

The background of the entire page is a close-up, macro photograph of numerous water droplets of various sizes. The droplets are scattered across the surface, with some in sharp focus and others blurred in the foreground and background. The lighting is warm and directional, creating bright highlights on the upper edges of the droplets and deep shadows on their lower sides, which gives them a three-dimensional appearance. The overall color palette is a range of metallic and earthy tones, from light beige and cream to deep, rich browns and dark, almost black shadows within the droplets.

ANNUAL REPORT

2007

HALCOR
METAL WORKS S.p.A.

overview of
2007

overview of 2007

Activities

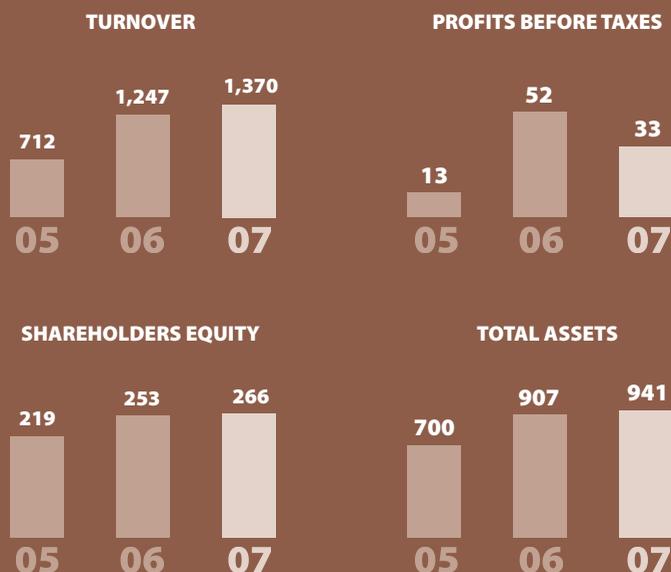
The HALCOR Group comprises the production, processing, and trading of copper products for VIOHALCO.

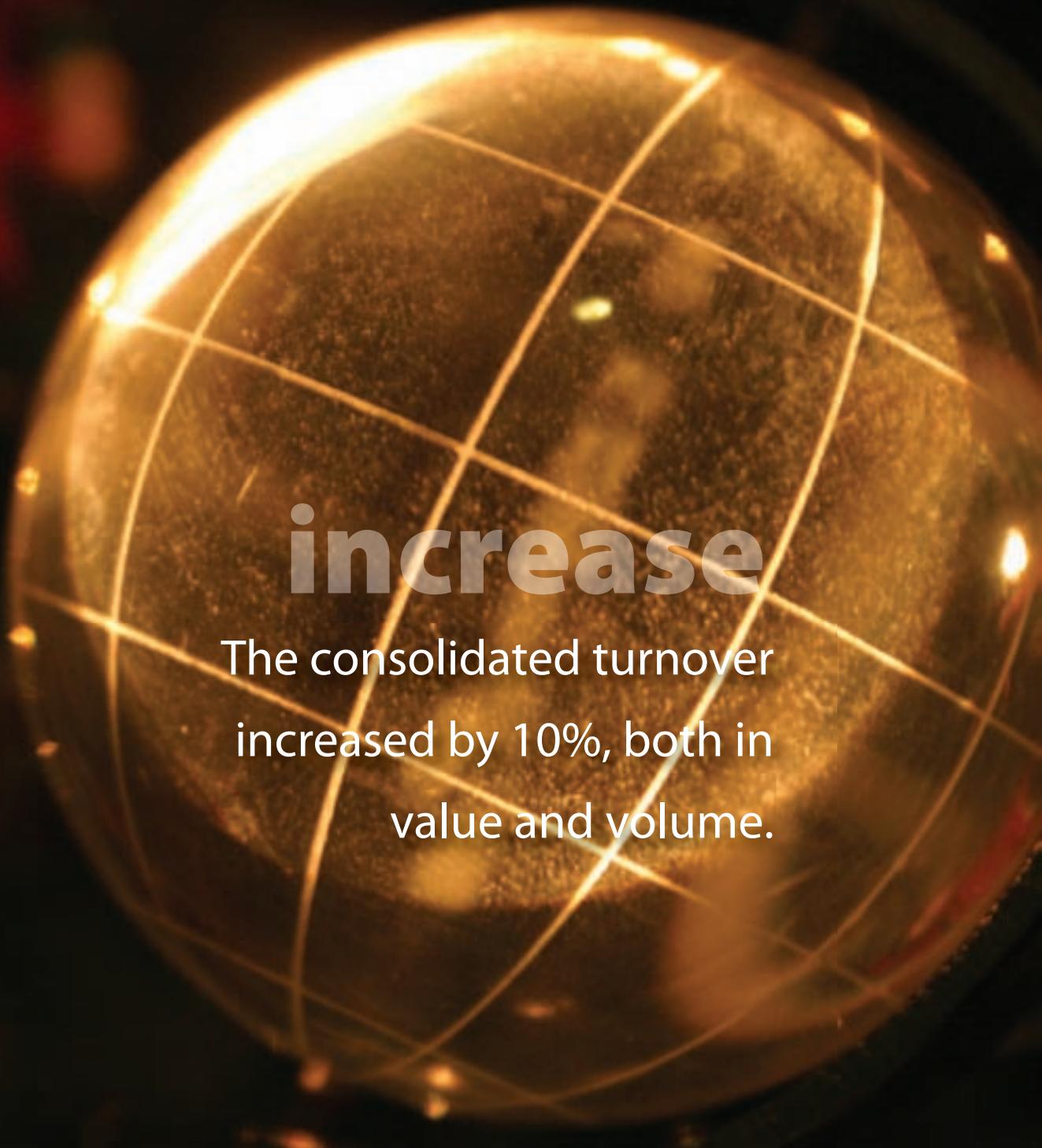
HALCOR'S main activities include the production and trading of copper and copper alloys rolling and extruded products, zinc rolling products as well as cables of all types.

HALCOR is a multinational Group of 20 companies with 9 production units in Greece, Bulgaria and Romania and a dynamic commercial presence in Europe, Asia, America and Africa.

Consolidated Financial Data

(In million Euro)





increase

The consolidated turnover
increased by 10%, both in
value and volume.

1. Message by the General Manager of HALCOR

In 2007 the HALCOR Group continued its organic growth, implementing with consistency the strategic plan during the past years.

During the financial year the international copper markets presented a reduced consumer demand with clear signs of replacement, mainly in housing installation products. The factor that essentially shaped the low demand levels was the price of metals, which despite the considerable drop in the last quarter of 2007, remained at high levels during the first nine months of the financial year, during which demand is traditionally more intense. A further catalytic factor was the effect from the slow down of the construction sector mainly in the US markets and consequently in Europe.

In view of these adverse conditions in the international markets, halcor proceeded to implement a sequence of actions that aim at improving the groups competitiveness and operational efficiency. Specifically, in 2007 all the companies adopted stricter inventory management policies, while at the same time the total productivity of our factories was improved as a result of the implementation of significant investments in mechanical equipment. At the same time, we greatly developed synergies between the groups subsidiaries and serious efforts were made to boost our scrap procurement network from foreign markets with the intent to improve our production cost structure.

The correctness of the above choices was confirmed in practice by the organic growth that HALCOR Group achieved during the financial year 2007. The consolidated turnover increased by 10%, both in value and volume, with a simultaneous 8% increase in weighted processing prices. The Group's export activity remained high with 78% of its consolidated turnover going to foreign markets. Volume wise cable sales in 2007 formed 35% of the consolidated turnover, copper tubes were 28%, rolling products 20%, brass bars and tubes 10% and copper plates and bars 7%.

During 2007, the Group continued to implement its investment programme on the upgrade and expansion of its production units, the total cost of which for the period of 2000-2007, has amounted to Euro 263 million. The amount of the investment expenses for the financial year amounted to Euro 35 million, of which Euro 12 million concerned the pipe works of the parent company at Oinofita, Euro 13



million of upgrading the production facilities of subsidiary SOFIA MED in Bulgaria, Euro 6 million concerning the production facilities of HELLENIC CABLES in Greece and Euro 3 million for the cable factory of ICME ECAB in Romania.

The main axis of the investment programme includes the modernisation of the production units and the improvement of their operational efficiency, the expansion of its production capacity and expansion of the Group's product range to include new innovative, high added value, products. For the financial year 2008, the total amount of investment expenses is expected to rise to Euro 35 million.

Along these lines, the Group remains focused on implementing its investment programme, seeking further to reduce the cost of production, develop additional economies of scale, strengthen its presence in existing geographical markets, and enter in new ones. As of January 2008, HALCOR has signed a memorandum for the acquisition of a majority percentage of the Turkish company SEGA BAKIR, which is active in the production and trade of copper tubes and plates. The end objective of this investment is the Group's dynamic entrance, primarily into the Turkish market and secondarily,



into the markets of the Near and Middle East, which have particularly attractive investment characteristics.

HALCOR's primary priority during this financial year continues to be its dedication to quality products, the protection of the natural and social environment in which the Group's companies operate, and the continuous training of the human resources that employs.

The factors that affected 2007 seem, at present, unchanged during 2008. Therefore the price of metal is reaching historical highs, which results in replacement pressure in certain product categories. Under these conditions, the Group is following closely its strategic plan, which is to focus on products of higher added value and most importantly fewer or no products subject to replacement. For 2008, the Group is aiming at increasing its sales even further, by strengthening its position in traditional markets, expanding in new markets, while at the same time absorbing the pressure on processing prices generated from international conditions, by improving its cost.

Menelaos Tasopoulos
General Manager



evolution

HALCOR has evolved over a dynamic 70-year long course into a multinational Group of 20 companies with 9 production units in Greece, Bulgaria and Romania.

2. HALCOR Group

The HALCOR Group represents VIOHALCO's production and trade branch for copper products.

HALCOR started from a copper-processing factory in Tavros, Attica in 1937 and over a dynamic 70-year long course has evolved into a multinational Group of 20 companies with 9 production units in Greece, Bulgaria and Romania and a dynamic commercial presence in Europe, Asia, America and Africa. HALCOR'S main activities include the production and trading of copper and copper alloys rolling and extruded products, zinc rolling products as well as cables of all types. The company has a vertical production that starts from raw material and ends in the final products and is the only one in Greece that produces copper tubes and zinc rolling products.

The raw material in the processing sector is copper cathodes and zinc ingots, which HALCOR purchases mainly from Chile, Bulgaria and Kazakhstan. Part of the Group's needs in materials is covered by annual contracts and the rest from spot contracts. Furthermore, the Group gathers copper scrap at warehouses located in Greece and certain Balkan countries, which is more frequently being used in the

production procedure.

The subsidiary company HELLENIC CABLES is active in the production of all types of cables, enamelled wires, and rubber or plastic insulating compounds, with over fifty years of experience. The products of HELLENIC CABLES are produced in 4 modern factories in Greece and Romania and marketed under the trade name of CABLEL.

Both the parent company HALCOR S.A., as well as its subsidiary HELLENIC CABLES, are listed on the Athens Stock Exchange.

The HALCOR Group of companies is active in Greece, Bulgaria, Romania, Cyprus, United Kingdom, France, Germany and Serbia by participating in the capital of the following companies:

Company name	Registered Office	Participation
HALCOR S.A.	GREECE	Parent
HELLENIC CABLES S.A.	GREECE	78.71%
STEELMET S.A.	GREECE	52.83%
AKRO S.A.	GREECE	95.74%
E.VI.TE. S.A.	GREECE	100.00%
SOFIA MED S.A.	BULGARIA	100.00%
METAL AGENCIES LTD	U.K.	92.98%
BELANTEL HOLDINGS LTD	CYPRUS	100.00%
METAL GLOBE DOO	SERBIA	53.61%
COPPERPROM LTD	GREECE	71.49%
SYLLAN S.A.	GREECE	100.00%
OGWELL LIMITED	CYPRUS	100.00%
HABAKIS LTD	GREECE	100.00%
DIAPEM TRADING S.A.	GREECE	33.33%
ELKEME S.A.	GREECE	30.90%
S.C. STEELMET ROMANIA S.A.	ROMANIA	40.00%
TEPRO METALL AG	GERMANY	43.53%
ENERGY SOLUTIONS S.A.	BULGARIA	38.60%
VIEXAL LTD	GREECE	26.67%



history

During the nineties, foundations were laid for the development of HALCOR into a leading European industry in its sector, regarding its vivacity and quality of produced products.

3. Milestones in the history of HALCOR

The Hellenic Copper Industry was founded in 1937 with its production units located in Tavros, Attica, which in the future were to become the production unit of HALCOR.

In 1976 HALCOR was founded, which involved the operation of the Oinofita foundry. In 1981, HALCOR took over the production units of rolled and extruded copper from its parent company VIEM S.A., it inherited the experience and know-how from VIOHALCO, one of the most historic and successful metal industries in the Greek market and started its own dynamic presence.

During the nineties, foundations were laid for the development of HALCOR into a leading European industry in its sector, regarding its vivacity and quality of produced products. In 1990, HALCOR'S equipment in the rolling sector was offered to VECTOR METAL PROCESSING S.A., which after its establishment in 1977 had a limited object and volume of activity.

During 1991-1995, VECTOR S.A. demonstrated vigorous industrial activities in the sectors of rolling, drawing, cutting of copper products and other alloys, production of facon mainly on behalf of HALCOR, as

well as other companies. In 1996, VECTOR S.A. is listed on the main market of the Athens Stock Exchange and the next year its merger followed, by being absorbed by HALCOR, and VECTOR S.A. was renamed HALCOR METAL PROCESSING S.A.

In 1997, HALCOR participated with a percentage of 4.99% in HELLENIC CABLES S.A., also listed on the Athens Stock Exchange and active in the production of overhead conductors, overhead and underground power

cables and enamelled wires. The participation percentage in HELLENIC CABLES increased gradually and reached 78.90% in 2006.

In 1999 HELLENIC CABLES S.A. acquired a majority percentage in Romanian cable industry ICME ECAB, while in 2000, HALCOR purchased the fixed assets of the company KOZM through its subsidiary SOFIA MED in Bulgaria, and in October 2000 began operating the plant. The end goal is to transfer, in the following years, the entire production of copper and brass rolled products there.

In 2000, HALCOR begins the implementation of an extensive investment programme with a cost that, until 2007, had amounted to Euro 263 million and which set the foundations for the evolution of HALCOR into an international Group with a powerful position in the markets in which it is active.

January 2008 met the approval for the acquisition of the majority block of shares of Turkish company SEGA BAKIR. The purpose of the acquisition, which is expected to be completed during the second quarter of 2008, is to penetrate the Turkish market as well as the gradual entrance in markets of the Near and Middle East.





modernization

Implementation of extensive investment programmes with the purpose of upgrading its productive units and broadening its production capacity.

4. Philosophy and strategy

Today HALCOR represents a large modern industry that holds a leading position in the sector of metal processing both in the local and Global markets. The company's products are described by particular competitive quality and cover a significant range of applications for the construction sector.

HALCOR, is creating the necessary conditions to expand its business activities and furtherance of its leading market role through coordinated efforts, converting the philosophy of "act local, think global" into an everyday practice.

In this context, the HALCOR Group's main strategy axes are the following:

- Implementation of extensive investment programmes with the purpose of upgrading its productive units and broadening its production capacity.
- Continuous effort to improve production cost
- Boost the Group's commercial presence in the Greek market.



- Further expansion within the greater geographical area of Southeast Europe.
- Development of innovative high value-added products.
- Dedication in guaranteeing quality assurance for their products.
- Protection and respect of the natural and social environment.

Finally, HALCOR, in line with its operation, acknowledges the values of sustainable development, social responsibility as well as providing conditions for creative performance for its human resources.



technology

HALCOR is one of the few companies in Europe that have the ability to produce inner grooved copper tubes (ACR) with a minimum wall thickness of 0.28mm. The said tubes are a product of advanced technology and efficiency and are widely used in the modern industry sector of air-conditioning devices.

5. Products

The products of the HALCOR Group are separated into the following main categories:

- Copper Products: Tubes, Sheets, Strips, Circles, F8mm Wire, Billets
- Brass Products: Tubes, Sheets, Strips, Circles, Bars, Billets
- Zinc Products: Sheets & Strips
- Special Alloy products: Plates, Billets, Strips, Circles, Blanks
- Cables

The main types of products are the following:

Copper Tubes

HALCOR is the sole producer of copper tubes in Greece and distributes it internationally under the commercial name TALOS®. The copper tubes are used in water supply networks, heating, floor heating, natural gas, medical gases, heating and air-conditioning installations, fire extinguishing systems, air-conditioning production, heat exchangers, cable tags and in many other industrial applications.

HALCOR is one of the few companies in Europe that have the ability to produce inner grooved copper tubes (ACR) with a minimum wall



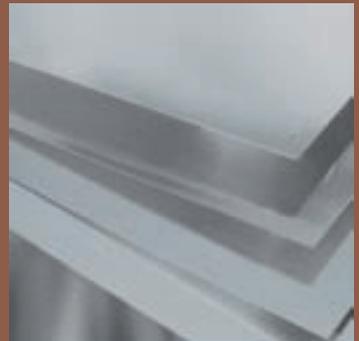
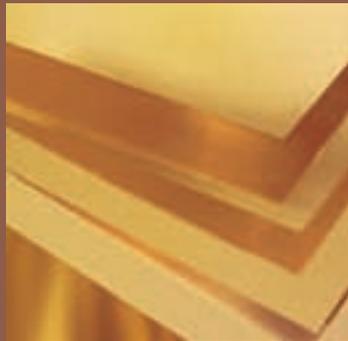
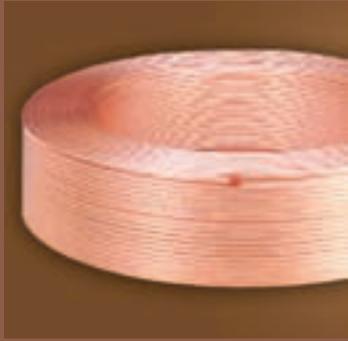
thickness of 0.28 mm. The said tubes are a product of advanced technology and efficiency and are widely used in the modern industry sector of air-conditioning devices.

Renewal and focus on quality are the main goals for HALCOR. In line with these goals are the new available high value-added products, such as the category of coated copper tubes TALOS ECUTHERM®, which were introduced into the market in 2003 and excel in the sector of insulation and resulting in greater energy savings.

In 2005, by investing in research and technology, the Company created the Cusmart® copper tubes, a new unique product, thus demonstrating its innovative spirit in copper processing. This particular product constitutes, a new series of flexible copper tubes with a special PE compound coating of an exceptionally competitive cost and important advantages. All relevant documents for this product have been submitted to the European Patent Office (E.P.O.) and it is patent pending.

Copper Sheets

HALCOR produces the DOMA® copper sheets, which are considered as one of the best materials for architectural applications. The DOMA®



sheets are produced according to specification DIN 1172, and its main applications are roof cladding, cladding of outer surfaces, such as walls, frames, chimneys and dormers, because they offer excellent aesthetics and are in harmony with the environment.

At the same time, DOMA® copper sheets are applied in solar power devices (collectors), boilers and special electric and mechanical devices.

Copper Strips

Copper strips are ideal for the construction of copper gutters, since gutters are an essential element for the functionality of a building and necessary for the proper drainage of the roof, protecting the entire building from the consequences of humidity.

Copper gutters are an exceptional aesthetic solution and ensure long-term durability. Furthermore, copper strips are widely used in decoration, electrical engineering and different types of popular art.

F8 Copper Coil

The 8mm copper coil is produced by the method of constant moulding and rolling afterwards and is used as a raw material in the production of cables for telecommunications and electricity transmission.

Special Alloys

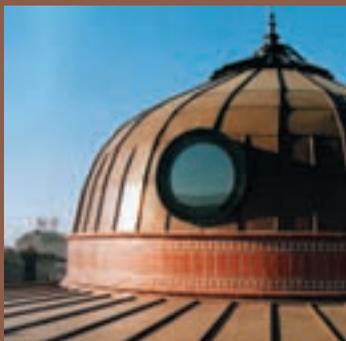
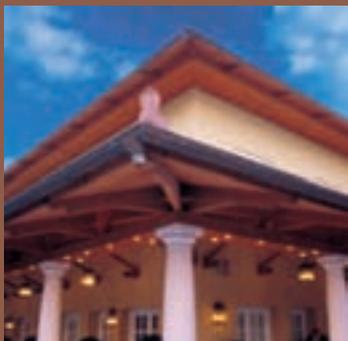
Copper-zinc alloys are suitable for blanks and circles, whereas copper-nickel alloys, copper-nickel-zinc alloys as well as copper-aluminium-nickel alloys are used for coin production.

Copper & Brass Circles and Copper Blanks

Due to their physical properties and important advantages, copper circles are ideal for decoration, different forms of popular and religious art, the production of kitchen utensils and accessories, as well as for technical applications (boilers etc.). Brass circles can be used at all production lines, ranging from ordinary decorations to industrial products.

Titanium-zinc Sheets & Strips

Titanium-zinc is an exceptional material that surpasses steel and aluminium to a large extent, as they have high maintenance cost. It has low anisotropy and exceptional mechanical properties. It can easily be formed into any desired shape, fully maintaining its endurance. Due to the aforementioned properties, DOMAZINC titanium-zinc sheets & strips are suitable for roof construction, external building cladding or internal facades. Furthermore, they are the raw material for manufacturing industries (gutters etc.).





Cables

The subsidiary company HELLENIC CABLES S.A., produces cables, enamelled wires, and rubber or plastic insulating compounds. HELLENIC CABLES products are available in the market under the commercial name CABLEL® and are suitable for all uses, according to all international specifications.

The main types of products produced by the HELLENIC CABLES S.A. Group are the following:

- Internal installation cables
- Control cables
- Cables for industrial use and external installations
- Marine and offshore cables with increased fire resistance
- Power cables with operating voltages of up to 400KV
- Low smoke and fume cables with reduced fire propagation
- Copper, aluminium, ACSR conductors
- Enamelled wires
- Telecommunication cables
- Optic fiber cables
- Special cables
- Plastic and rubber insulating compounds



6. Facilities

One of the main competitive advantages of the HALCOR Group is its strong production base, which includes 8 factories in Greece, one in Bulgaria and one in Romania. Having developed an exceptionally intense export orientation and with 78% of our consolidated turnover taking place outside Greece, it is quite obvious that quality levels of the products and services provided by the Group's factories correspond to the strict requirements at an international level.

The above is feasible through the implementation of extensive investment plans that aim both at upgrading and enriching the Group's product range as well as further expanding its productive capacity.

The Group's main production plants are as follows:

HALCOR foundry (Oinofita)

Total area: 47,600 square meters

Buildings: 11,343 square meters

Production Capacity: 245,000 tons annually



The HALCOR Foundry is located in the Industrial Area of Oinofita and consists of extremely advanced equipment.

Almost all of HALCOR's production activity begins from the Foundry's installation, which supplies the company's other units with semi-prepared products (billets and plate slabs) for final processing.

In total six production lines operate within the factory:

- 1 line of semi-continuous melting and casting of brass billets (one for lead and one for pure copper)
- 2 lines for the production of plates slabs of special alloys,
- 1 line of semi-continuous melting and casting of titanium- zinc slabs
- 1 line of continuous vertical melting and casting of copper billets,
- 1 line of constant melting, casting and rolling for the production of F8 copper coil which is an end product for HALCOR, but also a raw material for the cable industry.

In context with HALCOR's broader policy regarding the protection of the natural environment, the Foundry at Oinofita operates with natural gas, which keeps the emissions of pollutants and particles at very low levels. At the same time, the unit operates a scrap collection centre for copper and copper alloys that are meant for recycling.



HALCOR Copper Tubes Plant (Oinofita)

Total area: 202,853 square meters

Buildings: 55,643 square meters

Production Capacity: 70,000 tons annually

The HALCOR Tubes Plant in Oinofita, uses raw material copper billets, which are supplied to the plant from the company's foundry and produces copper tubes for plumbing, heating, natural gas, cooling, air conditioning and industrial use.

Its facilities are considered as one of the most modern and efficient in Europe. It has a vertical production organisation and is one of the few plants capable of producing tubes with inner grooves and low wall thickness, which are used for the production of heat exchangers.

Specifically, the Tubes Plant produces:

- Copper tubes in straight lengths and hard, semi-hard or soft coils.
- Coated copper tubes
- Copper tubes for special uses.

All the products of the Tubes Plant undergo strict inspections and quality testing throughout all production phases, while the operation of the facilities operates under a Quality Assurance system according to the ISO 9001:2000 standard.



HALCOR Brass Rods and Tubes Plant (Oinofta)

Total area: 58,221 square meters

Buildings: 23,803 square meters

Production Capacity: 25,000 tons annually

HALCOR's brass extrusion plant in Oinofta carries out hot and cold extrusion of copper alloys with brass scraps of different qualities used primarily as raw material, which are melted at the company's foundry and delivered to the plant in billets for further processing.

The unit mainly produces the following:

- Solid and hollow brass rods (round – six sided – square).
- Solid and hollow brass profiles
- Brass wires
- Seamless brass tubes of different cross-sections.
- Brass tubes with circular cross-section (welding with high frequency current).

The Brass Bars and Tubes Extrusion Plant is certified with ISO 9000 and the products fulfil all the main European and American standards (EN, DIN, BS, NF, ASTM).

HALCOR Titanium Zinc Rolling Plant (Athens)

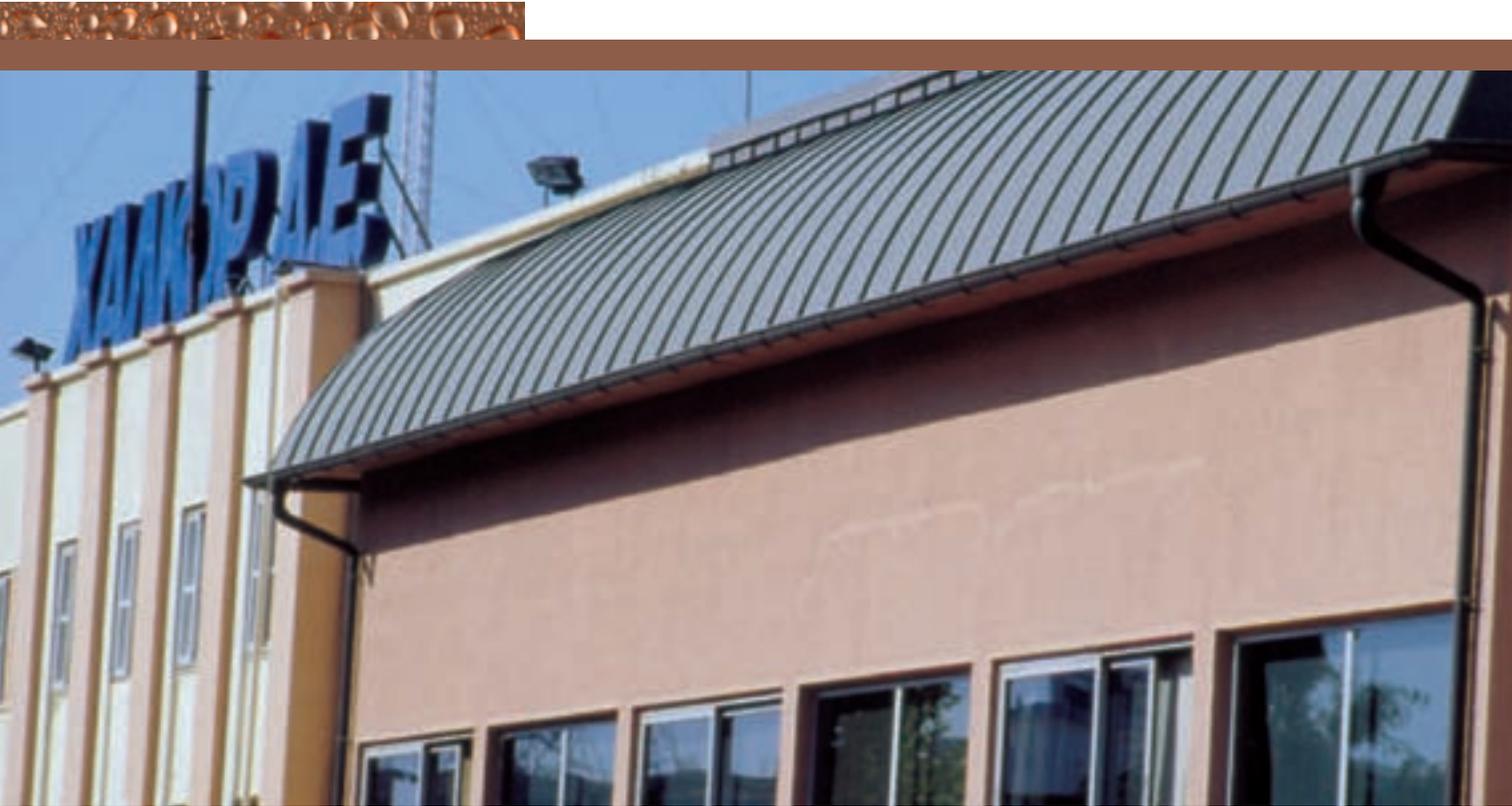
Total area: 62,993 square meters

Buildings: 39,231 square meters

Production Capacity: 20,000 tons annually

The Titanium Zinc Rolling Plant is located in Tavros, Attica and is a milestone in the history of Greece's metallurgy industry. Since its establishment in 1937, the plant housed all the production activities of VIOHALCO (copper and aluminium processing, as well as wire production).

