500 options were exercised with the corresponding increase in the share capital. The difference between nominal value and the exercise price carried out in the reserves account

20. Subsidies - Grants

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Opening balance of the fiscal year	2.662.324	3.393.991	366.647	393.465
Proceeds from investment grants	511.088	-	-	-
Depreciation of grants	-627.139	-731.667	-283.842	-26.818
Merger of subsidiaries	-20.423	-	1.524.395	-
Closing balance of the fiscal year	2.525.850	2.662.324	1.607.200	366.647

Subsidies have been granted for the purchase of tangible fixed assets. The Company's subsidies concern investments that were realized in previous fiscal years at the rods factory and at the foundry . During fiscal year 2006 the subsidiary company Hellenic Cables S.A. has been granted a subsidy for investments concerning machinery equipment that will produce cables friendly to the environment.

21. Provisions

AMOUNTS IN EURO

LONG - TERM LIABILITIES

GROUP	Pending legal court cases	Other provisions	Total
1 January 2005	5.000.000	35.831	5.035.831
Additional provisions of the fiscal year	-	156.272	156.272
31 December 2005	5.000.000	192.103	5.192.103
Additional provisions of the fiscal year	430.729	-	430.729
31 December 2006	5.430.729	192.103	5.622.832

COMPANY

Εκκρεμείς δικαστικές υποθέσεις

Σύνολο

1 January 2005	5.000.000		5.000.000
31 December 2005	5.000.000		5.000.000
Additional provisions of the fiscal year	430.729		430.729
31 December 2006	5.430.729		5.430.729

SHORT - TERM LIABILITIES

GROUP	Provisions for extra risks	Other provisions	Total
1 January 2005	-	-	-
31 December 2005	-	-	-
Additional provisions of the fiscal year	337.275	2.291.704	2.628.979
31 December 2006	337.275	2.291.704	2.628.979

COMPANY

Provisions for extra risks

Other provisions

Total

1 January 2005	-	-	-
31 December 2005	-	-	-
Additional provisions of the fiscal year	337.275	2.291.704	2.628.979
31 December 2006	337.275	2.291.704	2.628.979

The Company has formed a provision in the amount of Euro 5.4 million in relation to the fine that was imposed thereon by the European Competitiveness Committee regarding the Company's violation of the rules of competition in the copper plumbing tube market, including the relevant interest.(see Note 29)

Furthermore a provision of Euro 570,000 has been formed due to a possible tax refund in relation to the formation of untaxed reserves of law 3220/2004 amounting to Euro 3.9 million, for which the European Union, by its decision, considers them an indirect public subsidy.

A lawsuit has been registered against HALCOR S.A. from a former company associate for void termination of contract. The amount of the relative compensation is of Euro 150.000 for which the company has formed an adequate provision.

The company has been audited from tax audit authorities for the unaudited years 2002-2004. The tax audit has been completed in the beginning of February 2007 and a relative tax emerged of Euro 659.704 for which the company has formed an adequate provision.

22. Suppliers

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Suppliers	44.500.236	35.245.226	22.612.739	13.067.439
Cheques payable	27.856	4.171	-	-
Customer down payments	7.819.887	4.422.293	5.123.994	55.961
Insurance organisations	1.979.368	2.017.439	1.160.849	917.592
Amounts due to affiliated entities	15.547.246	8.260.191	2.846.329	4.321.610
Liabilities to other affiliates	32.824	1.705.073	-	1.705.073
Dividends payable	83.374	81.375	33.899	16.107
Proportion of third parties to dividends payable	56.000	-	-	-
Sundry creditors	4.683.799	3.559.261	932.066	673.122
Deferred income	-	47.353	-	473.603
Accrued expenses	5.676.502	4.666.062	3.110.009	3.002.086
Other transitory accounts	3.962.709	1.500.549	2.121.685	5.052
Total	84.369.801	61.508.994	37.941.570	24.237.645