Today, the plant's production units have a fully modernised hot and cold rolling mill and produce Titanium Zinc Rolled products.



Furthermore, the plant also operates cutting machines used in the final processing of certain products manufactured by other companies of the VIOHALCO Group.

Additionally, the geographical location of the plant offers it an important advantage for the distribution of the products as the plant's warehouses have become an easily accessible source of products for manufacturing industries and distributors in the broader area of Attica.

HALCOR SOFIA MED Plant (Bulgaria)

Total area: 250,000 square meters

Buildings: 120,000 square meters

Production Capacity: 105,000 tons annually

The SOFIA MED plant in Sofia, Bulgaria has the objective of producing and selling copper and copper alloy products. The plant's main units are separated in three production departments: the foundry, the rolling department and the extrusion department.

The plant was established in 2000 with the purchase of the fixed assets of Bulgarian company KOZM. After the implementation of an

extensive Euro 95 million investment plan that lasted 6 years, SOFIA MED proved to be one of the most efficient copper, brass and special alloy flat rolled product industries. Its total production capacity is over 105,000 tons annually. The plant is certified with ISO 9001:2004.



After financial year 2007 a new investment plan began for a total amount of Euro 25 million, which includes upgrades and expansions and all three production units.

HELLENIC CABLES Electrical Cables and Optical Fibers (Thiva)

Total area: 175,082 square meters
 Buildings: 36,957 square meters
 Production Capacity: 55,000 tons annually



The plant in Thiva for electrical cables and optical fibers, produces the following types of cables:

- Control cables.
- Internal installation cables.
- Low smoke and fume cables with reduced fire propagation
- Marine and offshore cables with increased fire resistance.
- Power cables with operating voltages over 1kV.
- Power cables with operating voltages up to 1kV.

The raw material used for the production of the above products is copper, aluminium, steel wires and plastic - elastic materials for insulating and casing the wires. The parent company supplies HELLENIC CABLES with part of the raw materials.

The plant's main characteristic is its increased flexibility during the production of the final products, as well as being in the position to produce different types of cables, according to international specifications and/or customer requirements.

The production procedure of the Thiva plant is certified according to the ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 standards.



HELLENIC CABLES Copper conductors and Enamelled Wires (Livadia)

Total area: 121,818 square meters

Buildings: 13,890 square meters

Production Capacity: 14,000 tons annually

The Livadia plant carries out the production of grounding cables, airway wires and enamelled cables. The production procedure is certified according to the ISO 9001 standard.

HELLENIC CABLES Plastic and Elastic Compounds (Oinofita)

Total area: 22,032 square meters

Buildings: 6,636 square meters

Production Capacity: 24,000 tons annually

The Oinofita compounds plant, produces elastics and plastics necessary for the supply of insulation, filling and shielding production lines for the final wires. Part of the plant's products are supplied to HALCOR to be used in the production of Ecutherm and Cusmart copper tubes.



The production procedure is certified according to the ISO 9001 standard.

Cable Plant (ICME ECAB, Romania)

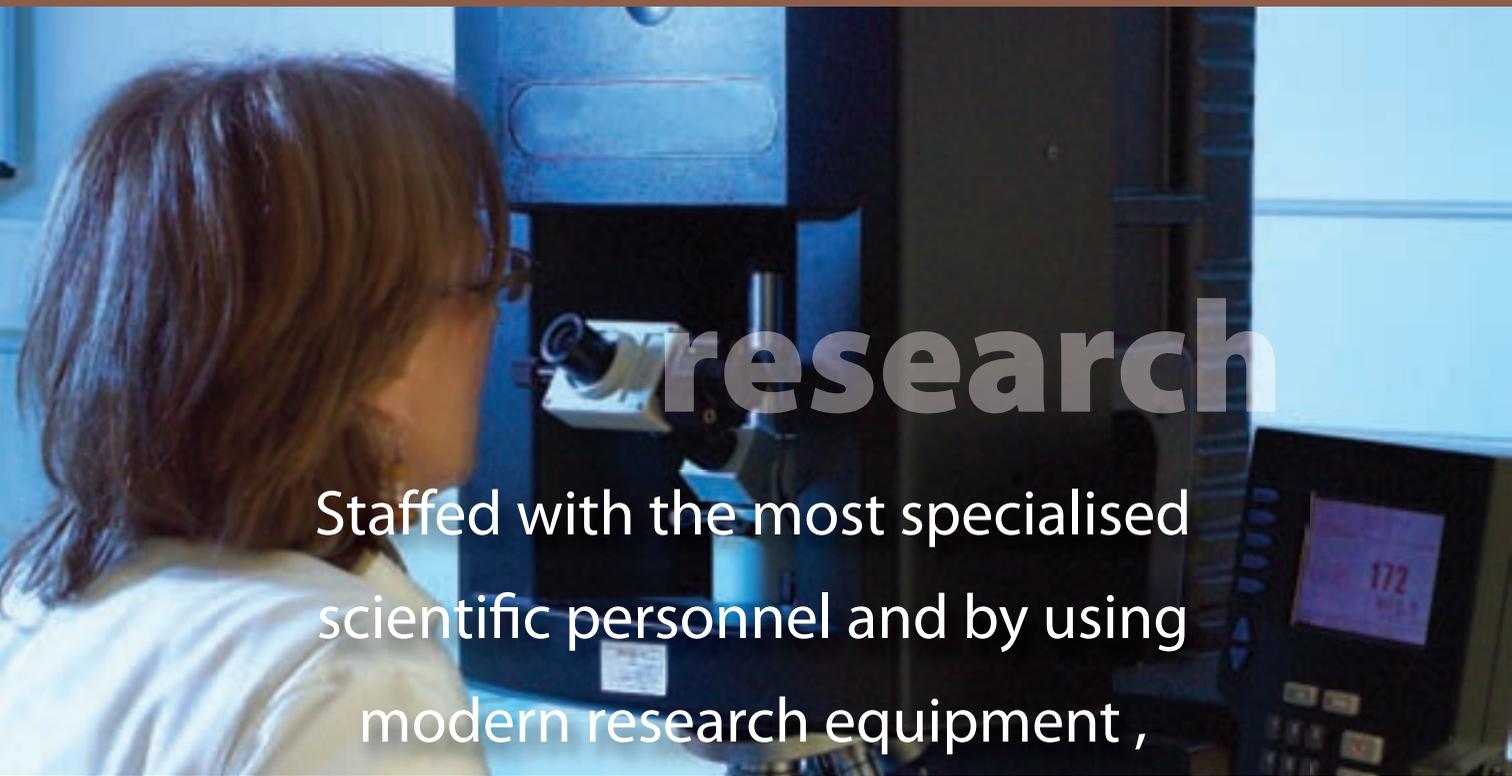
Total area: 268,000 square meters

Buildings: 70,000 square meters

Production Capacity: 45,000 tons annually



The ICME ECAB plant, which has its registered headquarters in Bucharest, produces cables for internal installations, energy, control, industrial uses and external installations, with reduced fire propagation, fire resistant and low smoke and fume, copper and aluminium conductors, mine cables, marine, special requirement cables, telecommunication cables, optical fiber cables, signalling, remote control and data transmission as well as plastic and elastic compounds.



research

Staffed with the most specialised scientific personnel and by using modern research equipment ,

ELKEME carries out research regarding new production methods and checking the behaviour of the final products of the Group's plants.



7. Research and development of new Technologies

The ELKEME (Hellenic Metal Research Centre) is located on Pireos street and operates as a modern research laboratory for new methods of producing and checking the behaviour of final products.

Staffed with the most specialised scientific personnel and by using modern research equipment, ELKEME carries out research regarding new production methods and checking the behaviour of the final products of the Group's plants. Its objective is to carry out basic research on advanced plans and techniques with the purpose of improving the production procedure and to eliminate any failures and defects.

The total investments in ELKEME amounts to Euro 3.5 million. Its contribution to the development and improvement of the Group's products range has been proven in practice by solving problems that were created before as well as during the production of Titanium Zinc products at HALCOR's plant, and moreover through the development of the new Cusmart® copper tubes.



our people

Aiming at promoting the capabilities of each employee, the Company implements training programmes that cover a wide range of technological and administrative issues.



8. Human Resources

One of HALCOR's competitive advantages is the quality of its human resources. The Group's more than 2,300 employees are a valuable element and essential requirement for its mid and long term development.

Having set objective employee evaluation and selection criteria in order to effectively cover the company's needs on all levels, HALCOR continuously invests in ongoing training and development of its human resources.

Aiming at promoting the capabilities of each employee, the Company implements training programmes that cover a wide range of technological and administrative issues. The Company's goal is each employee – of all specialties and levels – to participate in at least one programme each year.



quality

The compliance with the quality control procedures is scrutinised through regular inspections by Greek and International Certification Bodies.

9. Corporate Social Responsibility

Corporate Social Responsibility

HALCOR in light of its principle for continuous growth is striving to expand its products and activities for the benefit of shareholders, clients, suppliers and employees.

This is why the Company is devoted to its target of meeting its responsibilities to society as a whole and minimising the impact of its operations on the environment by producing quality and environmentally-friendly products. In these lines the Company conducts its business on a daily basis seeking the constant improvement of its performance with regards to corporate social responsibility issues.

Quality Assurance

The most essential and actual proof of HALCOR's product quality is the broad acceptance they receive from the international metal product markets in which they are sold.

The Company's products undergo a strict qualitative control in all production stages and come with a written 20 - 30 year guarantee.

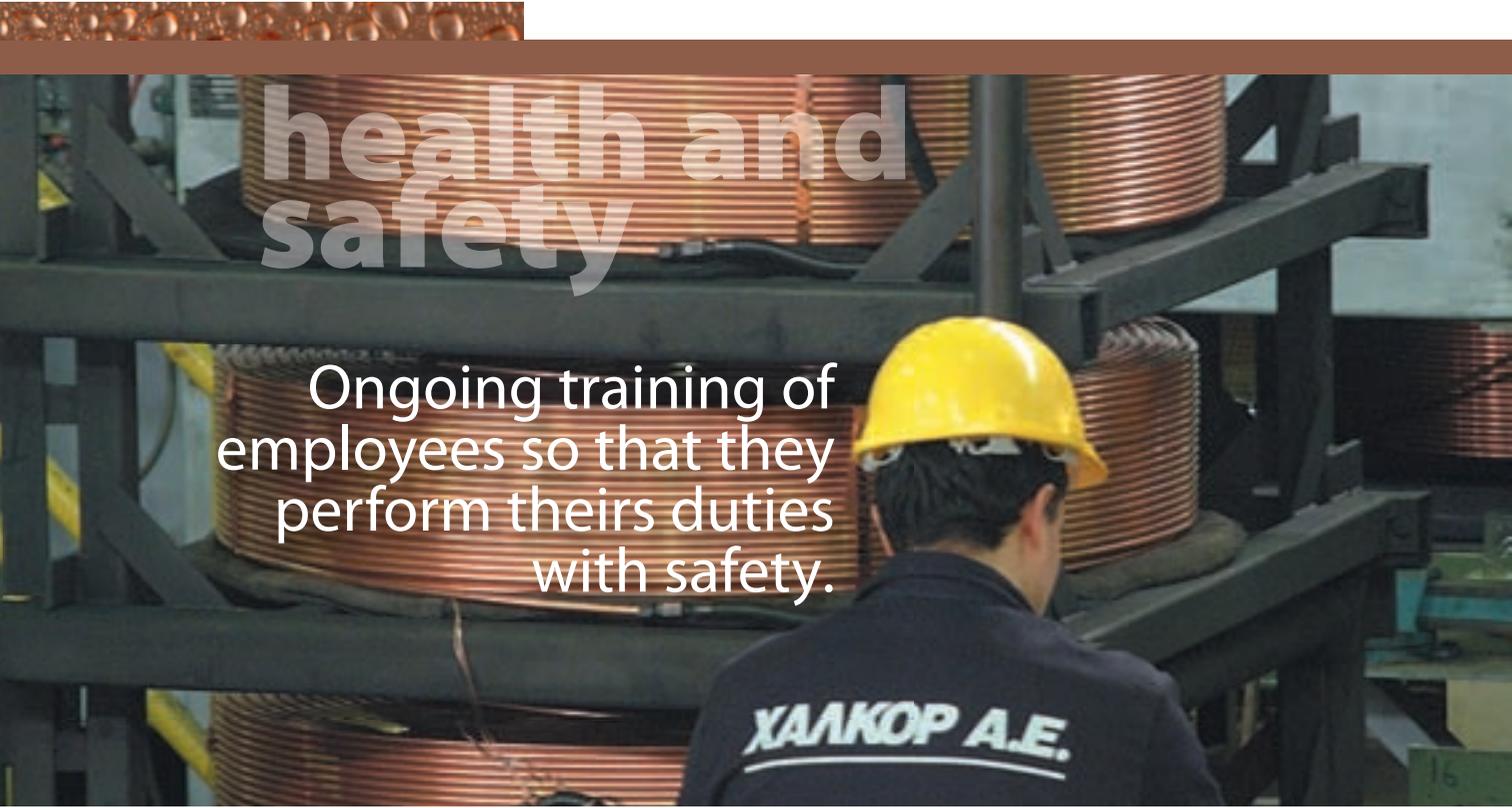


The compliance with the quality control procedures is scrutinised through regular inspections by Greek and International Certification Bodies, whereas the daily participation of employees in ensuring product quality is encouraged by special programs. The implemented quality system control is consistent with requirements set by ISO 9001:2000, which has been certified by BVQI.

Acknowledgement of HALCOR’s long-standing pursuit for continuous improvement of its product quality came when it received the International “High-Quality Prize” by the European Association of Corporations.

Some of the main certifications given to HALCOR’s products from European and American Quality Organisations are:

- German certificate DVGW and the American certificate NSF for copper tubes used in drinking water supply network
- The ‘Kite Mark’ certificate by the British Organisation BSI, the NF by the French organisation AFNOR, the ‘N’ by the Spanish organisation AENOR and finally RAL by the German organisation Gutegemeinschaft, for water tubes (sanitary and heating) as well as gas tubes.
- HALCOR was certified by the German organisation TÜV for the production of tubes used in cooling applications, in order to ensure their adaptation to new requirements (such as the requirements of the refrigerant R-407C, R-410A etc.).



health and safety

Ongoing training of employees so that they perform their duties with safety.

Health and Safety

HALCOR's principal goal is to prevent and eliminate risks arising from all Group activities and for this reason HALCOR constantly monitors existing work conditions in all its facilities.

The primary instruments for achieving this goal are the effective communication between Management and employees and the ongoing training of employees so that they perform their duties with safety. HALCOR organises special employee training programmes with the purpose of not only informing, but also mainly raising awareness on safety issues, creating awareness in employees.

It is the Company's principle that safety is an integral part of the work of every employee. To this end, there is a system in hand for recording and reporting 'near misses' as a basic tool for improvement of employee safety.

Within this complete risk management and prevention framework, the Administration, the Management, the Safety Engineer and the supervisor of each plant are authorised to stop any works deemed precarious.

Finally, HALCOR is committed to employee health and wellbeing and shows its interest in practical terms by running compulsory medical tests in every production unit on a regular basis.



10. Environmental Management

HALCOR understands the importance of protecting the natural environment and therefore has included its efforts to improve its environmental performance in its broader development actions.

Fully aware of the importance of rational environmental management, HALCOR has developed an Environmental Management System certified according to ISO14001, within the company's Tubes Plant and Foundry at Oinofita. Furthermore, its Rolling Plant at Tavros has been certified according to the "Eco-Management and Audit Scheme (EMAS).

Moreover, the company has included in its production procedure the recycling of significant amounts of scrap copper, while participating actively in paper, plastic and wood recycling that is used in its packaging.

The above actions, along with the company's environmental management program in general, aim at the controlling and monitoring of any consequences of its productive activity's environmental impact, essentially contributing to their reduction.



Fully aware of the importance of rational environmental management, HALCOR had developed an Environmental Management System certified according to ISO 14001.

11. Financial Data

Organic Growth of Consolidated Turnover

The consolidated turnover for financial year 2007 amounted to Euro 1,369.2 million compared to Euro 1,246.6 million in 2006, increased by 9.9%. Simultaneously we noted a 10% increase in sales volume compared to 2006, despite the high prices of metal that were created throughout the larger part of the year and which promoted replacements, mainly in installations products.

At volume level, cable sales in 2007 formed 35% of the consolidated turnover, copper tubes were 28%, rolling products 20%, brass rods and tubes 10% and copper plates and bars 7%. Finally the Group's exports formed 78% of its consolidated turnover.

Group Profitability

All the results were affected greatly by the inventory's Euro 10.3 million devaluation, which was implemented by the company in the 4th quarter considering that the prices of copper, as well as zinc, had dropped significantly at the end of the year, affecting the results of the last quarter. Specifically, the Group's gross profits in 2007



decreased by 10.9% and amounted to Euro 105.6 million compared to Euro 118.5 million during the same period last year, while the consolidated earnings before taxes, interest and amortisations (EBITDA) decreased by 9.3% and amounted to Euro 86.4 million.

Finally, the profits after taxes and minority rights decreased by 44.3% and amounted to Euro 20 million.

Cash Flows

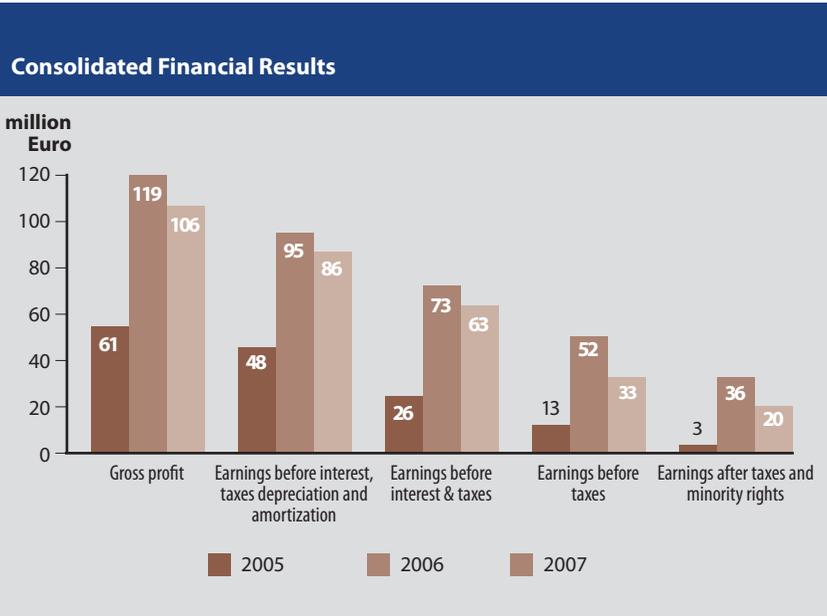
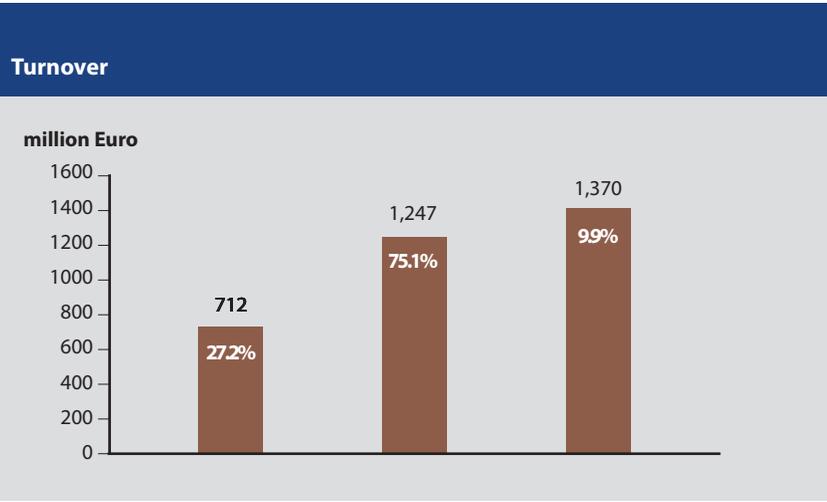
The Group's cash flows for the financial year 2007 were positive despite the continuously high prices of metal during the first nine months of the financial year, which traditionally make up the period of high demand and require increased operating capital. The above fact comes as a result from the strict inventory management policy that was adopted by all of the Group's companies.

HALCOR S.A. 2007

P&L by SBU

(thousand Euro)	2005			2006			2007		
	Copper products	Cable products	Services	Copper products	Cable products	Services	Copper products	Cable products	Services
SALES	439.542	189.732	82.458	827.170	301.564	117.845	898.220	364.513	106.884
EBIT	15.690	6.337	4.096	46.087	21.246	5.344	30.244	27.421	5.027
EAT	659	2.919	1.427	46.087	21.246	5.344	30.244	27.421	5.027

Consolidated Financial Results			
(in thousand Euro)	2005	2006	2007
Turnover	711,732	1,246,578	1,369,617
Gross profit	61,231	118,525	105,587
EBITDA	47,596	95,287	86,379
EBIT	26,122	72,677	62,691
Earnings Before Taxes	12,506	51,887	33,310
Earnings After Taxes & Minority interests	3,490	35,955	20,022



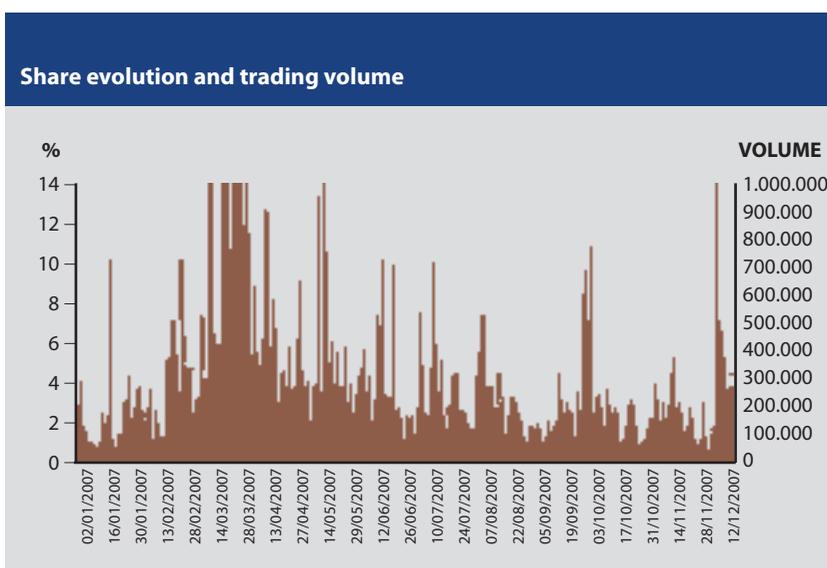
Profit Margins	2005	2006	2007
Gross Profit	8.6%	9.5%	7.7%
EBITDA	6.7%	7.6%	6.3%
EBIT	3.7%	5.8%	4.6%
Earnings Before Taxes	1.8%	4.2%	2.4%
Earnings After Taxes & Minority interests	0.5%	2.9%	1.5%



Consolidated Balance Sheet Data			
(in thousand Euro)	2005	2006	2007
ASSETS			
Fixed Assets	315,310	321,317	330,458
Reserves	168,625	252,095	283,158
Receivables from Customers	198,660	296,221	284,156
Cash and Cash Equivalents	16,246	29,261	41,597
Other Assets	1,630	7,658	1,707
TOTAL ASSETS	700,471	906,552	941,078
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share Capital	32,004	38,486	38,486
Other Data of Equity of Company Shareholders	153,412	200,196	199,385
Minority Interests	33,836	24,624	27,779
Total Net Position	219,252	263,306	265,651
Long Term Liabilities:			
Long Term Loans	213,749	311,396	321,123
Other Long Term Liabilities	37,565	39,666	39,101
Total Long Term Liabilities	251,315	351,062	360,224
Short Term Liabilities:			
Short Term Loans	159,007	191,316	219,241
Other Short Term Liabilities	70,898	100,868	95,962
Total Short Term Liabilities	229,905	292,184	315,203
TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY	700,471	906,552	941,078

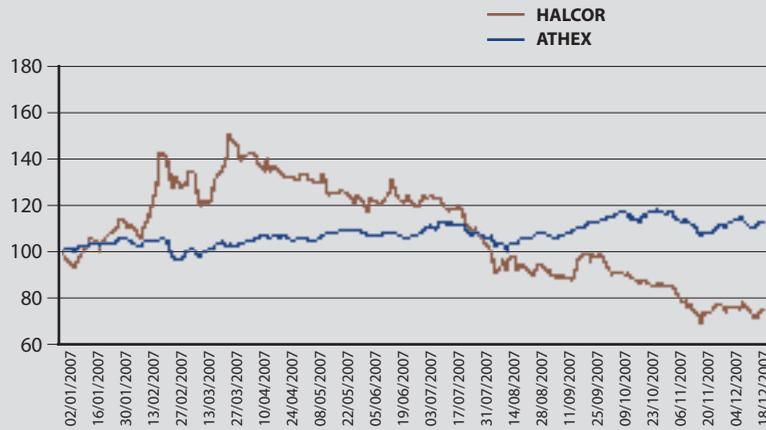
Consolidated Cash Flows			
(in thousand Euro)	2005	2006	2007
Cash flows			
From operating activities	-1,212	-88,605	18,507
From investment activities	-17,383	-23,530	-34,012
From financing activities	22,466	125,150	27,841
Total	3,871	13,015	12,336
Cash-on-Hand at Start of Year	12,375	16,246	29,261
Cash-on-Hand at End of Year	16,246	29,261	41,597

Financial Ratios		2005	2006	2007
LIQUIDITY				
General Liquidity	(x)	1.68	2.00	1.94
Special Liquidity	(x)	0.94	1.14	1.04
ACTIVITY RATIOS				
Claims payment rate	Days	102	87	76
Liabilities payment rate	Days	36	28	24
Asset floating rate	(x)	1.02	1.38	1.46
VIABILITY RATIOS				
Coverage of financial expenses	(x)	3.56	4.22	2.74
Foreign to equity	(x)	2.19	2.44	2.54
PERFORMANCE RATIOS				
Return on Equity (ROE)	%	1.59%	13.66%	7.54%
Return on Assets (ROA)	%	0.50%	3.97%	2.13%

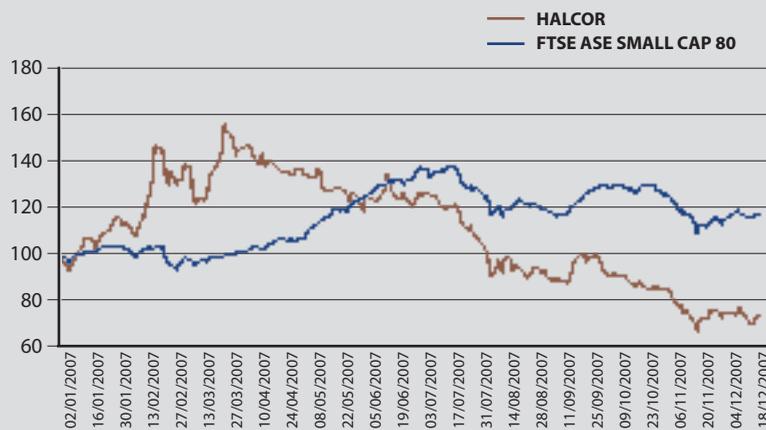


HALCOR S.A. 2007

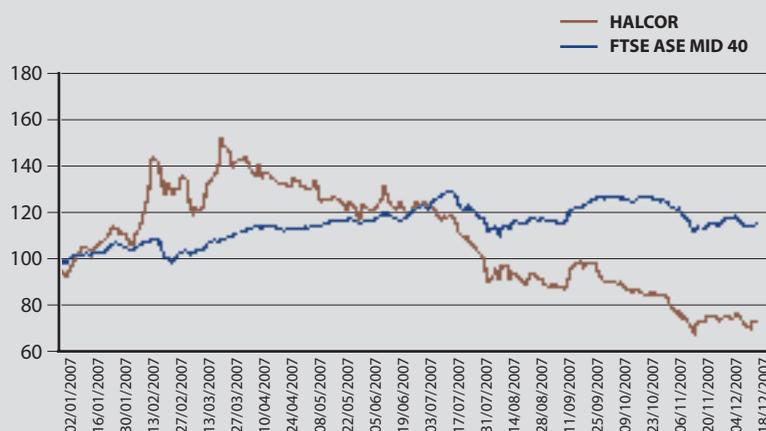
Halcor vs ATHEX



Halcor vs FTSE ASE SMALL CAP 80 (base=100)



Halcor vs FTSE ASE MID 40 (base=100)



INVESTMENT RATIOS		2005	2006	2007
Dividend per share	Euro	0.065	0.085	0.060
EBITDA/Share	Euro	0.49	0.95	0.85
Dividend Yield	%	3.92%	2.44%	1.27%
P/E (after taxes and rights)	(x)	46.13	9.71	23.83
PRICE/BV	(x)	0.73	1.33	1.80
PRICE/Sales	(x)	0.23	0.28	0.35
PRICE/EBITDA	(x)	3.38	3.66	5.52

Share data

Weighted Average of Number of Shares (in thousand)	96,981	99,992	101,280
Average price per share	1.66	3.49	4.71

The calculation of the ratios was carried out using the average share price during each financial year and the weighted number of shares.

Average price per share 2007: Euro 4.71

Number of Shares: 101,279,627

Share Symbols: XAKO (ATHEX)

HAL.AT (Reuters)

XAKO GA (Bloomberg)



12. Corporate Governance

The application of Corporate Governance principles to the organisation, operation and management of HALCOR is included in its fixed strategic goals.

Within that framework, the Company has made primary and daily practice the effective, and with absolute transparency, implementation of its development targets. HALCOR offers complete, valid, and timely information to the investment community, while protecting the interests of its shareholders.

<i>Theodosios Papageorgopoulos,</i>	President, executive member
<i>Nikolaos Koudounis,</i>	Vice President, non-executive member
<i>Georgios Passas,</i>	non-executive member
<i>Andreas Kyriazis,</i>	non-executive and independent member
<i>Efstathios Stribber,</i>	non-executive and independent member
<i>Konstantinos Bakouris,</i>	non-executive member
<i>Menelaos Tassopoulos,</i>	executive member
<i>Andreas Katsanos,</i>	non-executive member
<i>Jean Chouvel,</i>	non-executive member
<i>Konstantinos Kasotakis,</i>	non-executive member

13. Corporate Executives

- **Menelaos Tassopoulos**, General Manager
Chemical Engineer, National Technical University of Athens, MSc in Economics and Operational Research, COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, PhD in Applied Engineering, YALE UNIVERSITY. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1996.
- **Spyros Kokkolis**, Financial Manager of the HALCOR Group, Economist, Athens University of Economics and Business. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1993.
- **Anastasios Kassis**, Financial Manager, HALCOR, Economist, MBA, University of Piraeus. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1999.
- **Stylianos Theodosiou**, Technical Manager, Electrical Engineer, National Technical University of Athens. Working with the Company since 1969.
- **Athanasios Manis**, Electrical Engineer, Civil Engineer, National Technical University of Athens, Studies in Economics, Deree College. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1991.
- **Antonis Logaras**, Foundry Technical Manager, Chemical Engineer, National Technical University of Athens. Working with the Company since 1989.
- **Ioannis Papadimitriou**, Tubes Plant Technical Manager. Professor at the School of Electrical Engineering, Hannover Polytechnic. He is a graduate of the Hanover Polytechnic University with specialisation in 'Information Processing' and he has served as a scientific advisor at the Institute of Semiconductors and Electrical Material Technology. He has worked at the Company since 1991.
- **Gontzes Vasilis**, Brass Rods, Plant Technical Manager, Chemical Engineer, Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1985.
- **Emmanuel Gavalas**, Piraeus Plant Technical Manager, Electrical Engineer, National Technical University of Athens. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1977.



- **Eftihios Kotsabasakis**, Oinofita Plant Directing Manager. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1965.
- **Ioannis Biris**, Marketing Manager, Architect-Engineer, working for the company since 2002
- **Nikolaos Tarnanidis**, Extruded Products Commercial Export Manager Economist, University of Piraeus, Masters of Economic Studies, University of London. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1987.
- **Georgios Katsabis**, Rolled Products Commercial Export Manager Economist, University of Athens, Economics Division, Law Graduate, University of Thessalonica, M.Sc., London School of Economics. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1995.



- **Antonis Karadeloglou**, Domestic Sales Manager, Chemist, University of Piraeus. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1986.
- **Ioannis Markakis**, Internal Audit Supervisor Economist, Graduate of University of Piraeus, Business Organisation and Administration Division. Working for Viohalco Group companies since 1973.



14. INVITATION

to the Ordinary General Shareholders Meeting of S.A. company
HALCOR, S.A. METAL WORKS
S.A. Companies Registry No. 2836/06/B/86/48

In compliance with the provisions of the Law and the Articles of Association of the Company, the Shareholders of HALCOR S.A. METAL WORKS are hereby invited by the Board of Directors to attend the Company's Annual General Meeting, to be held on Thursday, June 12, 2008, at 12:30 hours, at the ATHENS IMPERIAL Hotel, Karaiskaki Square, Athens.

In case that quorum is not achieved for all or certain issues of the agenda, then the Shareholders are invited to the 1st Repeat General Meeting, Thursday, on 26 June 2008, at 12:00 hours, at the same address, without further invitation.

DAILY AGENDA ITEMS

1. Approval of the annual financial statements for the Company's financial year 2007, as well as the relevant reports by the Directors and the Chartered Auditors.
2. Discharge of the Directors and the Auditors from all responsibility for damages for the financial year 2007.
3. Decision on the manner and the date of distribution of the profits of the financial year 2007.
4. Appointment of the Certified Auditors for the financial year 2008 and approval of their remuneration.
5. Ratification the election of an interim Director.
6. Election of the members of a new Board of Directors.
7. Approval of the Directors' remuneration, according to Art.24, par.2 of Codified Law 2190/1920.
8. Final distribution of taxed reserves under Law 3299/2004 for covering the Company's participation in the investment plans.
9. Issuance of common debenture loans.
10. Other announcements.

Shareholders wishing to attend the General Meeting are required, at least five (5) days before the meeting date namely by 6 June 2008, to deposit at the Company's offices, 16 Himaras Street, Maroussi, (tel.: 210 6861349, fax: 210 6861347) the documents certifying that their shares are blocked for the General Meeting, together with the instruments appointing their proxies, following the provisions of the pertinent legislation and the Company's Articles of Association.

In the event of the 1st Repeat General Meeting regarding the decisions on daily agenda issues, the Shareholders must submit the documents certifying that their shares are blocked for the General Meeting, together with the instruments appointing their proxies at the company's offices, as above, at least five (5) days before the date of the 1st Repeat General Meeting, namely on 20 June 2008.

Athens, 16 May 2008

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Financial Statements

(Company and Consolidated)

as of 31 December 2007
in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards
as adopted by the European Union

THE PRESIDENT
OF THE BOARD
OF DIRECTORS

THEODOSIOS
PAPAGEORGOPOULOS
ID No. H 679222

A MEMBER
OF THE BOARD
OF DIRECTORS

GEORGIOS PASSAS
ID No. Φ 020251

THE MANAGING
DIRECTOR

MENELAOS TASOPOULOS
ID No. Ξ 365174

GROUP
FINANCIAL OFFICER

SPYRIDON KOKKOLIS
ID No. X 701209

HALCOR S.A.
COMPANY REGISTRATION No. 2836/06/B/86/48
Address: Athens Tower, 2nd Building, 2-4 Messogeion Avenue, 11527, Athens

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Financial data and information for the period from January 1, 2007 to December 31 2007 (published as per L.2190, article 135, on companies preparing their annual financial statements, consolidated or not according to IFRS)

The figures illustrated below aim to give general information about the financial position and results of HALCOR, S.A. and the Group HALCOR. The reader, wishing to be familiar with the company's financial position and results, should have access to the Company's Interim Financial Statements, as provided by the International Financial Reporting Standards, as well as to the audit report of the auditor-accountant whenever it is required. Indicatively, he can visit the company's web site, where the information and data in question are presented.

Registered office: Athens Tower, Building B', 2-4, Messogion Av. 11527 Athens, Company's No in the Reg. of SA: 2836/06/B/86/48, Prefecture of Athens: Ministry of Development, Department of SA & Credit, Board of Directors members: Th.Papaioannopoulos (Chairman, executive member), N. Koudounis (Vice-Chairman, executive member), M. Tasopoulos (executive member), G.Passas, K.Bakouris, J.Chouvel, A.Katsanos, K.Kastakis (non executive member), A.Kyriazis & E.Strimber (Independent, non executive members), Certified Auditor: Michael Kokkinos (Reg.No. SOEL 12701), Date of approval of the financial statements: February 27, 2008 Audit firm: KPMG Kyriakou Certified Auditors, S.A., Review type: Unqualified opinion, Website of the Company: www.halcor.gr

BALANCE SHEET

(Amounts in Euro)

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31 Dec 07	31 Dec 06	31 Dec 07	31 Dec 06
ASSETS				
Fixed assets	330.458.443	321.316.623	236.195.864	234.571.525
Inventories	283.157.775	252.095.254	108.537.391	121.923.626
Trade receivables	237.722.409	228.788.733	109.017.858	96.792.648
Other assets	89.739.063	104.351.777	51.276.539	67.701.411
TOTAL ASSETS	941.077.690	906.552.387	505.027.651	520.989.210
LIABILITIES				
Long term liabilities	360.224.257	351.062.097	217.736.963	230.425.295
Short term bank borrowings	219.248.886	191.323.272	59.882.329	42.711.789
Other short term liabilities	95.954.022	100.860.527	33.660.983	47.604.374
Total liabilities (a)	675.427.165	643.245.896	311.280.274	320.741.459
Share Capital	38.486.258	38.486.258	38.486.258	38.486.258
Other Shareholders Equity	199.385.107	200.195.834	155.261.119	161.761.493
Total equity of the company's shareholders (b)	237.871.365	238.682.093	193.747.377	200.247.751
Minority rights (c)	27.779.160	24.624.399	-	-
Total equity (d) = (b) + (c)	265.650.524	263.306.491	193.747.377	200.247.751
TOTAL LIABILITIES (a) + (d)	941.077.690	906.552.387	505.027.651	520.989.210

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Amounts in Euro)

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	31 Dec 07	31 Dec 06	31 Dec 07	31 Dec 06
Net equity at the beginning of the Fin.Year(1/1/2007 and 1/1/2006 respectively)	263.306.491	219.252.190	200.247.751	169.368.659
Profit / (loss) for the year after taxes	24.590.185	40.369.001	9.785.503	12.817.707
	287.896.676	259.621.191	210.033.254	182.186.366
Increase / (decrease) of share capital	-	977.385	-	977.385
Dividends distributed (profit)	(8.608.768)	(6.303.770)	(8.608.768)	(6.303.770)
Increase / (decrease) of percentage holding in subsidiaries	-	56.564	-	-
Net income recognised directly in equity	(13.637.383)	8.955.121	(7.677.109)	23.387.771
Purchases / (sales) of own shares	-	-	-	-
Net equity at the end of the financial year (31/12/2007 and 31/12/2006 respectively)	265.650.524	263.306.491	193.747.377	200.247.751

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Amounts in Euro)

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	1.01 - 31.12.2007	1.01 - 31.12.2006	1.01 - 31.12.2007	1.01 - 31.12.2006
Operating activities				
Profits before taxes	33.310.035	51.887.217	13.096.716	20.091.035
Plus / less adjustments for:				
Depreciation of assets	23.687.726	22.609.676	10.271.790	9.895.019
Grants Amortization	(603.990)	(627.139)	(341.963)	(283.842)
Provisions	(2.189.464)	14.822.563	(136.632)	8.806.802
Foreign exchange differences				
Results (income, expenses, profits, losses) from investing activities	(2.732.393)	(740.871)	(4.216.361)	(2.006.086)
Interest payable and related expenses	31.528.204	22.598.847	13.752.067	11.268.244
(Profit)/loss from the sale of fixed assets	(72.416)	(206.876)	(13.887)	(57.159)
(Profit)/Loss from the sale of investments	-	(3.690)	-	(3.690)
Loss from destruction/Impairment of assets	869.964	3.417.474	-	3.364.303
Plus / Less adjustments for changes in working capital accounts or related to operating activities:				
Decrease / (increase) of inventories	(30.835.403)	(93.957.393)	12.025.839	(66.988.971)
Decrease / (increase) of receivables	12.565.856	(100.868.667)	4.439.962	(52.693.828)
(Decrease) / Increase of obligations (except banks)	(5.402.343)	19.168.914	(13.558.772)	10.511.797
(Profit) / loss of fair value of derivatives	(362.302)	-	-	-
Less:				
Interest payable and related expenses paid	(29.635.648)	(19.484.808)	(12.610.698)	(8.691.658)
Taxes paid	(11.631.129)	(7.220.024)	(7.140.936)	(4.213.283)
Total cash, used in, generated from operating activities (a)	18.496.699	(88.604.777)	15.567.123	(71.001.318)
Investing activities				
Acquisition-sale of subsidiaries, affiliated com., consortiums and other investments	(17.312)	5.423	(101.382)	3.771.711
Purchase of tangible and intangible fixed assets	(35.495.231)	(27.444.350)	(12.046.089)	(6.837.827)
Receivables from sale of tangible and intangible fixed assets	479.821	3.045.962	295.215	1.977.397
Interest received	956.823	728.567	374.296	222.147
Dividends received	63.989	134.424	3.842.064	1.783.939
Total cash (used in) generated from investing activities (b)	(34.011.909)	(23.529.975)	(7.635.895)	917.368
Financing activities				
Receivables from capital increase	-	977.385	-	977.385
Receivables from issued / assumed loans	178.198.179	155.285.000	75.000.000	95.000.000
Loans paid up	(140.545.995)	(25.329.641)	(69.315.632)	(7.206.612)
Repayments of financial leasing liabilities (capital installments)	(5.358)	7.465	-	-
Proceeds of Grants	-	511.088	-	-
Dividends paid	(9.795.133)	(6.301.771)	(8.604.006)	(6.285.978)
Total cash (used in) generated from financing activities (c)	27.851.693	125.149.526	(2.919.638)	82.484.795
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the year (a)+(b)+(c)	12.336.483	13.014.775	5.011.590	12.400.844
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	29.261.016	16.246.241	19.057.305	6.656.461
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	41.597.499	29.261.016	24.068.894	19.057.305

INCOME STATEMENT

(Amounts in Euro)

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	1.01 - 31.12.2007	1.01 - 31.12.2006	1.01 - 31.12.2007	1.01 - 31.12.2006
Total turnover	1.369.616.569	1.246.577.794	755.974.008	730.198.102
Gross Profit / (loss)	105.587.106	118.525.283	41.476.624	51.363.051
Profit / (loss) before taxes, financing and investing results & depreciation	86.378.882	95.286.602	32.904.212	39.248.210
Profit / (loss) before taxes, financing and investing results	62.691.155	72.676.927	22.632.422	29.353.192
Profit / (loss) before taxes total	33.310.035	51.887.217	13.096.716	20.091.035
Less: Taxes	(8.719.850)	(11.518.216)	(3.311.213)	(7.273.328)
Profit / (loss) after tax from continued operations (a)	24.590.185	40.369.001	9.785.503	12.817.707
Profit / (loss) after tax after tax from discontinued operations (b)	-	-	-	-
Profit / (loss) after tax (continued & discontinued operations) (a)+(b)	24.590.185	40.369.001	9.785.503	12.817.707
Distributed to:				
Company's shareholders	20.021.567	35.954.841	9.785.503	12.817.707
Minority shareholders	4.568.618	4.414.160	-	-
	24.590.185	40.369.001	9.785.503	12.817.707
Profit per share after taxes - basic (in Euro)	0,198	0,360	0,097	0,128
Earnings after tax per share - diluted (in Euro)	0,197	0,360	0,096	0,128
Proposed dividend per share (in Euro)	-	-	0,060	0,085

Additional data and information

1. The following data concern the companies in which the Group participates:

Company name:

HALCOR, S.A.
HELLENIC CABLES, S.A.
STEELMET, S.A.
AKRO S.A.
E.VI.TE.S.A.
SOFIA MED SA
METAL AGENCIES L.T.D.
BELANTEL HOLDINGS L.T.D.
METAL GLOBE D.O.O.
COPPERPROM LTD
SYLLAN, S. A.
OGWELL LIMITED
HABAKIS LTD - LICENSE & DISTRIBUTION
DIAPEM TRADING, S.A.
ELKEME, S.A.
S.C. STEELMET ROMANIA S.A
TEPRO METALL AG
ENERGY SOLUTIONS S.A.
VIEHAL LTD

Country	Percentage holding	Consolidation method	Unaudited Fin. Years
GREECE	Parent	-	2005 - 2007
GREECE	78.71%	Full consolidation	2007
GREECE	52.83%	Full consolidation	2007
GREECE	95.74%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2007
GREECE	100.00%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2007
BULGARIA	100.00%	Full consolidation	2005 - 2007
U.K	92.98%	Full consolidation	2007
CYPRUS	100.00%	Full consolidation	1999 - 2007
SERBIA	53.61%	Full consolidation	2002 - 2007
GREECE	71.49%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2007
GREECE	100.00%	Full consolidation	2005 - 2007
CYPRUS	100.00%	Full consolidation	2005 - 2007
GREECE	100.00%	Full consolidation	2005 - 2007
GREECE	33.33%	Equity method	2003 - 2007
GREECE	30.90%	Equity method	2003 - 2007
ROMANIA	40.00%	Equity method	2002 - 2007
GERMANY	43.53%	Equity method	2001 - 2007
BULGARIA	38.60%	Equity method	2005 - 2007
GREECE	26.67%	Equity method	2003 - 2007

2. In June 2007 the Company purchase additional percentage of 11,24% of subsidiary AKRO A.E.B.E. (see note N. 10 financial statement).

3. In January 2007 the company sold percentage of 15% of the participation of the affiliated company ELECTROPARGOGI THISVIS S.A. For this reason the company ELECTROPARGOGI THISVIS S.A. is not included in the consolidated financial statement of the current year (see note N. 10 financial statement).

4. There is a pending appeal of the Company regarding the fine imposed to the Company by the European Competition Commission for transgression of the rules on competition in the market of copper tubes for water supply.

5. The financial statements of the Company are included in the consolidated financial statements prepared by the following company:

Company	Country of the Reg. Office	Percentage holding	Consolidation method
VIOHALCO, S.A.	GREECE	50.43%	Full consolidation

6. There are no pending court decisions or claims under arbitration against the company, which may have a significant effect on its financial position of the Company and the Group.

7. The number of the personnel at the end of the current period was: Company 769 (FY 2006 : 730) , Group 2,386 (FY 2006: 2,380).

8. There are mortgages, amounting in total to Euro 7 million on the real estate property of the subsidiary of HELLENIC CABLES, S.A., ICMC ECAB S.A. in Romania and of subsidiary SOFIA MED S.A. in Bulgaria. There are no encumbrances of fixed assets of the parent.

9. The cumulative amounts of sales and purchases at the beginning of the financial year and the balances of receivables and obligations of the company at the end of the period, resulting from its transactions with related parties following the IAS 24 are as follows:

	GROUP	COMPANY
i) Sales of goods and services	141,846,068	197,093,037
ii) Purchases of goods and services	119,127,901	143,842,284
iii) Receivables from related parties	25,354,073	34,363,980
iv) Obligations to related parties	20,088,698	5,086,377
v) Transactions & fees of higher executives and managers	6,081,871	2,949,216
vi) Receivables from higher executives and managers	91,220	91,220
vii) Liabilities to higher executives and managers	-	-

10. The income tax in the income statement is analysed as follows (Amounts in Euro):

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	1 Jan - 31 Dec 2007	1 Jan - 31 Dec 2006	1 Jan - 31 Dec 2007	1 Jan - 31 Dec 2006
Income tax for the period	(7,182,924)	(12,323,706)	(2,628,631)	(7,374,612)
Deferred tax for the period	(1,536,926)	805,490	(682,582)	101,283

11. After the as of 30/6/2006 and with no K2-9666 decision the Ministry of Development, has approved the merger through absorption of FITCO S.A. from the HALCOR S.A. (N.G. 6611/4.7.2006). For this reason is not consolidated in the financial statements of the current year (see note N. 10 financial statement).

12. The Groups Income Statement for the Fiscal Year 2006 restatements were made in order to be comparable with that of the current year (see note 2(d) annual Financial Statement).

Athens, February 27, 2008

THE CHAIRMAN
OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
THEODOSSIOS PAPAGEORGIOPOULOS
Id.C.No..H 679222

A MEMBER
OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
GEORGE PASSAS
Id.C.No..Φ 020251

THE MANAGING
DIRECTOR
MENELAOS TASSOPOULOS
Id.C.No..Ξ 365174

THE GROUP FINANCIAL
MANAGER
SPYRIDON KOKOLIS
Id.C.No.X 701209

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS "IFRS" FOR THE FISCAL YEAR 2007

It is certified that the attached Financial Statements for the period 1/1/2007-31/12/2007 are those which have been prepared according to the accounting standards in use, and illustrate in a true and fair manner assets, liabilities, equity and results of the Company and the firms consolidated in full.

The report of the Board of Directors illustrates in a true manner the performance and the financial position of the Group, as well as the companies consolidated in full, including the description of the main risks and uncertainties that affect them.

The attached financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors of "HALCOR S.A." on February 27, and have been published on the internet at the address www.halcor.gr.

It is noted that the published in the press summarized financial data and information aim at providing the public with certain elements of financial information but they do not present a comprehensive view of the financial position and the results of operation of the Group, in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards.

**The President of HALCOR S.A.
Board of Directors**

Theodosios Papageorgopoulos

Report of the Board of Directors

On the Company and Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31, 2007.

A. General overview

Fiscal year 2007 proved to be difficult for Group Halcor in terms of financial results as international conditions were not particularly favorable. Metal prices remained at high levels in the larger part of the year mainly during the months of high demand, a fact that intensified substitution, mainly installation products (copper sheets for housing, tubes for water supply - heating). At the same time, total demand was adversely affected by the decline of building activity, mainly in the US market but also in European countries.

However, certain steps in terms of development and organic operation of the Group were made, along with the optimization of the performance of Group production facilities, within and outside Greece. As metal prices marked a significant decrease by year end, the surplus values then created from the valuation of inventories were reversed – through the devaluation of inventories by Euro 10.3 million, an amount that affected the results of the fourth quarter – and as a consequence all fiscal year results were purely organic.

The average price of copper in 2007 was set at Euro 5,198 and Euro 5,175 per ton, for cash prices and for quarterly prices, respectively, while in 2006 the corresponding prices were Euro 5,342 and Euro 5,297 per ton respectively. The average price of zinc in 2007 was set at Euro 2,385 and Euro 2,380 per ton, for cash prices and for quarterly prices, respectively, while in 2006 the corresponding prices were Euro 2,592 and Euro 2,575 per ton respectively.

Although the constantly high metals prices and therefore the increased working capital requirements, the operating cash flows both for the mother company and for most of the subsidiaries were positive in comparison

with those of the year 2006. The implementation of a strict policy of inventory management in the overall Group, already from the second half of the year 2006, has contributed to the above mentioned result.

Though the course of metal prices adversely affected demand for certain product categories, the Group succeeded in an overall increase of its sales in terms of volume (by 10%) with the simultaneous increase of the weighted fabrication prices (by 8%) leading this way to the increase of organic profits of the Mother Company as well as the Group's. Profitability was backed up by the continuous improvement in the productivity from the new investments, mainly in the mother company and its subsidiary Hellenic Cables S.A. as well. In parallel the development of synergies within Group companies and especially those created by the merger through absorption of the subsidiary FITCO S.A., gave the opportunity for an even better improvement in total cost and in productivity structure.

Within the year, several important steps were taken in order to enhance the scrap purchases network in the international markets aiming at the continuous increase of the buying quantities and of its proportional use as compared to the final product. As a result, as of the last quarter of the year, scrap inflows increased significantly and the result of this particular action is an anticipated improved production cost in 2008.

Explicitly, the course of Halcor Group can be traced into the consolidated financial statements of 2007 where the key financial results were set as follows:

1. Consolidated Sales in 2007 amounted Euro 1,369,616,569 as opposed to Euro 1,246,577,794 in 2006, marking an increase of 9.9%.
2. Group operating results (before taxes,

- financial, investing results and depreciation) amounted Euro 86,378,882 in 2007 as opposed to Euro 95,286,602 in 2006, marking a decrease of 9.3%.
3. Group profits before taxes presented a decrease of 35.8% to Euro 33,310,035 as opposed to Euro 51,887,217 in 2006.
 4. Net results (after taxes and minority interests) stood at Euro 20,021,567 in comparison to Euro 35,954,841 in 2006, marking a decrease by 44.3%.