23. Expenses

AMOUNTS IN EURO

GROUP 2005				
	Cost of sales	Distribution expenses	Administrative expenses	Total
Employee benefits	-36.537.304	-6.710.334	-10.567.274	-53.814.912
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense	-414.036.079	-2.131.642	-1.375.136	-417.542.857
Depreciation	-19.812.788	-283.468	-1.377.826	-21.474.082
Other Expenses	-180.113.433	-5.351.182	-8.422.739	-193.887.354
Total	-650.499.605	-14.476.626	-21.742.975	-686.719.206
GROUP 2006				
	Cost of sales	Distribution expenses	Administrative expenses	Total
Employee benefits	-46.435.144	-6.958.239	-11.247.706	-64.641.089
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense	-1.007.580.505	-128.135	-	-1.007.708.640
Depreciation	-20.858.651	-326.901	-1.424.123	-22.609.675
Other Expenses	-49.867.513	-9.765.732	-14.125.935	-73.759.181
Delution of assets	-3.189.325	-	-174.978	-3.364.303
Total	-1.127.931.139	-17.179.007	-26.972.742	-1.172.082.888
COMPANY 2005				
	Cost of sales	Distribution expenses	Administrative expenses	Total
Employee benefits	-15.000.859	-2.661.715	-5.129.877	-22.792.451
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense	-308.347.891	-	-	-308.347.891
Depreciation	-7.502.368	-62.699	-441.757	-8.006.824
Other Expenses	-27.811.888	-3.785.083	-5.717.270	-37.314.241
Total	-358.663.006	-6.509.497	-11.288.904	-376.461.407
COMPANY 2006				
	Cost of sales	Distribution expenses	Administrative expenses	Total
Employee benefits	-18.300.013	-3.613.153	-5.820.600	-27.733.766
Cost of inventories recognised as an expense	-634.167.271	-	-	-634.167.271
Depreciation	-9.231.046	-128.679	-535.293	-9.895.018
Other Expenses	-13.947.396	-5.891.990	-7.533.574	-27.372.959
Delution of assets	-3.189.325	-	-174.978	-3.364.303
Total	-678.835.051	-9.633.822	-14.064.445	-702.533.318

24. Financial Cost - Net

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Income				
Interest income	728.567	376.212	222.147	168.123
Other	-	60.832	-	60.832
Total income	728.567	437.044	222.147	228.955
Expenses				
Interest charges & related expenses	-22.598.847	-13.374.612	-11.268.244	-6.383.982
Other	-	-686.340	-	-
Total expenses	-22.598.847	-14.060.953	-11.268.244	-6.383.982
Financial cost (net)	-21.870.280	-13.623.909	-11.046.097	-6.155.026

25. Income Tax

AMOUNTS IN EURO

Both the Hellenic tax legislation and relative provisions are subject to interpretations by tax authorities. Income tax statements are filed on an annual basis, but profits or losses that are declared for tax purposes are deemed temporary until the tax authorities audit the tax payer's tax statements and books, at which point all relative tax liabilities are settled. Tax losses, to the extent that they are recognised by tax authorities, may be used in order to offset profits that will be realised in the five years that follow the fiscal year that they concern. Pursuant to the provisions of the Hellenic tax legislation, companies pay an income tax down payment each year, which is estimated at 65% on the income tax of the current fiscal year. When the tax is settled in the next fiscal year, any excess amount that is paid in advance is returned to the company after the tax audit. Pursuant to Law 3296/2004 the income tax rate was decreased from 35% in 2004 to 32% in 2005, 29% in 2006 and 25% from FY 2007 and thereafter. Income tax that burdens the Results is analyzed as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Tax of the fiscal year	-10.044.022	-7.139.840	-5.494.906	-4.563.848
Provision for tax	-2.279.704	-	-1.879.704	-
Deferred Taxes	-	-	-	-
Creation and reversal of temporary differences	805.490	-372.538	101.283	-170.285
Tax rate increase	-	11.131	-	-
	<u>-11.518.236</u>	<u>-7.501.247</u>	<u>-7.273.327</u>	<u>-4.734.133</u>
Effective tax rate reconciliation				
Earnings before taxes	51.887.217	12.506.204	20.091.035	14.270.724
Tax Rate	29%	32%	29%	32%
	<u>-15.047.293</u>	<u>-4.001.985</u>	<u>-5.826.400</u>	<u>-4.566.632</u>
Tax rate effects from foreign subsidiaries	3.042.534	11.131	-	-
Non-deducted expenses	-2.892.732	-1.692.137	-1.493.015	-15.600
Exempt income	1.532.291	438.957	705.791	481.318
Tax loss for which a deferred tax was not recognised	-1.361.684	-	-	-
Creating tax losses	922.314	-	-	-
Tax differences from tax audits of previous years	-659.704	-895.529	-659.704	-633.219
Tax rate change	1.584.354	-	-	-
Total	<u>-11.518.236</u>	<u>-7.501.247</u>	<u>-7.273.328</u>	<u>-4.734.133</u>