At the Parent Company level sales stood at Euro 755,974,008 increased by 3.5% in comparison to the previous fiscal year, while net results after taxes amounted Euro 9,785,503 marking a decrease of 23.7%.

In 2007, Group Halcor realized total investments amounting approximately Euro 35 million, from which an amount of approximately Euro 13 million was allocated in SOFIA MED S.A. within the context of the completion of its investment plan, aiming mainly at the production of high valued added industrial products. Accordingly, the Parent Company realized investments of approximately Euro 12 million focusing on the Pipeworks facilities. Finally, Hellenic Cables Group proceeded with investments amounting Euro 9 million, focusing mainly on the acquisition of new and modernizing existing mechanical equipment. The goal of all of the Group's investments was the improvement of productivity, the production of high value added products and the increase in the production capacity.

Within the context of its strategic development for the expansion of its operations in new profitable markets, HALCOR, signed in January 2008 an agreement for the acquisition of a 50.1% stake of the Turkish company Sega Bakir S.A., which is active in the field of manufacturing and wholesale of copper tubes and rods. The main purpose of the aforementioned acquisition is HALCOR's pen-

etration in the large Turkish market as well as in Near Middle East countries where the Group is foreseeing significant growth potentials.

Halcor group's principle value lies upon its respect for the environment. A vivid proof of the Parent Company's as well as its subsidiaries' concern towards the environment, is the establishment of a well defined Management System for those of its activities that have an impact on the environment, in order for the timely control and adjustments. In view of that the Group has acquired ISO 14001 certification as a proof of its sensitivity in this area, acknowledging the fact that by following the procedures set by this international standards, the group is able to realistically face any such issues. There are departments within the group dedicated to follow on any factors affecting the environment and implement any new measures necessary to improve environmental indices in all production facilities.

Employee health and safety measures are an utmost priority for Halcor. Risk control and minimization of all of the group's activities is a direct merit of the Management as well as the employees. In 2007, several steps were taken in order to improve the culture in security issues and staff training was intensified so as to create safe and secure work place.

Taking into consideration the course of the Group so far as well as its future prospects, the company's management proposes to distribute dividend amounting Euro 0.06 per share over Euro 0.085 per share last year. The management proposes a total dividend distribution of approximately Euro 6.1 million, a decrease of 29% over 2006.

B. Financial position

The ratios that express the Group's and the Company's financial position developed as follows:

RATIOS	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Liquidity				
Current Assets/ Current Liabilities	1,94	2,02	2,87	3,17
Leverage				
Equity / Banks Loans	0,49	0,52	0,78	0,83
Return on Invested Capital				
Profits before taxes & Financial expenses / Equity + Bank Loans	7,9%	9,6%	6,0%	7,1%
Return on Equity				
Net Profits / Equity	8,4%	15,1%	5,1%	6,4%

C. Goals & perspectives

The dynamics affected year 2007 seem at the moment present and intense in 2008 as well. Once again metal prices are reaching historic high records, a fact leading to continuous pressure for substitution in certain product categories. Alongside, there are indications of a slowdown in the international economic growth, mainly due to a probable recession in the US along with the slowdown of the European Economy, in fact, according to many analysts, the peril of stagflation is probable.

Under these conditions the Group adheres to its strategic program, which can be summarized into focusing on higher value

added products and – most important – which are the least if not at all subject to substitution, along with the improvement of the production cost. These goals are gradually fulfilled every day through the completion and improved operation of new investments along with the continuous usage of scrap for the production of final products.

For the fiscal year 2008, the Group is aiming at continuously increasing its total sales volume, absorbing pressures created in prices from the international investment setting through streamlining of the cost, mainly due to improved productivity along with the improvement of fixed costs per unit.

**The President of HALCOR S.A.
Board of Directors**

Theodosios Papageorgopoulos

EXPLANATORY BOARD OF DIRECTORS ANNUAL MANAGEMENT REPORT
(article 4. par. 7 and 8 of L.3556/2007)

a) Share Capital Structure

The Company's share capital amounts to Euro 38,486,258.26, divided into 101,279,627 ordinary registered shares with a nominal value of Euro 0.38 each. All shares are listed for trading on the Athens Stock Exchange, in the Large Cap Category. The Company's shares are intangible, registered, with the right to vote.

According to the Company's Articles of Association, the rights and obligations of shareholders are as follows:

- Right to dividends from the Company's annual profits. The dividend of each share is paid to shareholders within two (2) months upon approval of the financial statements by the General Meeting. The right to collect dividends is forfeited after the lapse of five (5) years from the end of the year, during which it was due.
- Pre-emptive right to every Company share capital increase and the acquisition of new shares.
- Right to participate in the General Shareholder Meeting.
- The capacity of shareholder automatically entails the acceptance of the Company's Articles of Association and the decisions of its bodies, in accordance with the said Articles and the Law.
- The Company's shares cannot be divided and the Company acknowledges only one owner per share. All joint shareholders, as well as those who have usufruct or bare ownership of shares, are represented in the General Meeting by only one person, appointed by them upon agreement. In case of disagreement, the share of the aforementioned parties is not

represented.

- The shareholders are not liable beyond the nominal value of each share.

b) Restrictions on Transferring Company Shares

The transfer of Company shares is conducted under the Law and there are no other restrictions regarding the transfer in its Articles of Association.

c) Significant Direct or Indirect Participations Pursuant to articles 9 to 11 of N.3356/2007

The significant participations (over 5%) on 31/12/2007 were as follows:

- VIOHALCO S.A.: a percentage of 51.12 % of voting rights and a percentage of 50.43 % of share capital.
- Mr. Evangelos Stasinopoulos: a percentage of 9.33% of share capital and voting rights (on which it has been added a participation percentage of 7.37% of WHEATLAND HOLDINGS LTD).
- WHEATLAND HOLDINGS LTD: percentage of 7.37% of share capital.

d) Shares with Special Control Rights

There are no Company shares granting their owners special control rights.

e) Voting Right Restrictions

No voting right restrictions, arising from its shares, are stipulated by the Company's Articles of Association. The rules of the Company's Articles of Association regulating voting issues are included in article 24 and state that:

- Every share grants the right to one vote in the General Meeting.

- In order for shareholders to be entitled to attend the General Meeting, they are obligated, at least five (5) days prior to the meeting, to submit to the Company a certificate by the Central Securities Depository listing all shares registered to their name, with a commitment not to transfer these shares until the day of the General Meeting. Within the same deadline, they must also submit to the Company's offices the proxies of the shareholders' representatives.

f) Agreements between Company Shareholders

To the Company's knowledge, there are no such agreements between shareholders that entail limitations to the transfer of Company shares or the exercise of voting rights arising from its shares.

g) Regulations on Appointing and Replacing Members of the Board of Directors and on Amending the Articles of Association

The regulations provided by the Company's Articles of Association regarding, both the appointment and replacement of members of the Board of Directors, as well as the amendment of its provisions, are no different than those stipulated in Codified Law 2190/1920.

h) Duties of the Board of Directors with Regard to the Issuance of New or the Purchase of Own Shares

- Pursuant to the provisions of Article 6, Par. 1, of the Articles of Association, stipulates that only the General Shareholders Meeting that convenes at a quorum of two thirds 2/3 of its paid in share capital, may increase the share capital of the Company by issuing new shares, with a decision

taken by a majority vote of 2/3 of the represented votes.

- According to the Company's Articles of Association it is not allowed to the Board of Directors or any members of it, the concession of any administrative right on the Shareholders Meeting, to issue shares and increase share capital.
- The Board of Directors may purchase own shares within the framework of a General Meeting decision pursuant to C.L. 2190/20, Article 16, Paragraphs 5 to 13.
- Pursuant to C.L. 2190/20, Article 13, Paragraph 9 and the decision of the General Meeting on 20 June 2002, every December of each year, starting from 2006 up to 2013, the Company's Board of Directors increases the Company's share capital, without amending its Articles of Association, by issuing new shares within the context of the implementation of a Stock Option Plan approved by the General Meeting, details of which are included in note 19 of the Financial Statements for the financial year 2007.

i) Significant Agreements that Become Effective, are Amended or Terminated in the Event of Change of Control

Bank loan agreements that were undertaken from Banks as a whole are mentioned in note 19 of the annual financial statements (on consolidated level: Euro 212.71 million on a long-term basis, and Euro 140.26 million on a short-term basis, and on a company level: Euro 186,80 million on a long-term basis and Euro 59.49 million on a short-term basis), of both the Company as well as of consolidated companies, include a clause in their terms for the event of

change of control, which gives bondholders the right to terminate it prematurely. There are no agreements, which become effective, are amended or terminated in the event of change of Company control.

j) Agreements with Members of the Board of Directors or Company Personnel

There are no agreements between the Company and members of the Board of Directors or its personnel, which provide for the payment of compensation, especially in the event of resignation or termination of employment without reasonable grounds or termination of tenure-of-office or employment.

The Chairman of the Board of Directors of HALCOR S.A.

THEODOSIOS PAPAGEORGOPOULOS

I. Income Statement for the year ended December 31		AMOUNTS IN EURO			
	Note	GROUP		COMPANY	
		2007	2006	2007	2006
Sales	5	1.369.616.569	1.246.577.794	755.974.008	730.198.102
Cost of goods sold	24	-1.264.029.464	-1.128.052.511	-714.497.383	-678.835.051
Gross profit		105.587.106	118.525.283	41.476.624	51.363.051
Other operating Income	27	9.412.172	6.371.604	6.793.346	4.867.681
Selling expenses	24	-17.649.913	-17.869.482	-8.650.700	-9.633.823
Administrative expenses	24	-24.800.143	-25.713.760	-13.055.262	-14.064.445
Other operating Expenses	27	-9.858.067	-8.636.719	-3.931.586	-3.179.273
Operating results		62.691.155	72.676.927	22.632.422	29.353.192
Financial Income	25	956.823	728.567	374.296	222.147
Financial Expenses	25	-31.528.204	-22.598.847	-13.752.067	-11.268.244
Dividends	27	63.989	134.424	3.842.064	1.783.940
Net Financial Result	27	-30.507.392	-21.735.856	-9.535.706	-9.262.157
Profits from associated companies		1.126.272	946.147	-	-
Profit before income tax		33.310.035	51.887.217	13.096.716	20.091.035
Income tax expenses	26	-8.719.850	-11.518.216	-3.311.213	-7.273.328
Net profit for the period from continued operations		24.590.185	40.369.001	9.785.503	12.817.707
Attributable to:					
Shareholders of the Parent		20.021.567	35.954.841	9.785.503	12.817.707
Minority interest		4.568.618	4.414.160	-	-
		24.590.185	40.369.001	9.785.503	12.817.707
Earnings per share that attributed to the Shareholders of the Parent for the year (amounts in Euro per share)					
Basic Earnings per share		0,198	0,360	0,097	0,128
Diluted Earnings per share		0,197	0,360	0,096	0,128

The notes attached hereto from pages A18 to A58 constitute an integral part of these financial statements (Company and Consolidated).

II. Balance Sheet as of December 31		AMOUNTS IN EURO			
	Note	GROUP		COMPANY	
		2007	2006	2007	2006
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	7	313.453.440	304.293.573	138.853.031	137.314.860
Intangible assets	8	1.541.565	2.276.085	371.943	417.143
Investments properties	9	2.471.230	2.168.074	-	-
Participations	10	7.470.710	6.950.445	95.258.736	95.179.198
Financial assets available for sale	11	1.211.181	1.219.045	974.346	952.501
Derivatives	15	437.993	405.529	307.208	278.737
Other receivables	14	787.182	797.140	430.600	429.086
Deferred tax claims	12	3.085.141	3.206.732	-	-
		<u>330.458.443</u>	<u>321.316.623</u>	<u>236.195.864</u>	<u>234.571.525</u>
Current assets					
Inventories	13	283.157.775	252.095.254	108.537.391	121.923.626
Trade and other receivables	14	284.156.496	296.221.140	135.660.091	140.101.567
Derivatives	15	1.699.246	7.650.123	565.410	5.335.187
Financial assets at fair value through the profit and loss statement		8.231	8.231	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	16	41.597.499	29.261.016	24.068.894	19.057.305
		<u>610.619.247</u>	<u>585.235.764</u>	<u>268.831.787</u>	<u>286.417.685</u>
Total assets		<u>941.077.690</u>	<u>906.552.387</u>	<u>505.027.651</u>	<u>520.989.210</u>
EQUITY					
Equity attributable to Shareholders of the Company					
Share capital	17	38.486.258	38.486.258	38.486.258	38.486.258
Share premium account	17	67.138.064	67.138.064	67.138.064	67.138.064
Foreign Exchange differences from the consolidation of foreign subsidiaries	18	-718.243	1.901.584	-	-
Other reserves	18	67.175.911	68.185.723	64.425.389	66.557.974
Profit carried forward		65.789.374	62.970.463	23.697.666	28.065.455
Total		<u>237.871.365</u>	<u>238.682.093</u>	<u>193.747.377</u>	<u>200.247.751</u>
Minority interest		<u>27.779.160</u>	<u>24.624.399</u>	-	-
Total equity		<u>265.650.524</u>	<u>263.306.491</u>	<u>193.747.377</u>	<u>200.247.751</u>
LIABILITIES					
Long-term liabilities					
Loans	19	321.122.901	311.395.798	186.799.998	198.286.169
Financial Leasing liabilities	19	9.929	15.821	-	-
Derivatives	15	385.676	-	385.676	-
Deferred income tax liabilities	12	25.934.834	27.222.759	20.770.937	22.647.392
Personell retirement benefits payable	20	4.581.733	4.268.834	2.559.886	2.453.805
Government Grants	21	1.921.860	2.525.850	1.265.236	1.607.200
Provisions	22	6.267.324	5.622.832	5.955.229	5.430.729
Other long-term liabilities		-	10.203	-	-
		<u>360.224.257</u>	<u>351.062.097</u>	<u>217.736.963</u>	<u>230.425.295</u>
Short-term liabilities					
Suppliers and other liabilities	23	80.710.756	84.369.801	26.553.429	37.941.570
Current tax liabilities		7.548.941	12.107.368	1.112.081	6.754.968
Loans	19	219.240.888	191.315.807	59.882.329	42.711.789
Financial Leasing liabilities	19	7.998	7.465	-	-
Derivatives	15	7.086.875	1.754.379	5.388.022	278.858
Provisions	22	607.450	2.628.979	607.450	2.628.979
		<u>315.202.909</u>	<u>292.183.799</u>	<u>93.543.311</u>	<u>90.316.164</u>
Total liabilities		<u>675.427.165</u>	<u>643.245.896</u>	<u>311.280.274</u>	<u>320.741.459</u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u>941.077.690</u>	<u>906.552.387</u>	<u>505.027.651</u>	<u>520.989.210</u>

The notes attached hereto from pages A18 to A58 constitute an integral part of these financial statements (Company and Consolidated).

III. Statement of Changes in Equity

AMOUNTS IN EURO

GROUP	Share capital	Share premium reserves	Fair value reserves	Other reserves	Results carried forward	Foreign exchange differences	Total		Minority interest	Total Equity
Balance as of January 1, 2006	32.003.756	65.230.753	-491.639	62.103.316	27.086.414	-516.781	185.415.819	33.836.371	219.252.190	
Foreign exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	2.418.364	2.418.364	711.876	3.130.240	
Other transactions	-	-	-	-	220.940	-	220.940	-47.746	173.194	
Hedging result minus tax	-	-	5.841.828	-	-	-	5.841.828	-	5.841.828	
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	35.954.841	-	35.954.841	4.414.160	40.369.001	
Decrease of percentage holding in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56.564	56.564	
Total recognised net profit for the period	-	-	5.841.828	-	36.175.781	2.418.364	44.435.973	5.134.854	49.570.827	
Income from stocks issue	107.654	869.731	-	-	-	-	977.385	-	977.385	
Share Capital Issue / (decrease)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Additions due to merger	5.707.815	1.704.613	-	978.200	9.655.912	-	18.046.541	-	18.046.541	
Goodwill due to merger	-	-	-	-3.889.856	-	-	-3.889.856	-14.346.826	-18.236.682	
Transfer of reserves	667.033	-667.033	-	3.643.874	-3.643.874	-	-	-	-	
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-6.303.770	-	-6.303.770	-	-6.303.770	
	6.482.502	1.907.311	-	732.218	-291.731	-	8.830.300	-14.346.826	-5.516.525	
Balance as of December 31, 2006	38.486.258	67.138.064	5.350.189	62.835.535	62.970.463	1.901.584	238.682.093	24.624.399	263.306.491	
Balance as of January 1, 2007	38.486.258	67.138.064	5.350.189	62.835.535	62.970.463	1.901.584	238.682.093	24.624.399	263.306.491	
Foreign exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-2.619.826	-2.619.826	-715.526	-3.335.352	
Other transactions	-	-	-	-63.225	63.225	-	-	-782.330	-782.330	
Hedging result minus tax	-	-	-9.519.702	-	-	-	-9.519.702	-	-9.519.702	
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	20.021.567	-	20.021.567	4.568.618	24.590.185	
Decrease of percentage holding in subsidiaries	-	-	-	-608	724.122	-	723.513	-723.513	-	
Total recognised net profit for the period	-	-	-9.519.702	-63.833	20.808.914	-2.619.826	8.605.553	2.347.249	10.952.802	
Transfer of reserves	-	-	-	8.573.723	-9.381.235	-	-807.512	807.512	-	
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-8.608.768	-	-8.608.768	-	-8.608.768	
	-	-	-	8.573.723	-17.990.003	-	-9.416.280	807.512	-8.608.768	
Balance as of December 31, 2007	38.486.258	67.138.064	-4.169.513	71.345.424	65.789.374	-718.243	237.871.365	27.779.160	265.650.524	

COMPANY	Share Capital	Share premium reserves	Fair value reserves	Other reserves	Results carried forward	Total Equity
Balance as of January 1, 2006	32.003.756	65.230.753	-677.282	61.997.652	10.813.780	169.368.659
Hedging result minus tax	-	-	4.678.582	-	-	4.678.582
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	12.817.707	12.817.707
Total recognised net profit for the period	-	-	4.678.582	-	12.817.707	17.496.289
Income from stocks issue	107.654	869.731	-	-	-	977.385
Transfer of reserves	667.033	-667.033	-	3.470.678	-3.470.678	-
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-6.303.770	-6.303.770
Additions due to merger	5.707.815	1.704.613	-	978.200	14.208.417	22.599.045
Goodwill due to merger	-	-	-	-3.889.856	-	-3.889.856
	6.482.502	1.907.311	-	559.022	4.433.969	13.382.804
Balance as of December 31, 2006	38.486.258	67.138.064	4.001.299	62.556.674	28.065.455	200.247.751
Balance as of January 1, 2007	38.486.258	67.138.064	4.001.299	62.556.674	28.065.455	200.247.751
Hedging result minus tax	-	-	-7.677.109	-63.225	63.225	-7.677.109
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	9.785.503	9.785.503
Total recognised net profit for the period	-	-	-7.677.109	-63.225	9.848.727	2.108.394
Transfer of reserves	-	-	-	5.607.748	-5.607.748	-
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-8.608.768	-8.608.768
	-	-	-	5.607.748	-14.216.516	-8.608.768
Balance as of December 31, 2007	38.486.258	67.138.064	-3.675.809	68.101.198	23.697.666	193.747.377

The notes attached hereto from pages A18 to A58 constitute an integral part of these financial statements (Company and Consolidated).

IV. Cash Flow Statement		AMOUNTS IN EURO			
		GROUP		COMPANY	
	Note	2007	2006	2007	2006
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash flows from operating activities	28	59.763.476	-61.899.945	35.318.757	-58.096.377
Interests paid		-29.635.648	-19.484.808	-12.610.698	-8.691.658
Income tax paid		-11.631.129	-7.220.024	-7.140.936	-4.213.283
Net Cash flows from operating activities		18.496.699	-88.604.777	15.567.122	-71.001.318
Cash flows from investing activities					
Purchase of property, plant and equipment (PPE)		-34.738.392	-27.204.131	-11.883.577	-6.664.704
Purchase of intangible assets		-453.682	-240.219	-162.512	-173.123
Investment properties		-303.156	-	-	-
Sales of PPE		479.821	1.231.382	295.215	162.817
Sales of investments in real estate		-	1.814.580	-	1.814.580
Sales of holdings		-	5.423	-	5.423
Dividends received		63.989	134.424	3.842.064	1.783.939
Loans to associated parties		-	-39.632	-	-
Interest received		956.823	728.567	374.296	222.147
Proceeds from loans of associated parties repayment		-	39.632	-	-
Increase of participation in affiliated		-	-	-89.438	3.766.288
Increase of participation in subsidiaries		-17.312	-	-11.944	-
Net Cash flows from investing activities		-34.011.909	-23.529.975	-7.635.895	917.368
Cash flows from financing activities					
Common stocks issue		-	977.385	-	977.385
Dividends paid to shareholders of the parent		-8.635.392	-6.301.771	-8.604.006	-6.285.978
Loans received		178.198.179	155.285.000	75.000.000	95.000.000
Repayment of loans		-140.545.995	-25.329.641	-69.315.632	-7.206.612
Changes changes in financial leases		-5.358	7.465	-	-
Dividends paid to minority interest		-1.159.741	-	-	-
Grand proceeds		-	511.088	-	-
Net cash flows from financing activities		27.851.693	125.149.526	-2.919.638	82.484.795
Net (decrease)/ increase in cash and cash equivalents		12.336.483	13.014.775	5.011.590	12.400.844
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period		29.261.016	16.246.241	19.057.305	6.656.461
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period		41.597.499	29.261.016	24.068.894	19.057.305

The notes attached hereto from pages A18 to A58 constitute an integral part of these financial statements (Company and Consolidated).

NOTES

to the Financial Statements FY2007

1. The Group's Incorporation and Business:

HALCOR METAL WORKS S.A. (formerly VECTOR S.A. Metals Processing Company) (or "HALCOR" or the "Company") was incorporated in 1977 and is registered in the Register of Societes Anonymes under No. 2836/06/B/86/48. In 1997 the merger of the companies VECTOR S.A. and (the former) HALCOR S.A. took place and was finalized by the Ministry of Growth's decision taken on 5/6/97, recorded in the Public Limited Companies Register.

The Company duration is set to 50 years from the date of publication of its Articles of Association, i.e. up to 2027. It has been listed on the Athens Stock Exchange since 1996 and is a member of the VIOHALCO Group.

HALCOR S.A. manufactures copper, brass and other copper alloy rolled and extrusion products. The company is vertically integrated and it is the only Company in Greece that manufactures copper pipes and holds a leading position in the manufacture and trade of copper, brass and other copper alloy products, as well as copper wire.

The Company's Financial Statements for the fiscal year that ended on 31 December 2007, the HALCOR's Financial Statements and the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements (together referred to as the "Group"). The names of the subsidiary companies are presented in Note 10 of the Financial Statements.

The Group's core business is the manufacture and trade of rolled and extrusion copper and copper alloy products, rolled zinc products and all kinds of cables.

The Group operates in Greece, Bulgaria, Romania, Cyprus, the United Kingdom, France, Germany and

Serbia-Montenegro.

The Company's shares, as well as those of its Subsidiary "HELLENIC CABLES S.A." are listed on the Athens Stock Exchange.

The Company's registered offices are located in Athens, Athens Tower – 2nd Building, 2-4 Messogeion Avenue, Postal Code 115 27. The Company's headquarters and its contact address are at the 57th km of the Athens-Lamia National Road, Inofyta Viotias, Postal Code GR-32011. The company's website address is www.halcor.gr.

The Financial Statement as of 31 December attached was approved for publication by the Company's Board of Directors on February 27, 2008.

2. Financial Statements' basis of preparation

(a) Note of Compliance

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (I.F.R.S.) as been adopted by the European Union.

(b) Basis of Valuation

The Financial Statements were drawn up on the basis of the historical cost principle with the exception of derivatives that are recorded at their fair value.

(c) Operating Exchange Rate and Presentation

The financial statements are expressed in Euros, which constitutes the company's operating currency. All the financial figures are presented in Euros.

(d) Application of Evaluations and Judgments

When drawing up financial statements in

accordance with the I.F.R.S. it is necessary for the management to resort to evaluations and judgments that affect the application of accounting policies, as well as the recorded figures regarding assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may eventually differ from those calculations.

The evaluations and the relative assumptions are revised on a continuous basis. These revisions are recognized in the period in which they were made and in future periods if there are any.

In the areas where there is uncertainty regarding the evaluations and the decisive judgments concerning the application of accounting policies, with significant impact on the figures recorded in the financial statements, special information is given in the following notes:

- Inventories (note 13)
- Count of the obligations for certain benefits (note 20)
- Provisions (note 22)

The accounting policies that are presented below have been consistently applied in all the periods that are presented in these Financial Statements and they have been consistently applied by all of the Group's companies.

Certain accounts of the last fiscal year's ended on December 31, 2006 as they appeared in the Group Financial Statements as on December 31 2006, have been readjusted in order to be comparable to the respective accounts of the fiscal year ended on December 31, 2007.

In the fiscal year 2006 consolidated profit and loss results, administration expenses have been readjusted downwards by the amount of Euro 1,258,982, cost of goods sold has been readjusted upwards by the amount of Euro 121,372, sales expenses have been readjusted upwards by the amount of Euro 690,475 and sales have been readjusted downwards by the

amount of Euro 114,020 and other expenses have been readjusted upwards by the amount of Euro 333,115.

3. Basic Accounting Policies

3.1 Consolidation basis

(a) Subsidiary Companies

Subsidiaries are the companies controlled by the parent company. Control is exercised when the parent company has the power to reach decisions, directly or indirectly, that concern the subsidiaries' principles of financial management with the purpose of benefiting from them. The existence of any potential voting rights which may be exercised at the drawing up of the financial statements are taken into account in order to ascertain whether the parent company controls the subsidiaries. The subsidiaries are consolidated in full (integrated consolidation) from the date control over them is acquired and cease to be consolidated from the date that such control ceases to exist.

The buy out of a subsidiary by the Group is accounted according to the method of buy out. The acquisition cost of a subsidiary is the fair value of assets given, shares issued and liabilities assumed on the date of the exchange, plus any cost directly related to the transition. The individual assets, liabilities and possible liabilities acquired in a business merger are apportioned during the acquisition at their Fair values regardless of the holding percentage. Acquisition cost beyond the Fair value of the individual items acquired, is recorded as goodwill. Goodwill is periodically subject, at least annually, to an evaluation for any possible impairment. This evaluation is effected based on the provision of I.A.S. 36 "Impairment of Assets". If the overall cost of the buy out is less than the Fair value of the individual items acquired, the difference shall be entered directly in the profit

and loss statement.

The Company records investments in subsidiaries in the Parent Company Financial Statements at their acquisition cost less any possible impairment of their value.

(b) Affiliated Companies

Affiliated companies are those over which the Group has material influence, but not control over their financial and operating policies, which is generally valid when percentage holdings fluctuate between 20% and 50% of voting rights. Investments in associated companies are accounted by the net worth method and are initially recognized at acquisition cost, increased or decreased by the Group's holding percentage in the profits and losses thereof after the date it acquired the significant influence and until this influence ceases to exist, as well as all corresponding increases and decreases of the holding's net worth. The investment in associated companies account includes the goodwill arising from the buy out (less any impairment).