The company has been audited from tax audit authorities for the un-audited years 2002-2004. The tax audit has been completed in the beginning of February 2007 and a relative tax emerged of Euro 659.704 for which the company has formed an adequate provision.

To the subsidiary company Hellenic Cables S.A. a tax audit is currently being held concerning the three years 2003-2005 which is estimated to be concluded within the year 2007.

26. Other Operating Income – Expenses (Net)

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Other income				
Grants of the fiscal year	242.983	20.612	71.510	-
Income from other activities	694.459	226.306	3.597.366	2.707.716
Depreciation of subsidies received	627.139	731.667	283.842	26.818
Foreign exchange differences	2.844.262	34.207.757	512.198	512.873
Other income (as analysed below)	1.720.458	1.574.154	343.517	-
Total other income	<u>6.129.301</u>	<u>36.760.495</u>	<u>4.808.432,22</u>	<u>3.247.407</u>
Other expenses				
Impairment of investments and other financial assets	-	-	-	-1.275.534
Foreign exchange differences	-4.047.523	-33.243.954	-1.051.722	-741.645
Other income (as analysed below)	-4.222.743	-2.601.985	-2.127.551	-659.336
Total	<u>-8.270.267</u>	<u>-35.845.939</u>	<u>-3.179.273</u>	<u>-2.676.515</u>
Profits/(losses) from the sale of fixed assets	<u>205.275</u>	<u>155.814</u>	<u>55.559</u>	<u>85.798</u>
Profits/(losses) from the sale of investments	<u>3.690</u>	<u>39.955</u>	<u>3.690</u>	<u>39.955</u>
Other operating income - expenses (net)	<u>-1.932.000</u>	<u>1.110.325</u>	<u>1.688.408</u>	<u>696.645</u>
Dividend Income	<u>134.424</u>	<u>21.437</u>	<u>1.783.939</u>	<u>1.765.412</u>
Profit / loss from affiliate companies				
Profit from affiliated companies	1.932.562	766.825	-	-
Loss from affiliated companies	-986.415	-781.321	-	-
Total	<u>946.147</u>	<u>-14.496</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