The Group's share of the affiliated companies' profit or loss after the buy out is recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement, while its share in the variation of reserves after the buy out is recognized in the Reserves account. Accumulated variations affect the accounting value of investments in affiliated companies. Should the Group's share in the loss of an affiliated company exceed the value of the investment in the associated company, no additional loss is recognized, unless payments have been effected or further commitments have been undertaken on behalf of the affiliated company.

The Company records investments in affiliated companies in the Individual Financial Statements at their acquisition cost less any possible impairment of their value.

(c) Joint-ventures

Joint ventures are consolidated under the proportionate consolidation method. There is no participation cost in these joint ventures, and the asset and liability accounts are consolidated pro rata at their participation rate.

(d) Transactions Eliminated during Consolidation

Inter-group balances and transactions, as well as profits and losses which occurred from inter-group transactions are eliminated during the composition of the consolidated financial statements. Non-realized profits from transactions between the group and its affiliated companies are eliminated by the percentage of the Group's holding in the affiliated companies. Non-realized losses are eliminated accordingly, unless the transaction provides indications of impairment in the transferred asset.

3.2 Information by sector

A business sector is defined as a group of assets and operations providing goods and services which are subject to risks and returns different from those of other business sectors. A geographic sector is defined as a geographical area where goods and services subject to risks and returns different from other areas are provided.

3.3 Foreign Currency

(a) Transactions in Foreign Currency

Transactions in foreign currency are converted into the effective currency of operations based on the foreign currency's official rate that prevails on the date the transaction took place. Profits and losses from currency differences deriving after the clearing of such transactions during the fiscal year and after the conversion of currency items expressed in foreign currency at the parity rates prevailing on the

date of the balance sheet are recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement.

(b) Transactions with Foreign Entities

Conversion of the Group's companies' financial statements (none of which is in the currency of a hyper inflated economy), that are in a different operational currency than the group's presentation currency are converted as follows:

Assets and liabilities of activities that are carried out abroad, including the goodwill and readjustment of Fair values that arise during consolidation, are converted to Euros based on the foreign currency's official rate that prevails on the date of the Balance Sheet.

Income and expenses are converted to Euros based on the foreign currency's average rate during the fiscal year, which reflects the foreign exchange parity that prevails on the date the relative transaction took place.

Foreign exchange differences arising from the conversion of the net investment in a foreign business and of the relative offsets are recognized in a different line in the Equity account. When a foreign business is sold, accumulated foreign exchange differences are transferred to the Profit and Loss Statement as part of the profit or loss from the sale.

3.4 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are shown at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment of the value thereof. Property, plant and equipment cost as on January 1 2004, date of conversion to the IFRS, was determined to be their fair value as at that date. Acquisition cost includes all expenditures that are directly associated with the acquisition of the fixed asset.

Further expenditures are recorded as an augmentation in the accounting value

of the tangible fixed assets or as a separate fixed asset only where there is a possibility that the future financial benefits shall flow into the group and their cost may be reliably accounted. Repairs and maintenance costs are recorded in the Profits and Loss Statement when they are carried out. Financial expenses related to the construction of assets are capitalized for the period of time required till construction has been completed. All other financial expenses are recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement.

Property is not depreciated. Depreciation on other tangible fixed asset items is calculated by the straight line method during the estimated useful lives of these assets and of their sections thereof. Useful lives range is estimated as follows:

- | | | |
|------------------------|-------|-------|
| - Buildings | 20-33 | years |
| - Mechanical equipment | 1-18 | years |
| - Automobiles | 5-7 | years |
| - Other equipment | 3-7 | years |

The residual values and the useful life of tangible fixed assets are subject to review on every balance sheet date, if this is deemed necessary.

When the accounting values of tangible fixed assets exceed their estimated replacement cost the difference (impairment) is recorded as a result in the Profits and Loss Statement.

When tangible fixed assets are sold, the differences arising between the proceeds received and their accounting value is recorded as a profit or loss in the Profit and Loss Statement and in the raw " Other Income" or " Other Expenses" it depends on the case.

3.5 Intangible Fixed Assets

Intangible fixed assets that are acquired separately are recognized at their acquisition cost while intangible fixed assets that are acquired through the purchase of

companies are recognized at their Fair value on the date of acquisition. They are subsequently evaluated at this amount less accumulated depreciation and any possible accumulated impairment of their value. Intangible fixed assets may have either a definite or indefinite useful life. The cost of intangible fixed assets that have a definite useful life are depreciated during the period of their estimated useful life with the straight line method. Intangible fixed assets are depreciated from the date on which they become available. Intangible fixed assets with an indefinite useful life are not depreciated but are periodically subject (at least annually) to an evaluation of any possible impairment of their value based on the provisions of I.A.S. 36 "Impairment of Assets". Residual values are not recognized. The useful life of intangible fixed assets is evaluated on an annual basis. Intangible fixed assets are controlled for impairment, at least annually, on an individual level or on a cash flow creation unit level to which they belong.

Software licenses are evaluated at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation, less any accumulated impairment. They are depreciated by the straight line method over their useful life, which is from 3 to 5 years.

Expenditure necessary for the development and maintenance of software is recognized as an expense in the Profit and Loss Statement for the year in which it occurs.

3.6 Investment in Properties

Investments in real estate concern land that are not used in the every day activities of the Group and which are evaluated at acquisition cost less any impairment.

3.7 Impairment in value of assets

The book value of the Group's assets

does not appear at fair value, are audited for impairment when there are indications that their book value will not be recovered. In this case, the asset's recoverable amount is determined and if the book value thereof exceeds the estimated recoverable value, an impairment loss is recognized, which is recorded directly in the Profit and Loss Statement and in specific, depending on the nature, is accounted for as "Cost of Goods Sold" or as "Other expenses". The recoverable value is the greater amount between an asset's Fair value, less the cost that is required for the sale thereof, and the value of use thereof.

In order to estimate the use value, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to the asset's present value with the use of a pre-tax rate that reflects the market's current estimations for the cash's temporal value and for the risks that are associated with these assets.

If an asset does not bring significant independent cash flows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash flow production unit to which the asset belongs. If an impairment loss is recognized, on each balance sheet date the Group examines if the conditions that led to the recognition thereof continue to exist. In this case, the asset's recoverable value is redetermined and the impairment loss is offset restoring the asset's book value to its recoverable amount to the extent that this does not exceed its book value (net of depreciation) that would have been determined if an impairment loss had not been recorded.

3.8 Financial Instruments excluding derivatives

The financial instruments which are not derivatives consist of shares and other securities, bonds, receivables, as well as trade receivables cash and cash equiva-

lent. These instruments are allocated by the Company according to the purpose for which they were acquired. Management decides upon the appropriate allocation at the time of acquisition. These investments are written down when the cash flow collection options from these investments are transferred and hence the Group has also transferred all risks and benefits attached to their ownership. Originally these financial instruments are recognized at fair value. Transaction cost is recognized directly at the results. The count of these instruments is conducted according to their allocation.

(a) Financial assets at Fair value through the Profit and Loss Statement

This category includes financial assets acquired for the purpose of being soon resold or were evaluated at their acquisition date accordingly. The changes in their fair values are recorded at the results and specifically at the "Other Income" or "Other Expenses" account depending on the case at hand.

(b) Investments held till expiry

This category includes investments with fixed or pre-determined payments and a specific expiry date which the Group is intending as far as possible to hold onto until their expiry, and appears at acquisition cost less any impairment.

(c) Financial assets available for sale

This category includes assets which are either designated for this category or cannot be classified in one of the above categories.

Purchases and sales of investments are recognized on the date of the transaction which is the date the Group commits itself to buy or sell the item. Investments are initially recognized at their Fair value plus transaction costs.

Subsequently, the financial assets for sale are evaluated at their Fair value and the relative profit or loss is recorded in an equity reserve till these items are sold or defined as impaired. When sold or defined as impaired, the profit or loss is transferred to the profit and loss statement from the reserve. Impairment loss recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement cannot be reversed through the profit and loss statement.

Foreign Exchange differences at the assets available for sale are accounted for in the results.

(d) Fair Value

The Fair values of financial assets traded on active markets are designated by their current bid price. For non-traded assets, Fair values are designated by the use of evaluation methods such as an analysis of recent transactions, reference comparable items that are traded and discounted cash flow.

On every balance sheet date the Group assess whether there are any objective indications leading to the conclusion that financial assets have suffered impairment. For shares in companies that have been classified as financial assets available for sale, such an indication is a significant or prolonged fall in its Fair value compared to its acquisition cost. If impairment is ascertained, the accumulated loss in Equity which is the difference between acquisition cost and reasonable cost is transferred to the Profit and Loss Statement. Impairment loss in holding titles recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement cannot be reversed through the profit and loss statement.

3.9 Inventories

Inventories are evaluated at the lower, per type, price between the acquisition cost and net liquidation value. Acquisition cost is designated by the weighted average

cost method and consist of the acquisition cost, the production cost or the manufacturing cost plus other expenses. Net liquidation value is evaluated on the basis of current stock sale prices in the context of usual business after subtracting any cost of completion and sale where there is such a case. It is hereby noted that specially in the case of by-products, these are evaluated directly at their net liquidation value. Eliminations are recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement of the year in which they occur.

3.10 Customers and Other Current Receivables

Customer account receivables are recorded at cost and are controlled on an annual basis for impairment. Impairment losses are recorded when there is an objective indication that the Group is not in a position to collect all the sums owed on the basis of contractual terms. The provision figure is recorded as an expense in the Profit and Loss Statement. Possible deletions of receivables from accounts receivables are effected through the provision that has been formed. Receivables that are deemed as doubtful are deleted.

3.11 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include the cash balance, sight deposits, highly liquid and low risk short-term investments up to 3 months and overdraft bank accounts.

3.12 Share Capital

Direct costs for the issue of shares appear after the subtraction of the relevant income tax as a reduction in Equity.

Acquisition cost of own shares, including the direct expenses thereof, appears in a separate account as a negative figure in the Company's Equity, till these own shares are sold, cancelled or re-issued.

Any profit or loss from the sale of own shares net of other direct expenses and taxes on the transaction appear as a Reserve in Equity.

3.13 Interest-bearing Loans

Loans are initially recorded at their fair value. Following their initial recording they are monitored at their outstanding balance.

3.14 Income Tax

Income tax of the fiscal year is comprised of both current and deferred tax. Income tax is recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement unless it concerns amounts that are directly recorded in Equity, in which case it is recorded in Equity.

Current income tax is the expected payable tax against taxable income of the fiscal year, based on the instituted tax rates on the balance sheet date, as well as any readjustment to the payable tax of previous fiscal years.

Deferred income tax is designated by the balance sheet method, based on the balance sheet, which derives from the provisional differences between the accounting value and the tax base of assets and liabilities. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it derives from the initial recognition of an asset or liability item in a transaction, apart from a business merger, which when the transaction took place, affected neither the accounting nor the taxation profit or loss. Deferred tax is designated by the factors of taxation which are expected to be in force in the period when the asset shall be liquidated or the liability settled. The designation of future factors of taxation is based on laws which have been passed at the date of drawing up the financial statements.

Deferred tax claims are recognized in the extent to which there shall be a fu-

ture tax profit for the use of the provisional difference establishing the deferred tax claim. Deferred tax claims are reduced when the respective tax benefit is materialized.

Deferred income tax is recognized for provisional differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and affiliated companies, with the exception of the case where the reversal of provisional differences is controlled by the Group and it is possible that the provisional differences shall not be reversed in the foreseeable future.

Additional income taxes which emerge from the distribution of dividends are set in the same time with the obligatory payment of the relevant dividend.

3.15 Personnel Fringe Benefits

(a) Current Fringe Benefits

Current fringe benefits in cash or in kind are recorded as an expense when they accrue. The amount expected to be paid as personnel and management benefit is recorded as liability, assuming there is either legal or contractual obligation for the amount to be paid as a result of services provided by the employee and assuming it can be measured reliably.

(b) Defined Contribution Plan

The defined contribution plan is a program whereby the Company pays a determined amount to a third party legal entity without any other obligation for the period following the termination of employment of personnel.

The duties towards benefits in Defined Contribution Plan are registered as an expense in the profits and loss statement during their year of realization.

(c) Established Benefit Plans

The established benefits plans are any other pension plan apart from the defined

contribution plan. The liability recorded in the balance sheet with regard to established benefit plans is the present value of the commitment for the benefit less the fair value of the plan's assets and the variations arising from non-recognized actuarial profit and loss and the cost of previous service. The commitment of the established benefit is calculated by an independent actuary by the projected unit credit method.

The actuarial profit and loss arising for the adjustments based on historical data over or under 10% margin of the accumulated liability is recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement within the expected average insurance time of the plan's participants.

The cost of previous service is recorded directly in the Profit and Loss Statement with the exception of the case where variations in the plan depend on the remaining time of service of employees. In this case the cost of previous service is recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement by the straight line method over the maturity period.

3.16 State Subsidies

State subsidies are recognized at their fair value as accrued income when it is expected with certainty that they shall be collected and the Group shall comply with all terms provided.

State subsidies that compensate the Group against expenses are recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement so as to correspond to the expenses they are designated to indemnify.

State subsidies related to the purchase of tangible fixed assets, are transferred as gains to the Profit and Loss Statement by the straight line method over the expected useful life of the relative assets.

3.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present commitment (legal or justi-

fied) for which a cash outflow may arise for its settlement. Moreover, the amount of this commitment must be able to be determined with a significant degree of reliability. Provisions are re-examined on each balance sheet date and if it is deemed that no cash outflow shall arise for the commitment's settlement, a reverse entry must be made for these provisions. Provisions are used solely for the purposes for which they were initially formed. Provisions for future losses are not recognized. Contingent claims and liabilities are not recognized in the Financial Statements.

Provisions with regard to reorganization are recognized when the Group has an approved, detailed and official reorganization plan and the reorganization has either begun or has been announced to the public. Future operating costs may not be included in the provision.

3.18 Recognition of Income

Income includes the fair value of sales of goods and services, less discounts and returns. The Group's inter-company income is fully eliminated. Income is recognized as follows:

(a) Sale of goods

The sale of goods is recognized when the significant risks and property benefits have been transferred to the buyer, the collection of the amount to be received is deemed reasonably ensured, the relevant expenses and possible returns of goods can be reliably evaluated and there is no continuing involvement in the management of goods.

(b) Services

Income from services is recognized in the period in which these services are rendered, on the basis of the completion stage of the service provided with relation

to services provided overall.

(c) Interest Income

Interest income is recognized when interest is rendered accrued (based on the actual interest rate method).

(d) Income from Dividends

Dividends are accounted as income upon the approval of their distribution.

3.19 Net Financial Expenditures

Net financial expenditures are comprised of debit interest on loans as well as foreign exchange profits/losses that arise from the companies' lending. In addition, they also include income from accrued credit interest from invested cash.

3.20 Leases

Fixed asset leases where the Group materially preserves the risks and benefits of ownership are classified as financial leases. Financial leases are capitalized at the beginning of the lease at the lower of fair value of the fixed asset or the present value of minimum leases, less accumulated depreciation and any possible loss from their obsolescence. The corresponding lease liabilities, net of financial expenses, are depicted in the Liabilities. The part of the financial expenses regarding leases is recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement of the year throughout the life of the lease.

Leases where the material risks and benefits of ownership are preserved by the leaser are classified as operational leases. Payments for operational leases are recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement on a fixed basis throughout the life of the lease.

3.21 Dividends

Dividends that are distributed to the parent Company's shareholders are rec-

ognized as a Liability in the Financial Statements when the distribution is approved by the General Meeting of the shareholders.

3.22 Derivatives

Derivatives are initially and later recognized at their fair value. The method for recognizing profit and loss depends on whether the derivatives are designated as means of hedging or whether they are being held for trading purposes. The character of derivatives is determined on the date the transaction is entered into by the Group as hedges or as the fair value of accounts receivable, liabilities or commitments (hedging of fair value), or very likely foreseeable transactions (hedging of cash flows).

On entering the transaction the Group records the relationship between the hedging items and the hedged items as well as the relative risk management strategy. On entering the transaction and on an ongoing basis subsequently the evaluation related to the high returns of the hedge as well as for fair value hedges and for cash flow hedges is recorded.

(a) Fair Value Hedging

The variations in the fair value of derivatives which are designated as variations in the fair value hedges of hedged items are recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement as are the variations in the fair value of hedged items attributed to the risk being hedged.

(b) Cash Flow Hedging

The efficient proportion of variation in the fair value of derivatives designated as a means of hedging cash flows is recorded in an Equity Reserve. Profit or loss from the non-efficient proportion is recorded in the Profit and Loss Statement. Amounts recorded in an Equity reserve are trans-

ferred to the Profit and Loss Statement of the period where the hedged item affects profit or loss. In the case of hedging foreseeable future transactions resulting in the recognition of a non-monetary item (e.g. stock) the liability, profit or loss that had been recorded in Equity is transferred to the acquisition cost of the resulting non-financial asset.

When a hedging means expires or is sold, or when a hedging relation no longer fulfils the hedging criteria, profits or losses accumulated in Equity remain as a reserve and are transferred to a profit and loss account when the hedged item affects the profits or losses. If a future transaction, which is not expected to be realized, is hedged, profits and losses accumulated in Equity are transferred to the Profit and Loss Statement.

(c) Net Investment Hedging

Net investment hedging in a business abroad is treated in the same way as cash flows hedging.

Profit or loss from the means of hedging related to the efficient part of the hedge is recognized in an Equity reserve. Profit or loss related to non-efficient part of the hedge is recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement.

Profit or loss that has accumulated in Equity is transferred to the Profit and Loss Statement when this business is sold.

(d) Derivatives not destined as a means of hedging

The variations in the fair value of these derivatives are fair in the Profit and Loss Statement.

3.23 Share Option Plans for Employees

The Company and its subsidiary HELLENIC CABLES S.A. have granted Share Option Plans to some of its executives that have been recorded gradually from

2002 until 2011. The price at which the right may be exercised has been set as the average closing price of the company's share on the Stock Exchange. According to the transitional provisions of I.F.R.S. 2 and since these specific option rights were granted before 7 November 2002 the Group did not apply the provisions of this specific Standard with the exception of the notices.

3.24 Earnings per share

The Group presents the basic as well as the reclassified earnings per share for its common shares. The basic earnings per share are estimated by dividing the earnings or losses, which correspond to the common shares holders, with the weighted average number of common shares that stand over during the period. The adjusted earnings per share are determined by the revision of the earnings or losses which correspond to the common shares holders and the weighted average number of common shares that stand over, during the influence of all reclassified possible common shares, which consist of convertible vouchers and shares that have volition rights which have been granted to the personnel.

3.25 New Standards, amendments and interpretations that are not yet effective

Some of the new standards and interpretations on existing standards and interpretations are not in effect for the year ending on December 31st 2007, and have not been applied in the composition of these financial statements:

- IFRS 8 "Operating Segments" introduces the management approach in segment reporting. IFRS 8 that becomes obligatory for Group financial statements in 2009 requires the disclosure of information per segment based on internal information which in constant terms is

being monitored by Group Top Management which is qualified to make decisions aiming to evaluate the performance of each segment and the apportionment of resources on each one of them. At present, Group is presenting segment reporting concerning business and geographical segments (note 5).

- Revised IAS 23 "Borrowing Cost" deducts the option of recognizing as an expense borrowing cost and requires from an economic unit to capitalize borrowing cost that is directly related to the acquisition, construction, or production of a specific asset component as part of that cost. The revised IAS 23 will become obligatory for Group financial statements in 2009 and will be a change in Group accounting policy. According to the transitional provisions Group will apply the revised IAS 23 in specific asset components for which the capitalization of borrowing cost begins on, or after from the date of application of the revision of the standard. The relative amendment has not been officially approved by the European Union.
- IFRIC 11 - IFRS 2- " Group and Treasury Share Transactions", requires share-based payment agreements where an entity receives goods or services as consideration for its own equity instruments, to be recorded as transactions related to payments on the basis of equities' value and to be accounted for as equity - settled, regardless of how this instruments where acquired. Interpretation 11 will be mandatory for the Group's financial statements in 2008 and retrospective application is required.
- IFRIC 12 - "Service Concession Arrangements" provides instructions as regards several recognition and measurement

issues that arise during the accounting entries of service concession arrangements between the public and the private sector. Interpretation 12, which will be mandatory for the Group's financial statements in 2008, is not expected to have an effect on the consolidated financial statements and has not been approved yet by the European Union.

- IFRIC 13 – “Customer Loyalty Programmes” addresses how companies that grant their customers loyalty award credits account for that through the financial organizations or any other form of participation. These programmes give the ability to their customers to redeem sales credit through rewards such as free or discount products and services. IFRIC 13 that becomes mandatory for the 2009 Group financial statements is not expected to have any impact in the consolidated financial statements and has not been approved by the European Union.
- IFRIC 14 – IAS 19 – “The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction” determines when future benefits in relation to defined benefit assets are considered credits or reductions and contains guidelines on the impact of minimum funding requirements and their interaction on these assets. Moreover it also addresses when minimum funding requirements may create a liability. IFRIC 14 becomes mandatory for the 2008 Group financial statements and will have retrospective application. The Group has not yet determined any probable impact of IFRIC 14, which has not been approved by the European Union.
- Amendments on IAS 1 “Presentation of Financial Statements” (applied for an-

nual accounting periods beginning on or after January 1st 2009). IAS 1 has been modified in order to improve the utility of information presented in financial statements. From the most important modifications is the requirement that the statement of changes of equity should comprise only transactions with shareholders, the introduction of a new statement of comprehensive income that combines all elements of income and expenses that are being recognized in the profit and loss statement as comprehensive income, and the requirement that rehashes in financial statements or retroactive implementations of new accounting policies must be presented from the beginning of the earliest comparative period i.e. in a third column in the balance sheet. Group will make the necessary changes in the presentation of its financial statements for the year 2009.

- Revised IFRS 3 “Business Combinations” and Revised IAS 27 “Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements” (applicable for accounting periods beginning on or after July 1st 2009). The International Accounting Standards Board published on January 10th 2008 the Revised IFRS 3 “Business Combinations” and the Revised IAS 27 “Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements”. The revised IFRS 3 introduces a series of changes in the accounting guidance of business combinations which will affect the amount of the written goodwill, the results of the period in which the business combination will occur and future results. These changes comprise the recognition as an expense of expenses related with the acquisition and the recognition of future changes in fair

value of the contingent cost in the results (instead of the adjustment of goodwill). The revised IAS 27 requires that transactions leading into changes of percentage participations in a subsidiary must be written as equity. Consequently they do not affect goodwill or have any impact on results (profit or loss). In addition the revised standard changes the way of computing in subsidiary losses along with the loss of control in a subsidiary. All changes regarding the aforementioned standards will be applicable from the date of applicability and will have impact on future acquisitions and transactions with minority shareholders from the date then on.

- Amendments on IAS 32 and IAS 1 “Financial Instruments – Puttable Instruments and Instruments with Obligations arising on Liquidation” (applicable for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1st 2009). Amendment on IAS 32 requires that certain financial instruments available from the owner (puttable instruments) and obligations arising from the liquidation of an entity must be classified as equity if certain criteria are fulfilled. Amendment on IAS 1 requires the disclosure of information regarding puttable instruments that have been classified as Equity. Group expects that these amendments will have no impact in its financial statements.

4. Financial Risk Management

General Information

The Group is exposed to the following risks arising from the use of its financial instruments.

- Credit Risk
- Liquidity Risk
- Market Risk

This memo provides information regard-

ing the exposure of the Group to each of the above risks, the goals of the Group, its risk assessment and management policies and procedures, as well as the Group’s capital management. More quantitative information on these notifications is included throughout the Financial Statements.

The Group’s risk management policies are implemented in order to identify and analyse risks faced by the Group as well as set risk-taking limits and implement controls thereon. Risk management policies and related systems are periodically monitored, in order to ensure that they incorporate the changes in market conditions and in the Group’s activities.

The Internal Audit department is responsible for monitoring compliance with risk management policies and procedures. The department carries out regular as well as special audits in order to ascertain compliance with proper procedures and its findings are communicated to the Board of Directors.

Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the Group’s risk of incurring a loss in the event a customer or third party fails to fulfill his contractual obligations under a financial instrument agreement. It is preeminently related to receivables from customers and investment securities.

Customers and Other Receivables

The Group’s exposure to credit risk is mainly affected by the specific characteristics of each customer. The demographic characteristics of the Group’s customer base, including the risk of payment default characterising the specific market and country wherein customers operate, do not affect credit risk to the same extent, as no correlation between geographic location and

credit risk has been observed. No customer exceeds 10% of sales and, as a result, market risk is divided among a large number of customers.

The Board of Directors has defined a credit policy, based on which the creditworthiness of every new customer is assessed on an individual basis, before the usual payment terms are offered. For the creditworthiness assessment the Group examines several banking. Each customer is assigned a credit limit, which is reexamined depending on ongoing conditions and sales and collection terms may be accordingly readjusted, if so requested. As a rule, customer credit limits are determined based on the insurance limits set by insurance companies and their receivables are subsequently insured based on the abovementioned limits.

When monitoring customer credit risk, customers are classified in accordance with their credit profile, the maturity of their receivables and any prior solvency problems they may have displayed. Customers and other receivables mainly concern wholesale customers of the Group. Customers characterized as "high risk" are placed in a special list and future sales have to be prepaid and approved by the Board of Directors. Depending on the customer's prior record and profession, the Group reserves the right to demand tangible or other guarantees (such as letters of guarantee).

The Group records a depreciation projection which represents its assessment of losses incurred in relation to customer liabilities, other receivables and investments in securities. This projection mainly consists of losses due to the devaluation of specific receivables that were deemed realizable in relation to specific conditions but which have not as yet been finalised.

Investments

Investments are classified by the Group based on the purpose for which they were obtained. Management decides on the suitable classification of the investment at the time of its purchase and reexamines said classification at each of the dates when it is due for assessment.

Management estimates that payment default will not be observed on these investments.

Guarantees

The policy of the Group is not to offer financial guarantees, except only to subsidiaries or affiliated companies and then only by decision of the Board of Directors.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will be unable to fulfill its financial obligations when these become due. The approach adopted by the Group regarding liquidity management is to ensure, by maintaining minimum necessary cash reserves and sufficient credit limits from the banks with which it cooperates, that it will always have enough liquidity in order to fulfill its financial liabilities when those become due, under normal as well as exceptional circumstances, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking the Group's reputation.

In order to avoid liquidity risks, the Group anticipates annual cash flows when drafting the annual budget, as well as a rolling monthly prediction for a period of three months, in order to ensure that it will always have enough cash reserves in order to cover its operational costs, including the fulfillment of its financial obligations. The effect of unforeseeable extreme circumstances is not taken into consideration in this policy.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of fluctuations in the prices of raw materials, exchange and interest rates affecting the Group's financial results or the value of its financial instruments. The purpose of risk management against market conditions is to control the Group's exposure to those risks, within the framework of acceptable parameters and with a concurrent optimization of results.

The Group carries out transactions on derivative financial instruments in order to hedge part of the risks arising from market conditions.