27. Cash Flows from Operating Activities

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Profit for the period	40.369.000	5.004.957	12.817.707	9.536.591
Adjustments for:				
Taxes	11.518.216	7.501.247	7.273.328	4.734.133
Depreciation of tangible assets	21.375.340	20.312.784	9.675.362	7.796.747
Amortisation of intangible assets	1.234.336	1.161.299	219.657	210.077
Impairment	3.391.803	531.802	3.364.303	-
(Profit)/ loss from sale of tangible assets	-205.275	(155.814)	-55.559	-85.798
(Profit)/Loss from the sale of fixed assets in properties	-1.600	-	-1.600	-
(Profits)/losses from the sale of investments (see below)	-3.690	(39.955)	-3.690	-39.955
(Profits)/losses from the fair value of derivatives	-	1.565.566	-	1.607.527
(Income) from interest	-728.567	(376.211)	-222.147	-168.123
Interest charges	22.598.847	13.374.612	11.268.244	6.383.982
(Income) from dividends	-134.424	(21.437)	-1.783.939	-1.765.412
(Depreciation) of subsidies	-627.139	(731.666)	-283.842	-26.818
(Profits)/losses from affiliated companies	-946.147	14.496	-	-
Loss from the destruction of fixed assets	25.671	129.320	-	-
Other	-	15.718	-	-24.849
	<u>97.866.371</u>	<u>48.286.716</u>	<u>42.267.823</u>	<u>28.158.101</u>
Changes in working capital				
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	-93.957.393	-1.441.152	-66.988.971	14.162.103
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	-100.868.667	-36.756.357	-52.693.828	-10.621.117
Increase/(decrease) in liabilities	18.848.774	11.784.782	9.841.800	12.137.549
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	15.890.829	1.564.364	8.806.802	261.981
Increase/(decrease) obligations due to retirement benefits	320.140	356.724	669.997	193.617
	<u>-159.766.316</u>	<u>-24.491.639</u>	<u>-100.364.201</u>	<u>16.134.134</u>
Net cash flows from operating activities	<u>-61.899.946</u>	<u>23.795.077</u>	<u>-58.096.377</u>	<u>44.292.235</u>

28. Commitments

AMOUNTS IN EURO

During FY 2006, the company concluded mechanical equipment purchase contracts amounting to Euro 8,159,000. For these investments, the company tied up extraordinary taxed reserves of Euro 2,300,000 and its commitments for their realization are expected to materialize in the next FY.

Contractual liabilities amounting Euro 4.9 million concern the commitments of subsidiary company SOFIA MED AD regarding the purchase of mechanical equipment.

The Group leases fork-lift vehicles, pallet carriers and commercial vehicles. Rents vary in duration but no lease may exceed 5 years from the date the relative contract is concluded. During the year that ended on 31 December 2006 expenses in the amount of Euro 458,666 (2005: Euro 349,049) were recorded in the Company's Profit and Loss Statement.

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Liabilities from operating leases				
Up to 1 year	689.942	544.724	318.146	351.757
From 1-5 year	1.205.417	1.422.999	601.829	1.143.894
More than 5 year	-	47.424	-	-
	<u>1.895.359</u>	<u>2.015.148</u>	<u>919.975</u>	<u>1.495.651</u>
Total charge on results	<u>837.208</u>	<u>694.969</u>	<u>458.666</u>	<u>349.049</u>

29. Possible Liabilities / Receivables

AMOUNTS IN EURO

In a study conducted by the European Competitiveness Committee regarding European copper tube producers, the Committee determined that the rules of competition in the copper plumbing tube market were being violated. The European Committee imposed fines on seven companies, one of which was HALCOR S.A. HALCOR's fine amounted to 9.16 million Euros. Whereas the company deems that the fine's imposition was unjustified and unfair and that the amount imposed was considerably high, it has filed recourse against the Committee's decision before the Court of the European Communities. The company's Management, based on the opinion of its legal department with regard to the recourse's validity, deems that the final amount of the aforementioned fine (provided the legality of its imposition is confirmed judicially) will not exceed 5 million Euros, an amount that has burdened the results of fiscal year 2004 as a provision. In 31 December 2006 an additional provision of Euro 0,4 million concerning relative interest has been made.

SOFIA MED AD with registered offices in Bulgaria and 100% controlled by HALCOR S.A. has had recourse to the courts claiming from the Bulgarian Public Administration the return of Euro 299,500 in Value Added Tax rebates. On 11 August 2006 a verdict was issued by the court in charge in favor of the company. Furthermore, the company has issued bank warranties in favor of third parties amounting to Euro 4.6 million. Additionally mortgages of a total amount of Euro 4.4 million have been filed against its fixed assets.

Mortgages of a total amount of 4.6 million Euros have been filed against the real estate of HELLENIC CABLES S.A., ICME ECAB S.A in Romania.

The Company's tax liabilities and those of its subsidiaries for certain fiscal years, as these are noted in Note 33, have not been audited by the tax authorities, and as result they have not been finalized for these years.

30. Transactions with Affiliated Entities

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Sale of goods				
Subsidiaries	-	-	170.878.411	98.116.047
Other affiliated parties	104.787.968	53.153.725	59.502.386	27.428.766
	<u>104.787.968</u>	<u>53.153.725</u>	<u>230.380.797</u>	<u>125.544.813</u>
Sale of services				
Subsidiaries	-	-	3.036.854	2.472.251
Other affiliated parties	1.599.586	8.113.765	333.315	623.099
	<u>1.599.586</u>	<u>8.113.765</u>	<u>3.370.169</u>	<u>3.095.349</u>
Sale of fixed assets				
Subsidiaries	-	-	91.331	219.038
Other affiliated parties	1.855.945	876.492	1.849.128	-
	<u>1.855.945</u>	<u>876.492</u>	<u>1.940.459</u>	<u>219.038</u>
Purchase of goods				
Subsidiaries	-	-	56.569.790	24.154.633
Other affiliated parties	29.140.556	50.770.979	26.055.169	6.284.364
	<u>29.140.556</u>	<u>50.770.979</u>	<u>82.624.959</u>	<u>30.438.997</u>
Purchase of services				
Subsidiaries	-	-	2.986.064	3.193.800
Other affiliated parties	3.618.143	9.704.542	2.128.174	4.753.470
	<u>3.618.143</u>	<u>9.704.542</u>	<u>5.114.238</u>	<u>7.947.270</u>
Purchase of fixed assets				
Subsidiaries	-	-	156.904	-
Other affiliated parties	855.396	2.901.460	204.900	1.422.357
	<u>855.396</u>	<u>2.901.460</u>	<u>361.804</u>	<u>1.422.357</u>
End-of-year balances from sale-purchase of goods, services, fixed assets, etc.				
Receivables from affiliated parties :				
Subsidiaries	-	-	9.006.008	11.748.130
Other affiliated parties	18.701.029	9.868.992	8.909.438	2.832.233
	<u>18.701.029</u>	<u>9.868.992</u>	<u>17.915.446</u>	<u>14.580.362</u>
Liabilities to affiliated parties:				
Subsidiaries	-	-	968.492	4.325.194
Other affiliated parties	<u>3.257.822</u>	<u>10.845.272</u>	<u>1.877.837</u>	<u>1.705.073</u>
Fees - benefits to the members of the Board of Directors	2.763.852	431.306	1.235.968	431.306
Fees - benefits to the members of the Board of Directors through distribution	2.629.467	1.363.857	1.629.467	1.210.430
	<u>5.393.319</u>	<u>1.795.162</u>	<u>2.865.435</u>	<u>1.641.736</u>

Services to and from affiliated entities, as well as sales and purchases of goods, are placed into effect pursuant to the pricelists that apply to non-affiliated entities.

The fees of the members of the Board of Directors and the fees of executives of the Group's companies that burdened fiscal year 2006 amounted to 2,629,467 Euros, 1,629,467 Euros of which concern the Company.

31. Profits per share

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Profits corresponding to the parent company's shareholders	35.954.841	3.490.957	12.817.707	9.536.591
Weighted average numbers of shares	<u>99.992.026</u>	<u>96.981.079</u>	<u>99.992.026</u>	<u>96.981.079</u>
Basic profits per share (Euro per share)	<u>0,3596</u>	<u>0,0360</u>	<u>0,1282</u>	<u>0,0983</u>
Profits corresponding to the parent company's shareholders	35.954.841	3.490.957	12.817.707	9.536.591
Weighted average numbers of shares	<u>99.992.026</u>	<u>96.981.079</u>	<u>99.992.026</u>	<u>96.981.079</u>
Adjustments for rights per share	10.793	-	10.793	-
Total weighted average numbers of shares for minimum rights per share	<u>100.002.819</u>	<u>96.981.079</u>	<u>100.002.819</u>	<u>96.981.079</u>
Deluted profits per share (Euro per share)	<u>0,3595</u>	<u>0,0360</u>	<u>0,1282</u>	<u>0,0983</u>

32. Dividends

AMOUNTS IN EURO

Pursuant to Hellenic legislation, companies are obligated to distribute to their shareholders a dividend equal to at least 6% of their paid-up capital or 35% of the profits that arise from their accounting books (published financial statements) after the relative income tax and statutory reserve is deducted, provided this is greater than 6% of the paid-up capital. In spite of the above, companies may not distribute dividends following the congruent opinion of their shareholders.