Danger of Fluctuation in the Prices of Metal Raw Materials (Copper, Zinc, Other Metals)

The Group bases both purchases and sales on stock-market prices/indexes on the value of copper and of the other metals it uses and which are included in its products. The risk from fluctuations in the cost of metals is compensated through hedging (future contracts –futures- at the London Metal Exchange - LME). However, the Group does not hedge its entire basic operating reserves and, as a result, a possible reduction in the prices of metals could have an adverse effect on its results, through a devaluation of its assets.

Currency Risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk in its transactions and in loans issued in a currency other than the operational currency of the Group's companies, which is principally the euro. These transactions are mainly carried out in euros, US dollars, pounds sterling and Swiss francs.

On a long-term basis, the Group hedges the greater part of its expected exposure to foreign currencies in relation to expected sales and purchases as well as to the receivables and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency. The

Group mainly takes position in currency future contracts on with external counterparties, in order to hedge against the risk of exchange rate fluctuations, which generally expire in less than a year from the balance sheet date. These contracts are renewed upon expiration, when this is deemed necessary. Currency risk may also, on a case by case basis, be hedged by taking out loans in the respective currencies.

The loan interest is in the same currency as that used in the cash flows relating to the Group's operational activities, which is mainly the euro.

The Group's investments in other subsidiaries are not hedged, as these are regarded as long-term currency investments.

Interest Rate Risk

The Group finances its investments and its cash flow requirements through bank and bond loans, which result in interest expense that burdens its financial results. Inflationary tendencies on interest rates will have adverse effects on results, as the Group will incur additional cost of debt.

Interest rate risk is contained, as part of the Group's loans is subject to fixed interest rates, either directly or with the use of financial instruments (Swaps interest rates).

Capital Management

The policy of the Board of Directors consists in the preservation of a solid capital base, in order to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence in the Group and to allow the future expansion of its activities. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital, which is defined by the Group as the net results divided by the total net position, not taking non-convertible preferred shares and minority rights into consideration. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividends paid to the

holders of ordinary shares.

The Board of Directors tries to maintain a balance between, on the one hand, higher returns which would have been possible under higher borrowing levels and, on the other hand, the advantages associated with the security

that a strong and healthy capital position would provide.

The Group does not have a specific share buy back plan.

During the fiscal year, there were no changes to the approach adopted by the Group regarding capital management.

5. Report per Sector

AMOUNTS IN EURO

The reports per sector concern the business and geographical sectors of the Group. The primary report type (business sector), is based on the structure of the Group's management and the internal reporting system.

Business

The Group incorporates the following main business sectors:

Copper Products

Cable Products

Other services

Geographical

The Group has operations both in Greece and the rest of Europe despite the fact that its products are sold in various countries worldwide.

For the breakdown of operations according to geographical areas, the analysis of revenues as well as of the assets is conducted according to the location of the customers and the assets.

December 31, 2006	Copper products	Cable products	Other Services	Non allocated	Total
Total gross sales by sector	1.070.577.286	321.273.194	124.082.033	-	1.515.932.513
Intercompany sales from consolidated entities	-243.407.701	-19.709.524	-6.237.493	-	-269.354.719
Net sales	827.169.585	301.563.670	117.844.539	-	1.246.577.794
Operating profits	46.087.272	21.246.090	5.343.564	-	72.676.926
Financial income - expenses	-	-	-	-21.735.856	-21.735.856
Share at results of affiliated companies	-	-	-	946.147	946.147
Profit before income tax	46.087.272	21.246.090	5.343.564	-20.789.709	51.887.217
Income tax	-	-	-	-11.518.216	-11.518.216
Net profit	46.087.272	21.246.090	5.343.564	-32.307.926	40.369.001

December 31, 2006	Copper products	Cable products	Other Services	Non allocated	Total
Asset	662.211.902	179.067.237	65.273.249	-	906.552.387
Total liabilities	447.151.860	165.605.157	30.488.879	-	643.245.896
Investments in tangible, intangible assets and investments in real estate	21.022.681	6.421.669	-	-	27.444.350

Other figures per sector that consist the Financial Results year ended December 31, 2006

December 31, 2006	Copper products	Cable products	Other Services	Non allocated	Total
Depreciation of tangible assets	-15.036.168	-6.236.779	-102.393	-	-21.375.340
Amortization of intangible assets	-233.134	-976.601	-24.601	-	-1.234.336
Total depreciation	-15.269.302	-7.213.379	-126.994	-	-22.609.676
Impairment of claims	-1.241.208	-2.552.502	-	-	-3.793.709
Impairment of inventories	-8.927.720	-1.630.096	-	-	-10.557.816

5. Report per Sector (contd)

AMOUNTS IN EURO

Results per sector for the financial year December 31, 2007.

December 31, 2007	Copper products	Cable products	Other Services	Non allocated	Total
Total gross sales by sector	1.109.945.527	406.504.487	114.442.852	-	1.630.892.867
Intercompany sales from consolidated entities	-211.725.403	-41.991.696	-7.559.198	-	-261.276.297
Net sales	898.220.125	364.512.791	106.883.654	-	1.369.616.569
Operating profits	30.243.923	27.420.644	5.026.588	-	62.691.155
Financial income - expenses	-	-	-	-30.507.392	-30.507.392
Share at results of affiliated companies	-	-	-	1.126.272	1.126.272
Profit before income tax	30.243.923	27.420.644	5.026.588	-29.381.120	33.310.035
Income tax	-	-	-	-8.719.850	-8.719.850
Net profit	30.243.923	27.420.644	5.026.588	-38.100.970	24.590.185

December 31, 2007	Copper products	Cable products	Other Services	Non allocated	Total
Asset	669.525.104	203.961.909	67.590.677	-	941.077.689
Total liabilities	465.674.874	178.251.631	31.500.661	-	675.427.165
Investments in tangible, intangible assets and investments in real estate	25.699.117	9.507.640	288.474	-	35.495.231

Other figures per sector that consists the Financial Results year ended December 31, 2007

December 31, 2007	Copper products	Cable products	Other Services	Non allocated	Total
Depreciation of tangible assets	-15.348.901	-6.786.884	-385.782	-	-22.521.568
Amortization of intangible assets	-214.173	-930.018	-21.968	-	-1.166.158
Total depreciation	-15.563.074	-7.716.902	-407.750	-	-23.687.726
Impairment of claims	-1.241.208	-1.967.193	-	-	-3.208.400
Impairment of inventories	-8.727.080	-1.603.617	-	-	-10.330.698

Sales	GROUP	
	2007	2006
Greece	306.862.082	287.374.929
European Union	879.180.327	740.309.022
Other European countries	74.777.575	132.242.945
Asia	75.266.713	39.322.817
America	23.616.325	35.604.572
Africa	9.698.096	11.723.510
Oceania	215.451	-
Total	1.369.616.569	1.246.577.794

Analysis of sales by category	2007	2006
Sales of merchandise & products	1.214.506.483	1.147.388.479
Income from services	25.888.385	20.152.509
Other	129.221.702	79.036.807
Total	1.369.616.569	1.246.577.794

Total assets	2007	2006
Greece	616.431.911	578.760.296
Foreign	324.645.778	327.792.091
Total	941.077.689	906.552.387

Investments in tangible, intangible fixed assets & real estate	2007	2006
Greece	18.640.397	9.033.163
Foreign	16.854.834	18.411.187
Total	35.495.231	27.444.350

6. Merger of Subsidiary

The Boards of Directors of the companies FITCO S.A. and HALCOR S.A. decided on their meetings on 30 January 2006 the merger of the two companies through the absorption of the first by the second and with a balance sheet transformation date the 31st January 2006 in accordance with law 166/1993 and C.L. 2190/1920.

In the Fiscal year 2007 FITCO S.A. was included in the consolidation for one month, while the respective interval of the current period is fully consolidated.

7. Property Plant and Equipment

AMOUNTS IN EURO

GROUP	Land	Buildings	Mechanical equipment	Transportation Vehicles	Furniture and Fixtures	Fixed assets under construction	Total
Cost							
Balance as of 1 January 2006	36.930.636	79.346.353	230.704.565	3.591.789	12.434.081	13.703.262	376.710.688
Foreign exchange differences	137.015	1.523.250	2.677.303	521	238.738	153.276	4.730.103
Additions	-	1.994.777	13.608.757	142.770	1.164.361	9.976.818	26.887.483
Sales	-	-	-1.733.890	-34.396	-103.417	-71.468	-1.943.171
Destructions	-	-	-62.259	-	-23.215	-	-85.473
Impairment	-	-	-2.718.287	-4.420	-	-494.118	-3.216.825
Subsidiaries acquisition	-	-	-	-	3.196	-	3.196
Balance as of 31 December 2006	37.067.651	82.864.381	242.476.188	3.696.265	13.713.745	23.267.771	403.086.001
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance as of 1 January 2006	-	-18.041.708	-45.726.402	-2.398.073	-9.621.710	-	-75.787.893
Foreign exchange differences	-	-1.056.307	-1.329.691	-2.130	-217.935	-	-2.606.062
Depreciation for the period	-	-3.386.478	-16.644.708	-349.540	-991.579	-	-21.372.305
Sales	-	-	761.508	76.628	78.928	-	917.065
Destructions	-	-	40.059	-	19.744	-	59.802
Subsidiaries acquisition	-	-	-	-	-3.035	-	-3.035
Balance as of 31 December 2006	-	-22.484.493	-62.899.235	-2.673.115	-10.735.586	-	-98.792.428
Undepreciated value as of 1.1.06	36.930.636	61.304.645	184.978.163	1.193.717	2.812.372	13.703.262	300.922.795
Undepreciated value as of 31.12.06	37.067.651	60.379.888	179.576.954	1.023.150	2.978.159	23.267.771	304.293.573
Cost							
Balance as of 1 January 2007	37.067.651	82.864.381	242.476.188	3.696.265	13.713.745	23.267.771	403.086.001
Foreign exchange differences	-107.949	-1.250.786	-2.329.671	-14.452	-235.384	-12.503	-3.950.745
Additions	894.950	1.501.862	11.988.573	367.420	1.221.756	18.763.832	34.738.392
Sales	-	-	-330.104	-288.816	-27.976	-29.910	-676.807
Destructions	-	-244.309	-2.565.027	-25.191	-84.750	-	-2.919.277
Impairment	-	-	-62.154	-	-	-593.787	-655.940
Balance as of 31 December 2007	37.854.652	82.871.148	249.177.806	3.735.225	14.587.391	41.395.402	429.621.624
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance as of 1 January 2007	-	-22.484.493	-62.899.235	-2.673.115	-10.735.586	-	-98.792.428
Foreign exchange differences	-	868.491	1.101.042	8.618	183.310	-	2.161.461
Depreciation for the period	-	-3.608.587	-17.560.480	-294.215	-1.048.488	-	-22.511.771
Sales	-	-	54.820	195.635	18.946	-	269.401
Destructions	-	188.248	2.427.035	8.985	80.885	-	2.705.153
Balance as of 31 December 2007	-	-25.036.341	-76.876.818	-2.754.092	-11.500.932	-	-116.168.184
Undepreciated value as of 1.1.07	37.067.651	60.379.888	179.576.954	1.023.150	2.978.159	23.267.771	304.293.573
Undepreciated value as of 31.12.07	37.854.652	57.834.807	172.300.988	981.133	3.086.459	41.395.402	313.453.440

7. Property Plant and Equipment (contd)

AMOUNTS IN EURO

COMPANY	Land	Buildings	Mechanical equipment	Transportation Vehicles	Furniture and Fixtures	Fixed assets under construction	Total
Cost							
Balance as of 1 January 2006	19.723.618	24.293.887	80.462.313	1.355.669	4.091.868	1.455.812	131.383.167
Additions	-	488.209	3.043.040	66.837	315.912	2.750.706	6.664.704
Sales	-	-	-31.792	-	-22.023	-71.468	-125.283
Destructions	-	-	-2.690.787	-4.420	-	-494.118	-3.189.325
Subsidiaries acquisition	4.325.550	9.581.350	18.653.795	281.521	617.838	1.433.258	34.893.312
Reallocations	-	281.616	495.136	-	14.575	-791.327	-
Balance as of 31 December 2006	24.049.168	34.645.062	99.931.705	1.699.606	5.018.170	4.282.864	169.626.575
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance as of 1 January 2006	-	-2.272.467	-11.770.182	-987.040	-3.142.967	-	-18.172.656
Depreciation for the period	-	-1.644.924	-7.432.102	-144.597	-453.739	-	-9.675.362
Sales	-	-	5.612	-	12.413	-	18.025
Subsidiaries acquisition	-	-948.227	-2.800.672	-211.371	-521.451	-	-4.481.722
Balance as of 31 December 2006	-	-4.865.618	-21.997.344	-1.343.008	-4.105.744	-	-32.311.715
Undepreciated value as of 1.12.06	19.723.618	22.021.419	68.692.131	368.629	948.901	1.455.812	113.210.511
Undepreciated value as of 31.12.06	24.049.168	29.779.444	77.934.360	356.598	912.426	4.282.864	137.314.860
Cost							
Balance as of 1 January 2007	24.049.168	34.645.062	99.931.705	1.699.606	5.018.170	4.282.864	169.626.575
Additions	894.950	357.367	1.547.417	119.628	200.515	8.763.701	11.883.577
Sales	-	-	-323.478	-14.484	-13.962	-4.830	-356.755
Reallocations	-	168.613	992.379	-	19.415	-1.180.407	-
Balance as of 31 December 2007	24.944.118	35.171.042	102.148.022	1.804.750	5.224.137	11.861.328	181.153.398
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance as of 1 January 2007	-	-4.865.618	-21.997.344	-1.343.008	-4.105.744	-	-32.311.715
Depreciation for the period	-	-1.717.210	-7.817.150	-115.568	-414.151	-	-10.064.078
Sales	-	-	54.383	14.484	6.559	-	75.427
Balance as of 31 December 2007	-	-6.582.828	-29.760.111	-1.444.092	-4.513.336	-	-42.300.367
Undepreciated value as of 1.12.07	24.049.168	29.779.444	77.934.360	356.598	912.426	4.282.864	137.314.860
Undepreciated value as of 31.12.07	24.944.118	28.588.214	72.387.911	360.658	710.802	11.861.328	138.853.031

8. Intangible Assets		AMOUNTS IN EURO			
GROUP	Trade marks and Licenses	Software	Other	Total	
Cost					
Balance as of 1 January 2006	1.103.473	6.387.068	59.028	7.549.569	
Foreign exchange differences	-	91.139	-	91.139	
Additions	7.430	232.789	-	240.219	
Impairment	-	-174.978	-	-174.978	
Write down	-	-19.266	-	-19.266	
Additions due to merger	-	247.048	-	247.048	
Balance from Property, Plant and Equipment	234.410	82.238	-	316.648	
Balance as of 31 December 2006	1.345.312	6.846.038	59.028	8.250.378	
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance as of 1 January 2006	-499.568	-4.164.637	-53.349	-4.717.554	
Foreign exchange differences	-	-40.898	-	-40.898	
Depreciation for the period	-163.519	-1.064.641	-	-1.228.160	
Write down	-	18.495	-	18.495	
Depreciation due to merger	-	-6.176	-	-6.176	
Balance as of 31 December 2006	-663.087	-5.257.857	-53.349	-5.974.293	
Undepreciated value as of 1 January 2006	603.905	2.222.431	5.679	2.832.015	
Undepreciated value as of 31 December 2006	682.225	1.588.180	5.679	2.276.085	
Cost					
Balance as of 1 January 2007	1.345.312	6.846.038	59.028	8.250.378	
Foreign exchange differences	-	-79.276	-	-79.276	
Additions	16.906	255.090	-	271.996	
Write down	-	-100	-	-100	
Balance from Property, Plant and Equipment	93.478	88.209	-	181.687	
Balance as of 31 December 2007	1.455.696	7.109.961	59.028	8.624.685	
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance as of 1 January 2007	-663.087	-5.257.857	-53.349	-5.974.293	
Foreign exchange differences	-	57.232	-	57.232	
Depreciation for the period	-185.596	-980.562	-	-1.166.158	
Write down	-	100	-	100	
Balance as of 31 December 2007	-848.683	-6.181.088	-53.349	-7.083.120	
Undepreciated value as of 1 January 2007	682.225	1.588.180	5.679	2.276.085	
Undepreciated value as of 31 December 2007	607.013	928.873	5.679	1.541.565	

8. Intangible Assets (contd)		AMOUNTS IN EURO	
COMPANY		Software	
Cost			
Balance as of 1 January 2006		<u>2.806.675</u>	
Additions		173.123	
Impairment		(174.978)	
Additions due to merger		247.048	
Balance as of 31 December 2006		<u>3.051.868</u>	
Accumulated depreciation			
Balance as of 1 January 2006		<u>(2.408.891)</u>	
Depreciation for the period		(219.657)	
Depreciation due to merger		(6.176)	
Balance as of 31 December 2006		<u>(2.634.725)</u>	
Undepreciated value as of 1 January 2006		<u>397.784</u>	
Undepreciated value as of 31 December 2006		<u>417.143</u>	
Cost			
Balance as of 1 January 2007		<u>3.051.868</u>	
Additions		162.512	
Balance as of 31 December 2007		<u>3.214.380</u>	
Accumulated depreciation			
Balance as of 1 January 2007		<u>(2.634.725)</u>	
Depreciation for the period		(207.712)	
Balance as of 31 December 2007		<u>(2.842.437)</u>	
Undepreciated value as of 1 January 2007		<u>417.143</u>	
Undepreciated value as of 31 December 2007		<u>371.943</u>	

9. Investments in Real Estate		AMOUNTS IN EURO			
Investments in real estate concern land of HELLENIC CABLES S.A., which were estimated at their fair value as of January 1, 2004 was considered as deemed cost. Due to the fact that this land were recently estimated by an independent appraiser and whereas the real estate market of the regions where this land is located has not sustained any significant changes, the Management deems that the aforementioned values reflect the current values of these land.					
		GROUP		COMPANY	
		2007	2006	2007	2006
Balance as of January 1		<u>2.168.074</u>	<u>2.168.074</u>	-	-
Additions		303.156	-	-	-
Balance as of December 31		<u>2.471.230</u>	<u>2.168.074</u>	-	-

10. Participations		AMOUNTS IN EURO			
		GROUP		COMPANY	
		2007	2006	2007	2007
Investments to subsidiary Companies		-	-	90.699.491	90.607.953
Investments to affiliated Companies		<u>7.470.710</u>	<u>6.950.445</u>	<u>4.559.245</u>	<u>4.571.245</u>
		<u>7.470.710</u>	<u>6.950.445</u>	<u>95.258.736</u>	<u>95.179.198</u>

10. Participations (contd)

AMOUNTS IN EURO

The Participations in Subsidiary Companies are analyzed as follows:

Corporate Name	Country	Value at the beginning of period	Additions	Sales	Installments due	Value at the end of period	Direct Holding %	Indirect Holding %	Direct & Holding %
2006									
HELLENIC CABLES S.A.	Greece	21.728.188	-	-	-	21.728.188	45,77%	33,14%	78,91%
FITCO S.A.	Greece	9.670.540	-	-9.670.540	-	-	50,32%	0,00%	50,32%
STEELMET S.A.	Greece	140.880	-	-	-	140.880	29,56%	23,32%	52,88%
AKRO S.A.	Greece	7.707	-	-	-	7.707	84,50%	0,00%	84,50%
E.V.I.T.E. S.A.	Greece	59.997	-	-	-	59.997	100,00%	0,00%	100,00%
SOFIA MED SA	Boulgaria	52.229.065	52	-52	-	52.229.065	100,00%	0,00%	100,00%
METAL AGENCIES LTD	United Kingdom	140.931	-	-	-	140.931	67,00%	26,04%	93,04%
BELANTEL HOLDINGS LTD	Cyprus	95.437	-	-	-	95.437	100,00%	0,00%	100,00%
METAL GLOBE DOO	Serbia-Montenegro	-	-	-	-	-	30,00%	23,67%	53,67%
COPPERPROM LTD	Greece	7.200	-	-	-	7.200	40,00%	31,56%	71,56%
GENECOS SA	France	54.980	-	-	-	54.980	25,00%	47,34%	72,34%
SYLLAN S.A.	Greece	30.000	30.000	-	-	60.000	100,00%	0,00%	100,00%
OGWELL LIMITED	Cyprus	15.960.000	-	-	-	15.960.000	100,00%	0,00%	100,00%
CHABAKIS LTD	Greece	-	123.568	-	-	123.568	100,00%	0,00%	100,00%
		100.124.926	153.620	-9.670.592	-	90.607.953			
2007									
HELLENIC CABLES S.A.	Greece	21.728.188	-	-	-	21.728.188	45,66%	33,06%	78,72%
FITCO S.A.	Greece	-	-	-	-	-	0,00%	0,00%	0,00%
STEELMET S.A.	Greece	140.880	-	-	-	140.880	29,56%	23,27%	52,83%
AKRO S.A.	Greece	7.707	178.226	-	-86.688	99.245	95,74%	0,00%	95,74%
E.V.I.T.E. S.A.	Greece	59.997	-	-	-	59.997	100,00%	0,00%	100,00%
SOFIA MED SA	Boulgaria	52.229.065	-	-	-	52.229.065	100,00%	0,00%	100,00%
METAL AGENCIES LTD	United Kingdom	140.931	-	-	-	140.931	67,00%	25,98%	92,98%
BELANTEL HOLDINGS LTD	Cyprus	95.437	-	-	-	95.437	100,00%	0,00%	100,00%
METAL GLOBE DOO	Serbia-Montenegro	-	-	-	-	-	30,00%	23,61%	53,61%
COPPERPROM LTD	Greece	7.200	-	-	-	7.200	40,00%	31,49%	71,49%
GENECOS SA	France	54.980	-	-	-	54.980	25,00%	47,23%	72,23%
SYLLAN S.A.	Greece	60.000	-	-	-	60.000	100,00%	0,00%	100,00%
OGWELL LIMITED	Cyprus	15.960.000	-	-	-	15.960.000	100,00%	0,00%	100,00%
CHABAKIS LTD	Greece	123.568	-	-	-	123.568	100,00%	0,00%	100,00%
		90.607.953	178.226	-	-86.688	90.699.491			

At a Company level the participation increase in Subsidiaries on the fiscal year 2007 is due to the fact that in June 2007 the Company proceeded to a purchase of 88,344 shares of the subsidiary AKRO S.A. over the amount of Euro 176,688 that will be paid with installments. With this purchase its participation stake in AKRO S.A. increased from 84.5% to 95.74% i.e. change of 11.24%. Participations in affiliated companies are analysed as follows:

Corporate Name	Country	Direct & Indirect Holding Percentage	GROUP		COMPANY	
			2007	2006	2007	2006
DIAPEM TRADING S.A.	Greece	33,33%	214.005	210.665	266.627	266.627
ELKEME S.A.	Greece	30,90%	603.385	570.304	381.604	381.604
S.C. STEELMET ROMANIA S.A	Romania	40,00%	1.560.276	1.494.483	729.237	729.237
TEPRO METALL AG	Germany	43,53%	4.125.661	3.966.965	2.873.392	2.873.392
ENERGY SOLUTIONS SA	Boulgaria	38,60%	267.420	415.853	299.985	299.985
THISVI POWER GENERATION PLANTS S.A.	Greece	20,00%	-	14.648	-	12.000
VIEXAL LTD	Greece	26,67%	34.283	18.760	8.400	8.400
E.D.E S.A.	Greece	78,71%	106.241	106.221	-	-
DE LAIRE LIMITED	Cyprus	78,71%	559.439	152.546	-	-
ECA L.T.D.	U.K	78,71%	-	52.891	-	-
LESCO ROMANIA S.A.	Romania	51,16%	-	-52.891	-	-
			7.470.710	6.950.445	4.559.245	4.571.245

10. Participations (contd)

AMOUNTS IN EURO

Synoptic financial information for affiliated companies:

Corporate Name	Country	Assets	Liabilities	Income (Turnover)	Profit/(losses) after tax	Participation percentage
2006						
DIAPEM TRADING S.A.	Greece	659.826	27.826	-	-789	33,33%
ELKEME S.A.	Greece	2.821.360	976.911	1.388.105	7.266	30,92%
S.C. STEELMET ROMANIA S.A	Romania	10.865.206	7.128.533	27.470.417	1.349.135	40,00%
TEPRO METALL AG	Germany	37.564.978	28.458.079	114.521.972	957.263	43,56%
ENERGY SOLUTIONS SA	Boulgaria	3.582.098	2.504.810	3.238.511	121.176	38,60%
THISVI POWER GENERATION PLANTS S.A.	Greece	73.310	72	-	-34.660	0,00%
VIEXAL LTD	Greece	502.911	432.569	3.815.445	41.449	26,67%
		56.069.689	39.528.799	150.434.451	2.440.840	
2007						
DIAPEM TRADING S.A.	Greece	669.653	27.631	-	10.022	33,33%
ELKEME S.A.	Greece	2.885.548	932.847	1.762.705	108.252	30,90%
S.C. STEELMET ROMANIA S.A	Romania	11.909.523	8.008.345	32.570.907	396.719	40,00%
TEPRO METALL AG	Germany	37.661.096	28.183.354	123.175.072	370.843	43,53%
ENERGY SOLUTIONS SA	Boulgaria	6.489.293	5.796.495	2.342.219	-400.851	38,60%
VIEXAL LTD	Greece	644.919	516.374	4.383.790	58.203	26,67%
		60.260.033	43.465.046	164.234.693	543.189	

During January 2007, the Company proceeded to a sale of 9,900 shares of its related company Electro-production Thisvi S.A. With this sale, HALCOR reduced its participation share in Electro-production Thisvi from 20% to 5% i.e. change of 15%. For this reason the company Electro-production Thisvi S.A. was not incorporated in the consolidated financial statements of the current period, while it was incorporated in the previous financial year and appear in the Balance sheet account "Financial Assets available for sale".

For the period January – December 2006 the participation of the affiliated company to the Group's results amounted to Euro 6,932 (loss). Respectively, its participation to the consolidated Assets for the period ended on December 31, 2006 amounted to Euro 14,648.

The companies DE LAIRE LIMITED, ELECTRIC CABLE AGENCIES and E.D.E. S.A. were integrated through the net worth method instead of the total integration method due to non-importance of the relevant figures.

11. Financial Assets available for sale - Investments

AMOUNTS IN EURO

The Financial Assets available for sale incorporate the following:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Unlisted titles				
Domestic Participating Titles	993.296	1.001.160	756.460	734.616
International Participating Titles	212.016	212.016	212.016	212.016
Others	5.869	5.869	5.869	5.869
	1.211.181	1.219.045	974.345	952.501

The Boards of Directors of the companies VECTOR S.A. and ELVAL COLOUR S.A. decided at their meetings on 19 April 2006 the merger of the two companies through the absorption of the first by the second respectively, with a transformation balance date of 30 April 2006 and according to the law 166/1993 and C.L. 2190/1920.

The merger was approved by both companies' Boards of Directors on 19 September 2006 and completed with the No29975/29-9-2006 decision of Athens Prefecture. Before the merger HALCOR S.A. held 33.33% of VECTOR S.A. and after the merger it acquired 4.06% of ELVAL COLOUR S.A. For this reason, the Company has classified its participation in ELVAL COLOUR S.A. as available for sale.

12. Deferred Claims and Liabilities

AMOUNTS IN EURO

The deferred taxation demands and liabilities are set off when there exists an applicable legal right to set off the current taxation demands with the current tax liabilities when the deferred income taxes concern the same tax authority. The net amount of the deferred tax is as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Deferred tax claims	3.085.140	3.206.732	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	-25.934.834	-27.222.759	-20.770.937	-22.647.392
Net amount	-22.849.694	-24.016.027	-20.770.937	-22.647.392

The total change in the deferred income tax is:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Opening balance	-24.016.027	-23.714.507	-22.647.392	-16.771.217
Foreign exchange differences	-107.833	116.749	-	-
Merger of subsidiary	-	-	-	-4.417.931
(Debit)/credit recorded in the profit and loss statement	-1.536.926	805.490	-682.582	101.283
Tax that was (debited)/credited in equity	2.811.092	-1.223.759	2.559.036	-1.559.527
Closing balance	-22.849.694	-24.016.027	-20.770.937	-22.647.392

The transaction log of the temporary tax differences is as follows:

Group	Difference in Depreciation	Difference in Provisions	Non-recognised intangible assets	Other	Total
Balance as of 1/1/2006	-31.228.001	563.787	845.705	9.817.967	-20.000.541
(Debit) / Credit recorded in the profit and loss statement	-1.066.139	-100.109	-211.946	-101.475	-1.479.669
(Debit) / Credit in equity	-	-	-	-1.007.669	-1.007.669
Reclassification	1.802.084	59.664	-94.792	-6.501.837	-4.734.879
Balance as of 31/12/2006	-30.492.055	523.342	538.968	2.206.987	-27.222.759
(Debit) / Credit recorded in the profit and loss statement	-407.010	-161.984	-360.377	-436.634	-1.366.005
(Debit) / Credit in equity	-	-	-	2.653.929	2.653.929
Balance as of 31/12/2007	-30.899.065	361.358	178.591	4.424.282	-25.934.834

12. Deferred Claims and Liabilities (contd) AMOUNTS IN EURO

	Difference in Depreciation	Difference in Provisions	Non-recognised intangible assets	Future benefits from the reversal real estate adjustments	Other	Total
Deferred Tax Claims:						
GROUP						
Balance as of 1/1/2006	1.050.804	141.791	976	-	-172.825	1.020.745
Foreign exchange differences (Debit) / Credit recorded in the profit and loss statement	116.749	-	-	-	-	116.749
(Debit) / Credit in equity	365.883	385.564	593	1.584.354	-51.234	2.285.159
Reclassification	-	-	-	-	-216.090	-216.090
Balance as of 31/12/2006	1.533.436	527.355	1.568	1.584.354	-439.981	3.206.732
Foreign exchange differences (Debit) / Credit recorded in the profit and loss statement	-25.481	-	-	-82.351	-	-107.833
(Debit) / Credit in equity	-177.325	-58.189	-490	-249.481	314.564	-170.922
(Debit) / Credit in equity	-	-	-	-	157.163	157.163
Balance as of 31/12/2007	1.330.630	469.166	1.078	1.252.521	31.746	3.085.140
Deferred Tax Liabilities:						
COMPANY						
Balance as of 1/1/2006	-24.868.957	76.357	440.650	-	7.580.733	-16.771.217
(Debit) / Credit recorded in the profit and loss statement	-510.484	-85.077	-70.218	-	767.063	101.284
(Debit) / Credit in equity	-	-	-	-	-1.559.527	-1.559.527
Merger of subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-4.417.931	-4.417.931
Balance as of 31/12/2006	-25.379.441	-8.720	370.432	-	2.370.338	-22.647.391
(Debit) / Credit recorded in the profit and loss statement	-243.942	-77.442	-262.786	-	-98.413	-682.582
(Debit) / Credit in equity	-	-	-	-	2.559.036	2.559.036
Balance as of 31/12/2007	-25.623.383	-86.162	107.647	-	4.830.962	-20.770.936

13. Inventories AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Merchandise	22.551.317	18.999.714	5.328.952	5.259.106
Finished products	78.784.097	85.790.734	37.808.048	40.511.307
Semi-finished	45.391.016	39.339.320	26.451.798	21.709.797
By-products and scrap	1.965.699	1.436.804	428.213	68.670
Work in progress	40.920.255	29.387.514	6.333.588	8.806.870
Raw and indirect materials - consumables - spare parts & packaging materials	102.324.267	86.491.149	38.361.829	50.628.510
Sale of inventories advance	1.551.821	1.207.833	332.042	86.049
Total	293.488.472	262.653.069	115.044.470	127.070.309
Less: Inventories devaluation	-10.330.698	-10.557.816	-6.507.079	-5.146.682
Total net liquid value	283.157.775	252.095.254	108.537.391	121.923.626

For FY 2007, both on a Company as well as on a Group level, a devaluation of inventories was needed to be carried out at a net liquidation value mainly due to the drop in metal price (raw material).

14. Trade and other receivables AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Customers	195.678.833	165.346.957	73.473.922	53.272.421
Less: Impairment provisions	<u>-3.208.400</u>	<u>-3.793.709</u>	<u>-1.150.114</u>	<u>-1.150.114</u>
Net customer receivables	192.470.433	161.553.248	72.323.808	52.122.307
Other down payments	1.009.672	1.719.951	707.841	653.091
Notes-cheques receivable & sealed	19.080.965	44.261.589	1.544.942	26.640.195
Receivables from affiliated entities	25.316.573	22.859.297	34.233.480	17.915.546
Receivables from other holdings	37.500	114.600	130.500	114.600
Current tax receivables	27.074.294	52.390.039	15.660.512	40.131.651
Other debtors	<u>19.167.060</u>	<u>13.322.417</u>	<u>11.059.008</u>	<u>2.524.177</u>
Total	284.156.495	296.221.140	135.660.091	140.101.567
Non-current assets				
Long-term claims against other holdings	4.834	4.834	4.834	4.834
Other long-term claims	<u>782.348</u>	<u>792.306</u>	<u>425.766</u>	<u>424.252</u>
Total	787.182	797.140	430.600	429.086
	284.943.677	297.018.280	136.090.692	140.530.653

During 2006 the Company's receivables were further impaired by Euro 532,829. This amount arises from the doubtful customer provision that was formed for TECHNIKON S.A., SANILEC S.A. AND KILIMIS S.A. There were no cases of impairment of trade receivables in fiscal year 2007.

"Other debtors" which is included in the current assets of the Group and Company concerns, in its majority, receivables from the Hellenic State for V.A.T. return.

15. Derivatives AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Non-current assets				
Interest rate swaps	437.993	405.529	307.208	278.737
Total	437.993	405.529	307.208	278.737
Current assets				
Foreign exchange swaps	893.949	42.899	-	-
Future contracts	<u>805.297</u>	<u>7.607.224</u>	<u>565.410</u>	<u>5.335.187</u>
Total	1.699.246	7.650.123	565.410	5.335.187
Long-term liabilities				
Future contracts	385.676	-	385.676	-
Total	385.676	-	385.676	-
Short-term liabilities				
Foreign exchange swaps	295.320	33.394	-	-
Future contracts	<u>6.791.555</u>	<u>1.720.985</u>	<u>5.388.022</u>	<u>278.858</u>
Total	7.086.875	1.754.379	5.388.022	278.858
Amounts that were posted in the results as earnings or (expenses)	9.023.089	-11.964.285	12.468.517	-5.501.385
Interest rate swaps				
Nominal Value	68.700.000	104.700.000	53.200.000	70.700.000

The income or expenses transferred from the equity accounts to the results upon the maturity of the hedging instruments, are accounted for at the "Sales" and "Cost of goods sold" accounts respectively.

16. Cash and Cash Equivalents		AMOUNTS IN EURO			
	GROUP		COMPANY		
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Cash on hand and in banks	2.952.781	1.509.192	65.241	194.503	
Short-term bank deposits	38.644.718	27.751.824	24.003.654	18.862.801	
Total	41.597.499	29.261.016	24.068.894	19.057.305	

17. Share capital		AMOUNTS IN EURO			
(Amounts in euro and in number of shares)	Number of shares	Common Shares	Share Premium	Total	
January 1, 2006	96.981.079	32.003.756	65.230.753	97.234.509	
Employees Benefit from share option skin plan	283.300	107.654	869.731	977.385	
New stocks issue	4.015.248	6.374.848	1.037.580	7.412.428	
December 31, 2006	101.279.627	38.486.258	67.138.064	105.624.322	
December 31, 2007	101.279.627	38.486.258	67.138.064	105.624.322	

The Share Capital of the Company amounts to Euro 38,486,258.26 (2006: 38,486,258.26) and consists of 101,279,627 (2006 : 101.279.627) common bearer shares with a par value of Euro 0.38 each.

18. Reserves		AMOUNTS IN EURO						
	Regular reserve	Reserves at fair value	Special reserves	Non taxable reserves	Other reserves	Total	Foreign exchange differences of subsidiaries	
Balance as of 1 January 2006	6.650.925	-491.639	9.432	55.427.960	15.000	61.611.677	-516.781	
Foreign exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.014.612	
Distribution	493.304	-	2.300.000	707.003	297.477	3.797.783	-	
Capitalisation	1.315	-	-	-	-	1.315	-	
Redistribution	-428	-161.316	-	-92.029	-62.768	-316.541	-596.247	
Merger of subsidiaries	249.390	-	29.347	699.463	-3.889.856	-2.911.656	-	
Transfer to results	-	6.003.144	-	-	-	6.003.144	-	
Balance as of 31 December 2006	7.394.506	5.350.189	2.338.779	56.742.397	-3.640.146	68.185.723	1.901.584	
Balance as of 1 January 2007	7.394.506	5.350.189	2.338.779	56.742.397	-3.640.146	68.185.723	1.901.584	
Foreign exchange differences	-	-	-	-	-	-	-2.619.826	
Distribution	943.347	-	2.111.746	5.026.005	492.624	8.573.723	-	
Redistribution	-37	430	-	-63.231	-565	-63.403	-	
Hedging results	-	-9.520.132	-	-	-	-9.520.132	-	
Balance as of 31 December 2007	8.337.816	-4.169.513	4.450.525	61.705.171	-3.148.087	67.175.911	-718.243	

18. Reserves (contd) AMOUNTS IN EURO

Company	Regular reserve	Reserves at fair value	Special reserves	Non taxable reserves	Other reserves	Total
Balance as of 1 January 2006	6.644.270	-677.282	9.432	55.328.951	15.000	61.320.370
Distribution	463.675	-	2.300.000	707.003	-	3.470.678
Merger of subsidiaries	249.390	-	29.347	699.463	-3.889.856	-2.911.656
Hedging results	-	4.678.582	-	-	-	4.678.582
Balance as of 31 December 2006	7.357.335	4.001.299	2.338.779	56.735.416	-3.874.856	66.557.974
Balance as of 1 January 2007	7.357.335	4.001.299	2.338.779	56.735.416	-3.874.856	66.557.974
Distribution	713.232	-	2.111.746	2.782.770	-	5.607.748
Reallocation	-	-	-	-63.225	-	-63.225
Hedging results	-	-7.677.109	-	-	-	-7.677.109
Balance as of 31 December 2007	8.070.567	-3.675.809	4.450.525	59.454.962	-3.874.856	64.425.389

Ordinary Reserve

According to Hellenic Commercial Legislation, the companies are obliged, from their FY profits, to form 5% as an ordinary reserve until it reaches 1/3 of their initial paid-up share capital. The distribution of its ordinary reserve is prohibited.

Untaxed Reserves

The untaxed reserves concern undistributed earnings which are exempt from taxation due to special clauses of development legislations (under the condition that there are adequate earnings for their formation). The reserves from tax-exempt earnings and taxed reserves concern, in a special way, earnings from interest and tax has been withheld at the source. Further of possible prepaid taxes, these reserves are put under taxation if they get distributed.

For the aforementioned untaxed reserves, there are no accrued deferred taxes in case of distribution.

19. Lending AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Long-term borrowings				
Bank loans	60.122.901	58.895.798	799.998	10.786.169
Bond loans	261.000.000	252.500.000	186.000.000	187.500.000
Total long-term borrowings	321.122.901	311.395.798	186.799.998	198.286.169
Short-term borrowings				
Bank loans	219.240.888	191.315.807	59.882.329	42.711.789
Total short-term borrowings	219.240.888	191.315.807	59.882.329	42.711.789
Total loans	540.363.789	502.711.606	246.682.327	240.997.959
The maturity dates of long-term debt are:				
Between 1 and 2 years	164.404.167	104.426.562	124.050.000	69.486.235
Between 2 and 5 years	150.218.734	202.489.122	62.749.998	128.799.935
Beyond 5 years	6.500.000	4.480.114	-	-
	321.122.901	311.395.798	186.799.998	198.286.169

The actual weighted average rates on the balance sheet date are:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Bank loans	5,22%	4,42%	5,04%	4,19%
Financial leasing liabilities - minimum leases				
Up to 1 year	7.998	7.465	-	-
From 1 - 5 years	9.929	15.821	-	-
Total	17.927	23.285	-	-

During 2007 the Company proceeded in the conclusion of Bond Loans with a group of banks in the amount of Euro 75,000,000 that it would use to cover its working capital needs. The Company's total borrowing will be served within 5 years. During 2006, the Company settled loans (long-term and short-term) of a total value of 69,315,632. On a Group level, during 2007 loan capital that was drawn amounted to Euro 178,198,179, while Euro 140,545,995 was settled. The corresponding amounts for 2006 were Euro 155,285,000 and Euro 25,330,000. As noted in Note 29, mortgages have been filed against the fixed assets of HELLENIC CABLES S.A., ICME ECAB (Romania), including the equipment thereof, and against its current assets (with the exception of receivables and inventories) against a long-term loan, the amount of which, as of 31 December 2007 amounted to Euro 2.7 million.

Loans fair values are pretty much the same with their book values as loans bear a floating interest rate. Loans book values for the Group concern all loans depicted in Euro.

20. Personnel Retirement Benefits

AMOUNTS IN EURO

Pursuant to Greek labor law, employees may receive indemnification in the event of their discharge or retirement, the amount of which is relative to their wages, the term of their employment and the manner by which they withdraw from the company (discharge or retirement). Employees who resign are not entitled to an indemnification.

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Balance sheet liabilities for:				
Retirement benefits	4.581.733	4.268.834	2.559.886	2.453.805
Charges to the profit and loss accounts				
Retirement benefits	1.370.422	1.513.274	860.158	1.006.778
Present value of non-funded liabilities	5.020.822	4.858.100	2.786.413	2.806.546
Non-recorded actuarial (profits)/losses	-439.089	-589.266	-226.527	-352.741
	4.581.733	4.268.834	2.559.886	2.453.805
Liability recorded in the Balance Sheet	4.581.733	4.268.834	2.559.886	2.453.805
Variations in net liability recognised in the Balance Sheet				
Net liability at the beginning of the year	4.268.834	3.948.694	2.453.805	1.783.808
Net liability from subsidiary acquisition	-	-	-	464.746
Benefits that have been paid	-1.057.524	-1.193.134	-754.077	-801.527
Total expenditure that was recognised in the profit and loss accounts	1.370.422	1.513.274	860.158	1.006.778
Net liability at the end of the year	4.581.733	4.268.834	2.559.886	2.453.805
Present value of the liability at the end of the period	4.581.733	4.268.834	2.559.886	2.453.805
Analysis of expenditures that were recognised in the profit and loss accounts				
Cost of current employment	464.596	420.846	228.446	224.667
Interest on the liability	189.371	165.975	109.195	96.664
Cost of additional benefits	704.978	800.641	517.802	562.829
Expenses & amortization of actual loss	11.477	125.812	4.715	122.618
Total expenditure that was recognised in the profit and loss accounts	1.370.422	1.513.274	860.158	1.006.778

The primary actuarial acknowledgements that were used for accounting purposes were as follows:

	2007	2006	2007	2006
Discount interest rate	4,80%	4% - 4,10%	4,80%	4,10%
Future salary increases	4,50%	4,50%	4,50%	4,50%

The Company has granted Share Options Plans to certain of its executives. Specifically, the General Meeting of 20 June 2002 decided to grant Options Plans for the acquisition of up to 1,225,000 shares that correspond to 1.21% of the Company's number of outstanding shares. Share options plans are secured gradually from 2002 to 2011 (10%) each year. The price at which the option is exercised has been set as the average closing price of the Company's share on the Athens Stock Exchange during the first fifteen days of June 2002, in other words 3.45 Euros. Share Options Plans may be exercised between the first and last business day of the month of November of each year, between 2006 and 2013, at which point the deadline by which the Share Options Plans must be exercised expires. According to the transitional provisions of I.F.R.S. 2 and given the fact that the specific options plans were granted prior to 7 November 2002, the Company did not apply the provisions of this Standard, with the exception of the notifications of I.F.R.S. 2.

During the fiscal year, no stock options were exercised.

HELLENIC CABLES S.A. has adopted a corresponding Options Plan up to 1.97% of the number of common registered shares that were outstanding at the time of adoption (530,600 options), adapted to future changes in the number of shares into which the share capital is divided, with the following main terms and conditions:

- Beneficiaries of the Share Options Plans: Members of the Board of Directors, persons employed by the company or affiliated companies.
- Price at which Share Options Plans are exercised: The price has been set as the closing price of the Athens Stock Exchange during the first fifteen days of June 2002, in other words 2.97 Euros per option.
- Exercise of the Share Options Plans: Share Options Plans are secured gradually by 10% annually, beginning from the first business day of November 2002 until the first business day of November 2011. The above secured options are exercised from the first business day of November 2006 until the first business day of November 2013. Following this closing date any option that is not exercised is cancelled.

Within the course of the year 64,810 options were exercised with the corresponding increase in the share capital. The difference between nominal value and the exercise price carried out in the reserves account (total amount of increase 2007: Euro 192,485.70, 2006: Euro 753,043.50).

21. Subsidies		AMOUNTS IN EURO			
		GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Opening balance of the fiscal year	2.525.850	2.662.324	1.607.200	366.647	
Proceeds from investment grants	-	511.088	-	-	
Depreciation of grants	-603.990	-627.139	-341.963	-283.842	
Merger of subsidiaries	-	-20.423	-	1.524.395	
Closing balance of the fiscal year	1.921.860	2.525.850	1.265.236	1.607.200	

The subsidies amortization revenue is accounted for in the "Other Income" results account.

Subsidies have been granted for the purchase of tangible fixed assets. The Company's subsidies concern investments that were realized in previous fiscal years at the foundry factory. During fiscal year 2006 the subsidiary company Hellenic Cables S.A. has been granted a subsidy for investments concerning machinery equipment that will produce cables friendly to the environment. During fiscal year 2007 the Group did not receive any new subsidies.

22. Provisions		AMOUNTS IN EURO			
		LONG - TERM LIABILITIES			
	Pending legal court cases	Clients compensation	Other provisions	Total	
GROUP					
1 January 2006	5.000.000	-	192.103	5.192.103	
Additional provisions of the fiscal year	430.729	-	-	430.729	
31 December 2006	5.430.729	-	192.103	5.622.832	
Additional provisions of the fiscal year	274.500	-	369.992	644.492	
31 December 2007	5.705.229	-	562.095	6.267.324	
COMPANY					
1 January 2006	5.000.000	-	-	5.000.000	
Additional provisions of the fiscal year	430.729	-	-	430.729	
31 December 2006	5.430.729	-	-	5.430.729	
Additional provisions of the fiscal year	274.500	-	250.000	524.500	
31 December 2007	5.705.229	-	250.000	5.955.229	
SHORT - TERM LIABILITIES					
GROUP					
1 January 2006	-	-	-	-	
Additional provisions of the fiscal year	-	337.275	2.291.704	2.628.979	
31 December 2006	-	337.275	2.291.704	2.628.979	
Additional provisions of the fiscal year	-	-337.275	-1.684.254	-2.021.529	
31 December 2007	-	-	607.450	607.450	
COMPANY					
1 January 2006	-	-	-	-	
Additional provisions of the fiscal year	-	337.275	2.291.704	2.628.979	
31 December 2006	-	337.275	2.291.704	2.628.979	
Additional provisions of the fiscal year	-	-337.275	-1.684.254	-2.021.529	
31 December 2007	-	-	607.450	607.450	

During the current period the Company proceeded to additional provisions amounting to Euro 274,500 as a supplementary provision of corresponding interests for the fine that the European Competition Commission has imposed, as well as Euro 250,000 (Group : Euro 369,992) for risks and expenses.

The reduction of the short-term provisions is mainly attributable to applied provisions, which were made on December 31, 2006 for unaudited tax periods, and the untaxed reserves of L. N.3220/2004.

23. Suppliers and Other Liabilities

AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Suppliers	38.686.465	44.500.236	8.913.545	22.612.739
Cheques payable	23.825	27.856	-	-
Customer down payments	4.258.348	7.819.887	4.048.244	5.123.994
Insurance organisations	2.211.108	1.979.368	1.253.533	1.160.849
Amounts due to affiliated entities	20.088.698	15.547.246	5.086.377	2.846.329
Liabilities to other affiliates	-	32.824	-	-
Dividends payable	56.750	83.374	38.661	33.899
Proportion of third parties to dividends payable	-	56.000	-	-
Sundry creditors	5.530.287	4.683.799	1.063.454	932.066
Deferred income	7.027	-	-	-
Accrued expenses	7.031.456	5.676.502	4.230.148	3.110.009
Other transitory accounts	2.816.791	3.962.709	1.919.468	2.121.685
Total	80.710.756	84.369.801	26.553.429	37.941.570

24. Expenses

AMOUNTS IN EURO

GROUP	Cost of sales	Distribution expenses	Administrative expenses	Total
2006				
Employee benefits	-46.435.144	-6.958.239	-12.031.134	-65.424.517
Depreciation	-20.633.181	-326.901	-1.424.123	-22.384.205
Other Expenses	-1.060.984.186	-10.584.342	-12.258.503	-1.083.827.031
Total	-1.128.052.511	-17.869.482	-25.713.760	-1.171.635.753
2007				
Employee benefits	-46.412.406	-7.536.569	-13.912.347	-67.861.322
Depreciation	-21.486.685	-391.701	-1.400.894	-23.279.280
Other Expenses	-1.196.130.373	-9.721.643	-9.486.902	-1.215.338.918
Total	-1.264.029.464	-17.649.913	-24.800.143	-1.306.479.520
COMPANY				
2006				
Employee benefits	-18.955.875	-3.742.292	-6.728.014	-29.426.181
Depreciation	-9.231.046	-128.679	-535.293	-9.895.018
Other Expenses	-650.648.130	-5.762.851	-6.801.138	-663.212.119
Total	-678.835.051	-9.633.822	-14.064.445	-702.533.318
2007				
Employee benefits	-21.277.863	-3.701.371	-7.097.429	-32.076.663
Depreciation	-9.623.933	-209.942	-437.914	-10.271.790
Other Expenses	-683.595.587	-4.739.387	-5.519.919	-693.854.893
Total	-714.497.383	-8.650.700	-13.055.262	-736.203.346

Personnel fringe benefits are analyzed as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Employee Remuneration & expenses	50.808.986	49.646.074	23.974.702	21.491.589
Benefit program expenses	12.866.610	10.907.309	5.891.803	5.298.347
Determined Benefit program liability	1.370.422	1.513.274	860.158	1.006.778
Other Benefits	2.815.303	3.357.860	1.350.000	1.629.467
Total	67.861.322	65.424.517	32.076.663	29.426.181

The number of employees at the end of the year is for the Company: 769 (2006 : 730) and for the group: 2,386 (2006 : 2,380).

25. Financial Cost - Net		AMOUNTS IN EURO			
	GROUP		COMPANY		
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Income					
Interest income	956.823	728.567	374.296	222.147	
Total income	956.823	728.567	374.296	222.147	
Expenses					
Interest charges & related expenses	-31.528.204	-22.598.847	-13.752.067	-11.268.244	
Total expenses	-31.528.204	-22.598.847	-13.752.067	-11.268.244	
Financial cost (net)	-30.571.381	-21.870.280	-13.377.770	-11.046.097	

26. Income Tax

AMOUNTS IN EURO

Both the Hellenic tax legislation and relative provisions are subject to interpretations by tax authorities. Income tax statements are filed on an annual basis, but profits or losses that are declared for tax purposes are deemed temporary until the tax authorities audit the tax payer's tax statements and books, at which point all relative tax liabilities are settled. Tax losses, to the extent that they are recognised by tax authorities, may be used in order to offset profits that will be realised in the five years that follow the fiscal year that they concern.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Hellenic tax legislation, companies pay an income tax down payment each year, which is estimated at 65% on the income tax of the current fiscal year. When the tax is settled in the next fiscal year, any excess amount that is paid in advance is returned to the company after the tax audit. Pursuant to Law 3296/2004 the income tax rate was decreased from 29% in 2006 to 25% from FY 2007 and thereafter.

Income tax that burdens the Results is analyzed as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Tax of the fiscal year	-7.250.465	-10.044.022	-2.924.105	-5.494.906
Provision for tax	-421.578	-1.620.000	-250.000	-1.879.704
Unused provision of L.3220/2004	545.474	-	545.474	-
Deferred Taxes	-1.536.926	805.490	-682.582	101.283
Creation and reversal of temporary differences	-899.510	-659.704	-	-
	-8.719.850	-11.518.236	-3.311.213	-7.273.327

Effective tax rate reconciliation

	GROUP				COMPANY			
	2007		2006		2007		2006	
Earnings before taxes	33.310.035	51.887.217	13.096.716	20.091.035				
Tax rate	25%		29%		25%		29%	
(2007: 25% & 2006: 29%)	-8.327.509	-15.047.293	-3.274.179	-5.826.400				
Tax rate effects from foreign subsidiaries	-0,25%	-83.343	5,86%	3.042.534	-	-	-	-
Non-deducted expenses	-9,51%	-3.168.673	-5,58%	-2.892.732	-21,95%	-2.874.206	-7,43	-1.493.015
Exempt income	9,73%	3.241.215	2,95%	1.532.291	20,44%	2.676.729	3,51%	705.791
Creating tax losses	-0,08%	-27.505	1,78%	922.314	-	-	-	-
Unused provision of L.3220/2004	1,64%	545.474	0,00%	-	4,16%	545.474	0,00%	-
Tax differences from tax audits of previous years	-2,70%	-899.510	-1,27%	-659.704	-2,94%	-385.031	-3,28%	-659.704
Tax rate change	0,00%	-	3,05%	1.584.354	-	-	-	-
Total	-26,18%	-8.719.850	-22,20%	-11.518.236	-25,28%	-3.311.213	-36,20%	-7.273.328

The decrease in the Company's total income tax is mainly attributable to the reduction of the real tax rate by four basis points (25% in 2007 over 29% in 2006) and to the reduction of the taxed earnings of the current period in comparison to the respective period last year.

Tax losses exist for which no deferred tax claim has been accounted for, which amount Euro 1.2 million as on December 31, 2007 on a consolidated basis and concern domestic subsidiary of HELLENIC CABLES S.A.

In addition, in the Fiscal Year 2006 the Regular Tax Audit of the Company occurred for the periods 2002-2004, which was completed on February 2007. The audit charged the company with the amount of Euro 694,426. The particular amount due to one off payment was reduced by 5% and the final amount that the company submitted amounted to Euro 659,705. The Company had already charged, in the form of a provision, the financial statements of December 31, 2006 with the amount of Euro 659,705. During the current period the tax audit of the subsidiary companies FITCO S.A. and HELLENIC CABLES S.A. was completed and regarded for FITCO the periods 2003-2005, as well as the period until the Transformation Balance Sheet 01/01 – 31/01/2006, while for HELLENIC CABLES the periods 2003 – 2006. The audit charged Euro 260,505 and Euro 436,000 respectively. The Company has already charged, with the form of a provision the financial statements of December 31, 2006 with an amount of Euro 550,000. During fiscal year 2007, pursuant to the decision of the European Commission number D204587/19.07.2007, the state subsidies under articles 2 and 3 of law 3220/2004 was found to be illegal state subsidy. The Company was called to return as income tax the amount of euro 22,129 plus interest of euro 2,397. The Company had already accounted for as provisions in its Financial Statements ended December 31, 2006 the amount of Euro 570,000.