Dividends that were distributed in 2006 (from the profits of 2005) amounted to Euro 6,303,770 or Euro 0.065 per share. The proposed dividend from the profits of fiscal year 2006 amounts to Euro 0.085 per share or Euro 8,608,768.

33. Un-audited Fiscal Years

AMOUNTS IN EURO

The table below presents the un-audited fiscal years of the companies that are consolidated by HALCOR either with the integrated consolidation method or net worth method.

Company name:	Country	Percentage holding	Consolidation method	Unaudited Fin. Years
HALCOR S.A.	GREECE	PARENT	-	2005 - 2006
HELLENIC CABLES S.A.	GREECE	78,90%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2006
FITCO S.A.	GREECE	50,32%	Full consolidation	2003 - 01/2006
STEELMET S.A.	GREECE	52,88%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2006
AKRO S.A.	GREECE	84,50%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2006
E.V.I.T.E. S.A.	GREECE	100,00%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2006
SOFIA MED S.A.	BULGARIA	100,00%	Full consolidation	2005 - 2006
METAL AGENCIES LTD	UK	93,04%	Full consolidation	2005 - 2006
BELANTEL HOLDINGS LTD	CYPRUS	100,00%	Full consolidation	1999 - 2006
METAL GLOBE DOO	SERBIA	53,67%	Full consolidation	2002 - 2006
COPPERPROM LTD	GREECE	71,56%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2006
SYLLAN S.A.	GREECE	100,00%	Full consolidation	2005 - 2006
OGWELL LIMITED	KYTIPOZ	100,00%	Full consolidation	2005 - 2006
HABAKIS LTD - LICENSE & DISTRIBUTION	GREECE	100,00%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2006
DIAPEM TRADING S.A.	GREECE	33,33%	Equity method	2003 - 2006
ELKEME S.A.	GREECE	30,92%	Equity method	2003 - 2006
S.C. STEELMET ROMANIA S.A	ROMANIA	40,00%	Equity method	2002 - 2006
TEPRO METALL AG	GERMANY	43,56%	Equity method	1992 - 2006
ENERGY SOLUTIONS S.A.	BULGARIA	38,60%	Equity method	2005 - 2006
THISVI POWER GENERATION PLANT S.A.	GREECE	20,00%	Equity method	2004 - 2006
VIEXAL LTD	GREECE	26,67%	Equity method	2003 - 2006

The company has been audited from tax audit authorities for the unaudited years 2002-2004. The tax audit has been completed in the beginning of February 2007 and a relative tax emerged of Euro 659,704 for which the company has formed an adequate provision.

According to management judgment the Group has made adequate provisions for tax differences that may arise for the companies Halcor S.A., Fitco S.A. and Hellenic Cables S.A. For the remaining companies of the group no provisions have been made as it is perceived that the differences that may occur will be not significant.

34. Significant Events

AMOUNTS IN EURO

On 8 January 2007 the company proceeded to the sale of 75% of its participation in its affiliated company THISVI POWER GENERATION PLANT S.A. for the amount of Euro 29,700.

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of HALCOR METALWORKS S.A

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Company Financial Statements and Consolidated Financial Statements (the "Financial Statements") of HALCOR METALWORKS S.A. ("the Company") which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2006 and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as these standards have been adopted by the European Union. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Greek Auditing Standards which are aligned with the International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements. An audit involves performing

procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and the Group as of 31 December 2006 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards which have been adopted by the European Union.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

The Board of Directors Report is consistent with the accompanying financial statements.

Athens, February 26, 2007

KPMG Kyriacou Certified Auditors A.E.

Michael Kokkinos

Certified Auditor Accountant

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