27. Other Operating Income – Expenses (Net)		AMOUNTS IN EURO			
	GROUP		COMPANY		
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Other income					
Grants of the fiscal year	33.839	97.958	1.409	71.510	
Income from other activities	870.975	865.932	2.599.545	3.597.366	
Depreciation of subsidies received	603.990	627.139	341.963	283.842	
Foreign exchange differences	4.078.177	2.844.262	2.397.672	512.198	
Damage compensation	583.011	-	583.011	30.672	
Other income	3.169.703	1.720.458	855.858	312.846	
Earnings of tangible assets sale	72.478	212.165	13.887	55.559	
Total other income	9.412.172	6.367.914	6.793.346	4.863.991	
Other expenses					
Impairment of investments and other financial assets	-685.006	-	-	-	
Foreign exchange differences	-5.736.810	-4.047.523	-3.453.588	-1.051.722	
Other income	-3.436.251	-4.589.195	-477.998	-2.127.551	
Total	-9.858.067	-8.636.719	-3.931.586	-3.179.273	
Profits/(losses) from the sale of investments	-	3.690	-	3.690	
Other operating income - expenses (net)	-445.895	-2.265.115	2.861.760	1.688.409	
Dividend Income	63.989	134.424	3.842.064	1.783.939	
Profit / loss from affiliate companies					
Profit from affiliated companies	1.487.939	1.932.562	-	-	
Loss from affiliated companies	-361.667	-986.415	-	-	
Total	1.126.272	946.147	-	-	

28. Cash flow from Operating Activities		AMOUNTS IN EURO			
	GROUP		COMPANY		
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Profit for the period	24.590.185	40.369.001	9.785.503	12.817.707	
Adjustments for:	-	-	-	-	
Taxes	8.719.850	11.518.216	3.311.213	7.273.328	
Depreciation of tangible assets	22.521.568	21.375.340	10.064.078	9.675.362	
Amortisation of intangible assets	1.166.158	1.234.336	207.712	219.657	
Impairment	655.841	3.391.803	-	3.364.303	
(Profit)/ loss from sale of tangible assets	-72.416	-205.275	-13.887	-55.559	
(Profit)/Loss from the sale of fixed assets in properties	-	-1.600	-	-1.600	
(Profits)/losses from the sale of investments (see below)	-	-3.690	-	-3.690	
(Profits)/losses from the fair value of derivatives	-362.302	-	-	-	
(Income) from interest	-956.823	-728.567	-374.296	-222.147	
Interest charges	31.528.204	22.598.847	13.752.067	11.268.244	
(Income) from dividends	-63.989	-134.424	-3.842.064	-1.783.939	
(Depreciation) of subsidies	-603.990	-627.139	-341.963	-283.842	
(Profits)/losses from affiliated companies	-1.126.272	-946.147	-	-	
Loss from the destruction of fixed assets	214.124	25.671	-	-	
Other	-585.309	-	-	-	
	85.624.830	97.866.371	32.548.361	42.267.823	
Changes in working capital					
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	-30.835.403	-93.957.393	12.025.839	-66.988.971	
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	12.565.856	-100.868.667	4.439.962	-52.693.828	
Increase/(decrease) in liabilities	-5.715.242	18.848.774	-13.664.853	9.841.800	
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	-2.189.464	15.890.829	-136.632	8.806.802	
Increase/(decrease) obligations due to retirement benefits	312.899	320.140	106.081	669.997	
	-25.861.354	-159.766.316	2.770.396	-100.364.201	
Net cash flows from operating activities	59.763.476	-61.899.945	35.318.757	-58.096.377	

29. Financial Risk Management

AMOUNTS IN EURO

(a) Credit Risk

The Financial assets subject to credit risk are as follows:

(Asset Values)

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Financial assets available for sale	1.211.181	1.219.045	974.346	952.501
Financial assets at fair value through results	8.231	8.231	-	-
Trade and other receivables	217.824.505	184.527.145	106.687.788	70.152.453
Cash on hand and equivalent cash accounts	41.597.499	29.261.016	24.068.894	19.057.305
Derivatives	2.137.240	8.055.652	872.619	5.613.924
Total	262.778.656	223.071.089	132.603.647	95.776.182

Trade receivables:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Current	178.635.674	152.041.245	96.379.886	61.434.024
Pastdue				
Until 6 months	33.210.832	21.314.760	6.509.475	1.685.676
Beyond 6 months	5.977.999	11.171.140	3.798.427	7.032.753
Total	217.824.505	184.527.145	106.687.788	70.152.453

The transactions from the impairment losses of trade and other receivables has as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Balance as of January 1	3.793.709	2.518.086	1.150.114	549.703
Losses of the fiscal year	-	1.433.677	-	600.411
Cancellation	-87.487	-27.185	-	-
Reversal	-463.434	-203.941	-	-
Foreign exchange differences	-34.388	73.073	-	-
Balance as of December 31	3.208.400	3.793.709	1.150.114	1.150.114

The account "trade and other receivables" includes claims from clients and affiliated companies.

(b) Liquidity Risk

GROUP

31 December 2007

Financial Liabilities	Value	<1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	> 5 years	Total
Bank lending	204.295.362	139.040.125	11.604.160	47.151.077	6.500.000	204.295.362
Bond loans	335.750.000	74.750.000	152.800.000	108.200.000	-	335.750.000
Open bank accounts	318.427	318.427	-	-	-	318.427
Liabilities from leasing activities	7.998	7.998	-	-	-	7.998
Suppliers and other liabilities	80.710.756	79.489.986	1.220.771	-	-	80.710.756
Others	210.157	125.690	-	-	84.467	210.157
	621.292.701	293.732.226	165.624.931	155.351.077	6.584.467	621.292.701

Derivatives (Analysis per category)	Value	<1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	> 5 years	Total
Nominal value of interest rate swaps	68.700.000	21.750.000	46.950.000	-	-	68.700.000
Nominal value of foreign exchange - Forwards (to USD)	41.950.924	41.950.924	-	-	-	41.950.924
Nominal value of foreign exchange - Forwards (to GBP)	31.480.423	30.980.204	500.219	-	-	31.480.423
Nominal value of copper derivatives	-4.420.072	-4.115.962	-304.110	-	-	-4.420.072
Nominal value of zinc derivatives	1.629.374	1.629.374	-	-	-	1.629.374
Nominal value of nickel derivatives	209.639	209.639	-	-	-	209.639
Nominal value of aluminium derivatives	803.437	1.406.059	-602.622	-	-	803.437

29. Financial Risk Management (contd)

AMOUNTS IN EURO

COMPANY

31 December 2007

Financial Liabilities	Value	<1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	> 5 years	Total
Long-term bank lending	5.932.327	-	-	5.932.327	-	5.932.327
Bond loans	240.750.000	54.750.000	124.050.000	61.950.000	-	240.750.000
Suppliers and other liabilities	26.553.429	26.553.429	-	-	-	26.553.429
	273.235.756	81.303.429	124.050.000	67.882.327	-	273.235.756

Derivatives (Analysis per category)

	Value	<1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	> 5 years	Total
Nominal value of interest rate swaps	53.200.000	13.500.000	39.700.000	-	-	53.200.000
Nominal value of foreign exchange - Forwards (to USD)	22.893.887	22.893.887	-	-	-	22.893.887
Nominal value of foreign exchange - Forwards (to GBP)	15.144.866	14.644.647	500.219	-	-	15.144.866
Nominal value of copper derivatives	-15.901.362	-15.901.362	-	-	-	-15.901.362
Nominal value of zinc derivatives	1.359.721	1.359.721	-	-	-	1.359.721
Nominal value of nickel derivatives	209.639	209.639	-	-	-	209.639

GROUP

31 December 2006

Financial Liabilities	Value	<1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	> 5 years	Total
Bank lending	204.818.550	145.922.867	20.692.383	33.723.186	4.480.114	204.818.550
Bond loans	297.500.000	45.000.000	83.750.000	168.750.000	-	297.500.000
Open bank accounts	393.056	393.056	-	-	-	393.056
Liabilities from leasing activities	7.465	7.465	-	-	-	7.465
Suppliers and other liabilities	84.369.801	84.369.801	-	-	-	84.369.801
Others	165.479	104.256	-	-	61.223	165.479
	587.254.351	275.797.445	104.442.383	202.473.186	4.541.337	587.254.351

Derivatives (Analysis per category)

	Value	<1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	> 5 years	Total
Nominal value of interest rate swaps	94.450.000	8.250.000	21.750.000	64.450.000	-	94.450.000
Nominal value of foreign exchange - Forwards (to USD)	35.927.076	35.927.076	-	-	-	35.927.076
Nominal value of foreign exchange - Forwards (to GBP)	21.877.874	21.877.874	-	-	-	21.877.874
Nominal value of copper derivatives	54.407.799	54.407.799	-	-	-	54.407.799
Nominal value of zinc derivatives	2.461.360	2.461.360	-	-	-	2.461.360
Nominal value of aluminium derivatives	-3.107.821	-3.107.821	-	-	-	-3.107.821

COMPANY

31 December 2006

Financial Liabilities	Value	<1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	> 5 years	Total
Long-term bank lending	20.997.959	10.211.789	8.236.235	2.549.935	-	20.997.959
Bond loans	220.000.000	32.500.000	61.250.000	126.250.000	-	220.000.000
Suppliers and other liabilities	37.941.570	37.941.570	-	-	-	37.941.570
	278.939.529	80.653.359	69.486.235	128.799.935	-	278.939.529

Derivatives (Analysis per category)

	Value	<1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	> 5 years	Total
Nominal value of interest rate swaps	70.700.000	-	13.500.000	57.200.000	-	70.700.000
Nominal value of foreign exchange - Forwards (to USD)	32.132.408	32.132.408	-	-	-	32.132.408
Nominal value of foreign exchange - Forwards (to GBP)	7.565.934	7.565.934	-	-	-	7.565.934
Nominal value of copper derivatives	48.369.123	48.369.123	-	-	-	48.369.123
Nominal value of zinc derivatives	2.461.360	2.461.360	-	-	-	2.461.360

29. Financial Risk Management (contd)

AMOUNTS IN EURO

(c) Foreign Exchange Risk

The risk from foreign exchange fluctuations is as follows:

GROUP	2007							
	EURO	USD	GBP	LEVA	RSD	RON	OTHER	TOTAL
Clients and other receivables	206.4675.106	8.001.178	44.313.554	10.156.427	2.219.141	12.130.930	660.159	284.156.495
Lending	-508.502.614	-5.194.982	-12.000.203	-121.297	-	-14.552.692	-	-540.371.787
Suppliers and other liabilities	-42.320.583	-5.871.399	-21.535.732	-2.801.184	-2.809.067	-5.258.398	-114.394	-80.710.756
Cash on hand and equivalent cash accounts	39.015.249	370.956	1.607.909	87.505	109.745	401.546	4.591	41.597.499
	-305.132.841	-2.694.249	12.385.529	7.321.451	-480.181	-7.278.614	550.356	-295.328.550
Derivatives (Nominal Value)	-656.768	-3.202.370	-28.630.413	-	-	-	-	-32.489.551
Total Risk	-305.789.609	-5.896.619	-16.244.884	7.321.451	-480.181	-7.278.614	550.356	-327.818.100

COMPANY	2007							
	EURO	USD	GBP	LEVA	RSD	RON	OTHER	TOTAL
Clients and other receivables	122.378.718	3.172.303	9.543.634	-	-	-	565.436	135.660.091
Lending	-246.369.226	-265.504	-47.596	-	-	-	-	-246.682.327
Suppliers and other liabilities	-25.822.167	-586.653	-149.711	-	-	-	5.103	-26.553.429
Cash on hand and equivalent cash accounts	23.834.510	232.693	1.691	-	-	-	-	24.068.894
	-125.978.166	-2.552.839	9.348.018	-	-	-	570.539	-113.506.771
Derivatives (Nominal Value)	-	-2.570.430	-15.144.866	-	-	-	-	-17.715.296
Total Risk	-125.978.166	-17.591	-5.796.849	-	-	-	570.539	-131.222.067

The risk from foreign exchange fluctuations is as follows:

GROUP	2006							
	EURO	USD	GBP	LEVA	RSD	RON	OTHER	TOTAL
Clients and other receivables	210.403.734	8.305.800	42.482.470	18.175.173	2.840.086	12.659.783	1.354.094	296.221.140
Lending	-484.408.203	-3.812.936	-14.208.560	-289.371	-	-	-	-502.719.070
Suppliers and other liabilities	-37.341.339	-13.652.899	-21.606.515	-1.444.282	-4.058.534	-6.131.950	-134.282	-84.369.801
Cash on hand and equivalent cash accounts	27.372.701	207.248	340.973	444.979	200.485	454.464	240.166	29.261.016
	-283.973.107	-8.952.788	7.008.368	16.886.500	-1.017.963	6.982.296	1.459.978	-261.606.716
Derivatives (Nominal Value)	1.697.140	-10.181.774	-21.877.874	-	-	-	-	-30.362.508
Total Risk	-282.275.967	-19.134.562	-14.869.505	16.886.500	-1.017.963	6.982.296	1.459.978	-291.969.224

COMPANY	2006							
	EURO	USD	GBP	LEVA	RSD	RON	OTHER	TOTAL
Clients and other receivables	129.595.022	2.398.643	7.057.672	-	-	-	1.050.230	140.101.567
Lending	-240.626.823	-155.458	-215.678	-	-	-	-	-240.997.959
Suppliers and other liabilities	-25.189.337	-12.678.296	-77.415	-	-	-	3.478	-37.941.570
Cash on hand and equivalent cash accounts	19.053.577	950	2.777	-	-	-	-	19.057.305
	-117.167.560	-10.434.161	6.767.357	-	-	-	1.053.707	-119.780.657
Derivatives (Nominal Value)	-	-3.005.062	7.565.934	-	-	-	-	-10.570.996
Total Risk	-117.167.560	-13.439.223	-798.577	-	-	-	1.053.707	-130.351.654

29. Financial Risk Management (contd)
AMOUNTS IN EURO

A 10% change in the exchange rates would affect results and shareholders equity as follows:

GROUP	P&L		Equity	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
USD	-655.180	-2.126.062	-	-
GBP	-516.358	-402.644	-1.288.629	-1.249.523
LEVA	-	-	813.495	1.876.278
RON	-	-	-53.353	-113.107
RSD	-	-	-808.735	775.811
Other	61.151	162.220	-	-
COMPANY	P&L		Equity	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
USD	-1.955	-1.493.247	-	-
GBP	-644.094	-88.731	-	-
Other	63.393	117.079	-	-

A 10% change in the exchange rates would affect results and shareholders equity as follows:

GROUP	P&L		Equity	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
USD	536.056	1.739.506	-	-
GBP	422.475	329.436	1.054.333	1.022.337
LEVA	-	-	-665.586	-1.535.136
RON	-	-	43.653	92.542
RSD	-	-	661.692	-634.754
Other	-50.032	-132.725	-	-
COMPANY	P&L		Equity	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
USD	1.599	1.221.748	-	-
GBP	526.986	72.598	-	-
Other	-51.867	-95.792	-	-

(d) Interest Rate Risk (continued)

The risk from interest rate fluctuations is:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Fixed rate				
Asset Account financial asstes	-	-	-	-
Laibilities Account Financial Assets	58.880.113	88.503.719	35.786.363	55.472.469
	58.880.113	88.503.719	35.786.363	55.472.469
Floating rate				
Asset Account financial asstes	-	-	-	-
Laibilities Account Financial Assets	481.491.674	414.215.352	210.895.964	185.525.490
	481.491.674	414.215.352	210.895.964	185.525.490

A 0.25% increase in interest rates, would affect results and shareholders equity as follows:

GROUP	P&L		Equity	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Floating rate	-1.464.147	-1.237.007	-	-
Interest rate swaps	147.200	221.259	133.106	74.156
COMPANY	P&L		Equity	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Floating rate	-662.948	-659.547	-	-
Interest rate swaps	89.466	138.681	90.486	70.188

30. Commitments**AMOUNTS IN EURO**

Contractual liabilities amounting Euro 6.3 million concern the commitments of subsidiary company SOFIA MED AD regarding the purchase of mechanical equipment. The Group leases fork-lift vehicles, pallet carriers and commercial vehicles. Rents vary in duration but no lease may exceed 5 years from the date the relative contract is concluded. During the year that ended on 31 December 2007 expenses in the amount of Euro 440,033 (2006: Euro 458,666) were recorded in the Company's Profit and Loss Statement.

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Up to 1 year	899.464	689.942	348.840	318.146
From 1-5 year	1.281.971	1.205.417	513.144	601.829
More than 5 year	32.500	-	-	-
	2.213.935	1.895.359	861.984	919.975
Total charge on results (on personnel expenses)	1.049.516	837.208	440.033	458.666

31. Contingencies**AMOUNTS IN EURO**

In a study conducted by the European Competitiveness Committee regarding European copper pipe producers, the Committee determined that the rules of competition in the copper irrigation pipe market were being violated. The European Committee imposed fines on seven companies, one of which was HALCOR S.A. HALCOR's fine amounted to 9.16 million Euros. Whereas the company deems that the fine's imposition was unjustified and unfair and that the amount imposed was considerably high, it has filed recourse against the Committee's decision before the Court of the European Communities. The company's Management, based on the opinion of its legal department with regard to the recourse's validity, deems that the final amount of the aforementioned fine (provided the legality of its imposition is confirmed judicially) will not exceed 5 million Euros, an amount that has burdened the results of fiscal year 2004 as a provision. On 31st December 2006 an additional provision of Euro 0,4 million and in 31 st December 2007 an additional provision of Euro 0.27 million concerning relative interests has been made. The Subsidiary SOFIA MED S.A has issued bank warranties in favor of third parties amounting to Euro 3.5 million. Additionally mortgages of a total amount of Euro 4.3 million have been filled in its fixed assets.

Mortgages of a total amount of Euro 2.7 have been filed against the real estate of HELLENIC CABLES S.A., ICME ECAB S.A in Romania.

The Group Contingent liabilities that appear as a result of the normal flow of operations are as follows:

Liabilities	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Guaranties for suppliers liabilities assurance	7.180.625	34.808.273	2.631.761	29.227.021
Contract Performance Guaranties	18.133.516	13.952.993	-	82.226
Provided mortgages and prenotation of mortgages – Land & Buildings	4.310.346	4.360.958	-	-
Other liabilities	11.453.707	9.160.000	9.160.000	9.160.000
Total	41.078.193	62.282.223	11.791.761	38.469.247

Receivables	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Guaranties for trade receivables assurance	1.499.315	3.036.194	-	-
Other Recevables	76.206	100.358	30.000	100.358
Total	1.575.521	3.136.552	30.000	100.358

The Company's tax liabilities and those of its subsidiaries for certain fiscal years, as these are noted in Note 34, have not been audited by the tax authorities, and as result they have not been finalized for these years.

32. Transactions with Affiliated Entities**AMOUNTS IN EURO**

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Sale of goods				
Subsidiaries	-	-	120.458.540	170.878.411
Other affiliated parties	121.437.279	104.787.968	71.035.544	59.502.386
	121.437.279	104.787.968	191.494.084	230.380.797
Sale of services				
Subsidiaries	-	-	4.669.844	3.036.854
Other affiliated parties	20.348.651	1.599.586	635.404	333.315
	20.348.651	1.599.586	5.305.248	3.370.169
Sale of fixed assets				
Subsidiaries	-	-	271.305	91.331
Other affiliated parties	60.139	1.855.945	22.400	1.849.128
	60.139	1.855.945	293.705	1.940.459

32. Transactions with Affiliated Entities (contd) AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Purchase of goods				
Subsidiaries	-	-	108.555.862	56.569.790
Other affiliated parties	104.507.936	29.140.556	30.093.791	26.055.169
	104.507.936	29.140.556	138.649.653	82.624.959
Purchase of services				
Subsidiaries	-	-	2.083.927	2.986.064
Other affiliated parties	10.902.806	3.618.143	1.270.428	2.128.174
	10.902.806	3.618.143	3.354.355	5.114.238
Purchase of fixed assets				
Subsidiaries	-	-	-	156.904
Other affiliated parties	3.717.159	855.396	1.838.276	204.900
	3.717.159	855.396	1.838.276	361.804
End-of-year balances fro sale-purchase of goods, services, fixed assets, etc.				
	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Receivables from affiliated parties :				
Subsidiaries	-	-	23.411.502	9.006.008
Other affiliated parties	25.354.073	18.701.029	10.952.479	8.909.438
	25.354.073	18.701.029	34.363.980	17.915.446
Liabilities to affiliated parties:				
Subsidiaries	-	-	2.219.005	968.492
Other affiliated parties	20.088.698	3.257.822	2.867.371	1.877.837
	20.088.698	3.257.822	5.086.377	2.846.329
Benefits to the Administration				
	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Management Remunerations at employee expenses	3.251.875	2.763.852	1.599.216	1.235.968
Management Remunerations Provisions	2.829.996	2.629.467	1.350.000	1.629.467
	6.081.871	5.393.319	2.949.216	2.865.435
Receivables from managers and BoD members	91.220	-	91.220	-

Services to and from affiliated entities, as well as sales and purchases of goods, are placed into effect pursuant to the pricelists that apply to non-affiliated entities. Affiliated entities are all the companies and physical entities with which there is direct connection (subsidiaries & related companies, joint ventures, associated companies, shareholders or management with executive duties) or indirect connection (companies that are under the control of shareholders, employees that exercise control or close relatives of them).

33. Profits per share AMOUNTS IN EURO

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Profits corresponding to the parent company's shareholders	20.021.567	35.954.841	9.785.503	12.817.707
Weighted average numbers of shares	101.279.627	99.992.026	101.279.627	99.992.026
Basic profits per share	0,198	0,360	0,097	0,128
	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Profits corresponding to the parent company's shareholders	20.021.567	35.954.841	9.785.503	12.817.707
Weighted average numbers of shares	101.279.627	99.992.026	101.279.627	99.992.026
Adjustments for rights per share	303.416	10.793	303.416	10.793
Total weighted average numbers of shares for minimum rights per share	<u>101.583.043</u>	<u>100.002.819</u>	<u>101.583.043</u>	<u>100.002.819</u>
Deluted profits per share	<u>0,197</u>	<u>0,360</u>	<u>0,096</u>	<u>0,128</u>

34. Un-audited Fiscal Years

AMOUNTS IN EURO

The table below presents the un-audited fiscal years of the companies that are consolidated by HALCOR either with the integrated consolidation method or net worth method.

Company name:	Country	Percentage holding	Consolidation method	Unaudited Fin. Years
HALCOR S.A.	GREECE	PARENT	-	2005 - 2007
HELLENIC CABLES S.A.	GREECE	78,71%	Full consolidation	2007
STEELMET S.A.	GREECE	52,83%	Full consolidation	2007
AKRO S.A.	GREECE	95,74%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2007
E.VI.TE.S. A.	GREECE	100,00%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2007
SOPIA MED S.A.	BULGARIA	100,00%	Full consolidation	2005 - 2007
METAL AGENCIES L.T.D.	UK	92,98%	Full consolidation	2007
BELANTEL HOLDINGS L.T.D.	CYPRUS	100,00%	Full consolidation	1999 - 2007
METAL GLOBE D.O.O.	SERBIA	53,61%	Full consolidation	2002 - 2007
COPPERPROM LTD	GREECE	71,49%	Full consolidation	2003 - 2007
SYLLAN S. A.	GREECE	100,00%	Full consolidation	2005 - 2007
OGWELL LIMITED	CYPRUS	100,00%	Full consolidation	2005 - 2007
HABAKIS LTD - LICENSE & DISTRIBUTION	GREECE	100,00%	Full consolidation	2005 - 2007
DIAPEM TRADING S.A.	GREECE	33,33%	Equity method	2003 - 2007
ELKEME S.A.	GREECE	30,90%	Equity method	2003 - 2007
S.C. STEELMET ROMANIA S.A.	ROMANIA	40,00%	Equity method	2002 - 2007
TEPRO METALL A.G.	GERMANY	43,53%	Equity method	2001 - 2007
ENERGY SOLUTIONS S.A.	BULGARIA	38,60%	Equity method	2005 - 2007
VIEXAL LTD	GREECE	26,67%	Equity method	2003 - 2007

A tax audit is being conducted for the period 2005-2006 which is expected to be completed in 2008.

According to management judgment the Group has made adequate provisions for tax differences that may arise for the companies HALCOR S.A., and HELLENIC CABLES S.A. For the rest companies of the group no provisions have been made as it is perceived that the differences that may occur will be not significant.

36. Events After the Balance Sheet date

AMOUNTS IN EURO

Halcor S.A., pursuant to its strategic development plan to expand operations into new more profitable markets, signed an agreement for the acquisition of 50.1% of the Turkish company Segal Bakir SA, which is active in the production and distribution of copper tubes and bus bars. The acquisition is pending the approval of the Turkish authorities and in specific of the Turkish Competition Board.

Segal Bakir S.A., is located in Istanbul and currently operates a manufacturing plant of 5,000 tons capacity in Izmit, where it produces mainly bus bars and copper tubes for industrial use (i.e. fridges, air conditioning). The distribution of the Company's products is been done through an extensive sales network that the company has developed.

The acquisition will be realized via a rights issue and subsequent share capital increase of Segal Bakir S.A., and the acquisition price is estimated not to exceed Euro 1 million, which will be financed from Halcor's cash deposits.

The main purpose of the acquisition is to introduce HALCOR into the large Turkish market and in essence into the Near and Far East markets where the group has spotted substantial growth opportunities.

The expected benefits for Halcor from the upcoming acquisition are multiple both at the commercial as well as the operating level. In more detail, after acquiring control of Segal Bakir S.A., Halcor will set the grounds for expanding further its operations in the neighboring country, enhancing this way its clientele base across the border. Moreover, on the corporate side, Segal Bakir's acquisition is expected to have a positive impact as well, as the development of the Segal Bakir operations through new investments and know-how transfer will act as a model for the expansion of the group's operations in the Near and Far Eastern area.

Independent Auditors' Report
(Translated from the original in Greek)
To the Shareholders of
HALCOR METAL WORKS S.A.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying stand-alone and consolidated Financial Statements (the "Financial Statements") of HALCOR METAL WORKS S.A. (the "Company") which comprise the stand-alone and consolidated balance sheet as on 31 December 2007, and the stand-alone and consolidated income statements, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and the fair presentation of these Financial Statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the European Union. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Greek Auditing Standards, which are harmonized with International Standards on Audit-

ing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying Financial Statements give a true and fair view, of the stand-alone and consolidated financial position of the Company as of 31 December 2007, and of its stand-alone and consolidated financial performance and its stand-

alone and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the European Union.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

The Board of Director's report is consistent with the accompanying Financial Statements.

Athens, 29 February 2008
KPMG Certified Auditors AE

Michael Kokkinos, Certified Auditor
AM SOEL 12701

INVESTOR RELATIONS

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